COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE (March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2023)

# RG-1 COMPRISING OF SOLAR PROJECTS OF 930 MW





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#### Executive Summary

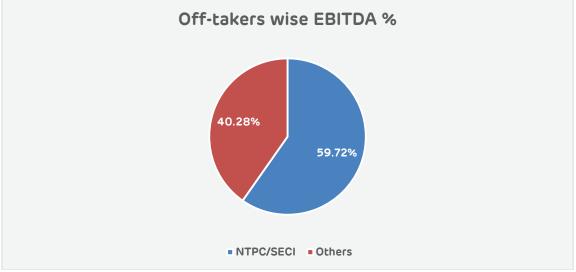
#### Adani Green Energy Obligor Group (RG 1)

420 MW of Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited (PSEPL), 220 MW of Prayatna Developers Private Limited (PDPL) and 290 MW of Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited (AGEUPL) formed an obligor group of 930 MW i.e. RG 1.

**International Ratings**: RG 1 has been rated of BB+ by Fitch, Ba2 by Moody's and BB- by S&P.

**Domestic Ratings**: RG 1 has been reaffirmed rating of AA by CRISIL and AA by India Ratings.

# <u>Off-takers wise EBITDA (%) (TTM 31st March 2023)</u>



#### **Recent Developments of AGEL**

#### 1. Operational Capacity increases by 49% YoY to 8,086 MW:

- 2140 MW solar wind Hybrid plants in Rajasthan, India's first and World's largest
- 325 MW wind power plant, the largest in Madhya Pradesh
- 212 MW solar power plants in Rajasthan

# 2. International Holding Company has invested USD 500 MN in AGEL

Abu Dhabi based International Holding Company PJSC (IHC), through its subsidiary, invested ~ USD 500 mn as primary capital in AGEL. This will be a long-term investment in India as the country is driving much innovation globally, including the green energy sector, and AGEL will play a significant role in unleashing India's total green energy potential, hence, being value accretive to IHC. This will help AGEL deleverage the balance sheet, strengthen the credit rating profile thereby helping reduce the cost of capital and support future growth.



# 3. Revision in Energy Yield Assessment for RG1 Portfolio

In last three years, the company has not achieved P-90 level of generation compared to Energy Yield Assessment done at the time of financing which is mainly due to shortfall in radiation but the EBITDA has always been above the projected level. However, on prudent basis the company has done the revised Energy Yield Assessment considering radiation factor for last three years, it is to be noted that considering revised CUF number, there would be no impact on debt sizing. International Rating Agency have assessed the same

# 4. ESG updates:

- AGEL's entire operating capacity is now 'Water Positive' (for plants with > 200 MW capacity), 'Single Use Plastic Free' and 'Zero Waste to Landfill' certified.
- Won the prestigious 'Platinum' Environment Award at Grow Care India Environment Management Awards 2022
- CSR Hub rating (Consensus ESG rating) at 97 percentile, consistent ranking above Alternative Energy global industry average
- Sustainalytics ESG Risk rating of 'Low Risk' with a score of 15.3, significantly better than global Utilities sector average of 32.9
- DJSI S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment score of 61/ 100 , significantly better than average World Electric Utility score of 32/ 100
- MSCI ESG rating of 'A'

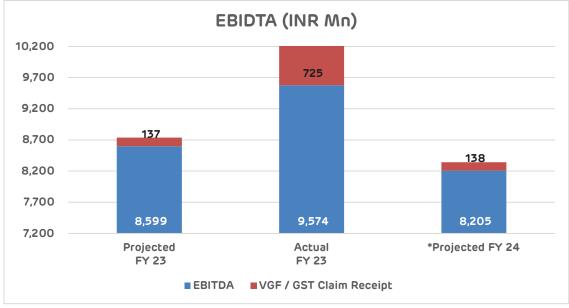
# 5. Regulatory Updates

- Favorable Tariff Order from APTEL (AGEUPL Jhansi 50 MW), Revenue of Rs 63 Cr has been recognized in books as per revised tariff. Post favorable order from APTEL, SC admitted the appeal by UPPCL. SC directed discom to make Tariff difference payment along with LPS of Rs. 82 Cr. in 4 installments (Out of which 3 installments received till date). However, future payments to be made at Rs. 5.07/kWh subject to outcome of appeal.
- Supreme Court upheld the favorable order from APTEL for 288 MW solar plants at Kamuthi, Tamil Nadu that has resulted in one-time revenue upside of Rs 748 Cr (including late payment surcharge) and recurring positive annual impact of ~ Rs 90 Cr



# Financial performance

# **EBIDTA Projected vs Actual**

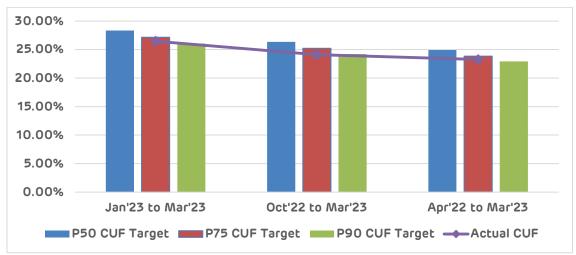


\*Projected EBITDA numbers are taken from financial model.



# Operational performance

The summary of operational performance of RG 1 entities on aggregate basis is as follows:



\*CUF targets as per revised EYA

- FY23 performance has been above P90 level as compared to projection.
- Plant availability of RG-1 portfolio has been maintained at ~ 99%.

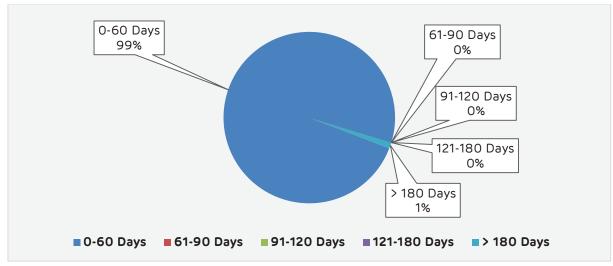
#### Covenant

RG-I on aggregate basis has achieved following ratios:

Summary of the Covenant (Trailing 12 Months)							
Particulars	Stipulated	Sep-20	Mar-21	Sep-21	Mar-22	Sep-22	Mar-23
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) (Refer Annexure: 1)	1.55*	2.05	1.88	1.84	1.83	1.76	1.81
FFO / Net Debt (Refer Annexure: 2)	6%	9.71%	13.32%	14.97%	10.68%	8.13%	12.35%
Project Life Cover Ratio (PLCR) (Refer Annexure: 3)	1.6	1.78	1.81	1.83	1.82	1.71	1.71
EBIDTA from Sovereign Equivalent Counterparty (Refer Annexure: 5)	55%	65.90%	62.21%	60.82%	63.62%	61.45%	59.72%

\*for maximum distribution level





PPA Customers undisputed Receivable position 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 (INR 2,396 Mn)

In RG-1 portfolio, all the off-takers i.e SECI, NTPC, UPPCL, PSPCL and major Karnataka Discoms are generally making the payments of the monthly invoices within due date.

HESCOM and BESCOM has acknowledged the pending overdue receivable of Rs 368 Mn as per PPA as well Late payment surcharge Rs 133 Mn under LPS Rules, 2022 as notified on 03-June-2022 in instalments. So far 8 instalments have been received on time till 31<sup>st</sup> Mar 23. Hence, the balance receivables of Rs 230 Mn as per PPA are considered under "Not Due" Category.



# Information on Compliance Certificate and Its Workings

Dated: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2023

To:

IDBI TRUSTEESHIP SERVICES LIMITED (the "Security Trustee") CITICORP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (the "Note Trustee") Note Holders for U.S. \$ 500,000,000 Senior Secured Notes Due 2024

From:

ADANI GREEN ENERGY (UP) LIMITED PARAMPUJYA SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED PRAYATNA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Dear Sirs,

# Prayatna Developers Private Limited, Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited and Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited (together as "Issuers") – Note Trust Deed dated 10 June, 2019 (the "Note Trust Deed")

We refer to the Note Trust Deed. This is a Compliance Certificate given in respect of the Calculation Date occurring on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023. Terms used in the Note Trust Deed shall have the same meaning in this Compliance Certificate.

The Certificate is based on the following documents:

- Restricted Group's Aggregated Accounts for 12 months period ended on March 31, 2023.
- 2. The Cash Flow Waterfall Mechanism as detailed in the Note Trust Deed
- 3. Working annexures



# Computation of Operating Account Waterfall as per Note Trust Deed

We hereby make the Operating Account Waterfall and distributable amount Calculation.

Operating Account Waterfall calculation	INR Mn	INR Mn
Particulars	Apr 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2023	Apr 1, 2021 to Mar 31, 2022
Opening cash balance (A)	166	271
Operating EBITDA (B) (Refer Annexure)	10,299	9,982
Working Capital Loan Drawl/ (Repayment) (C )	(1,000)	-
Working capital & Other Movements (D)	107	(1,536)
Capital Expenditure (E)	(562)	(230)
Cash Flow Available for Debt Servicing and Reserves (F=A+B+C+D+E)	9,010	8,486
Debt Servicing and other Reserves		
Interest Service (Refer Annexure)	(5,082)	(5,092)
Debt Service (Repayment)	(700)	(500)
Investments in Debt Service Reserve Account	(163)	(62)
Investment In Senior Debt Restricted Amortization Account	(234)	(250)
Total Debt Servicing and other Reserves (G)	(6,178)	(5,904)
Cash Available post Debt Servicing and Reserves (H = F+G)	2,832	2,582
Funds distributed during period (I)	(745)	(1,924)
Cash Available for transfer to Distribution Account (J)	2,087	658
Funds earmarked for prudent liquidity		
Funds earmarked for Capital Expenditure Payments	(100)	(100)
Funds earmarked for O&M expenses (equivalent to 1 month period)	(73)	(66)
Total Funds Earmarked (K)	(173)	(166)
Net Cash Available for transfer to Distribution Account $(L = J+K)$	1,914	492

We confirm that:

- (a) in accordance with the workings set out in the attached Annexure 1, the Debt Service Cover Ratio for the Calculation Period ended on the relevant Calculation Date was 1.81:1.
- (b) copies of the Restricted Group's Aggregated Accounts in respect of the Calculation Period is attached.
- (c) as at the Calculation Date, the aggregate amount for transfer to our Distributions Account in accordance with the Operating Account Waterfall is **Rs 2,087 Mn**.
- (d) acting prudently the cash balance which can be distributed as permitted under the relevant Transaction Documents is **Rs 1,914 Mn**.
- (e) to the best of our knowledge having made due enquiry, no Default subsists.

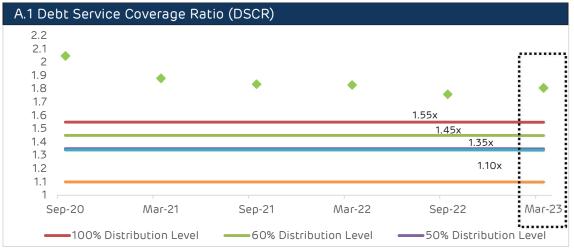


# Summary of the Covenant

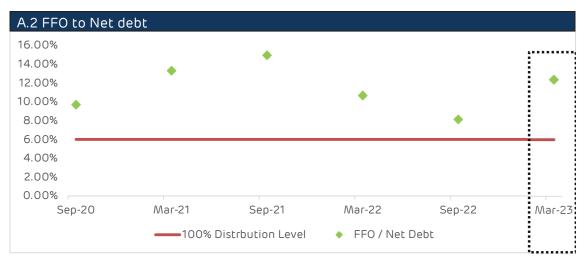
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EBIDTA from Sovereign Equivalent Counterparty (Refer Annexure: 5)	55%	65.90%	62.21%	60.82%	63.62%	61.45%	59.72%

\*for maximum distribution level

# A. Financial Matrix



# Note: The Actual DSCR of 1.81x is for 12 months ended on March 31, 2023



Note: The Actual FFO/Net Debt of 12.35% is for 12 months ended on March 31, 2023





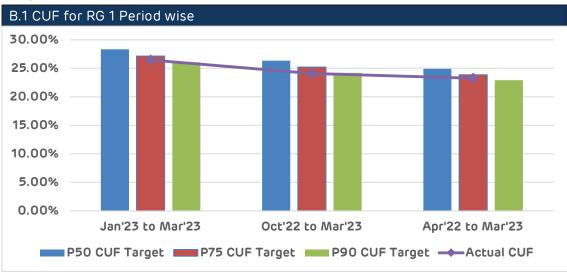
Note: The Actual PLCR of 1.71x is the Debt Sizing Cover from NPV of Future EBIDTA of PPA as on March 31, 2023.



Note: The Actual EBIDTA from Sovereign Equivalent Counterparty is 59.72% during 12 months period ended on March 31, 2023.



# B. Operational Performance (CUF)



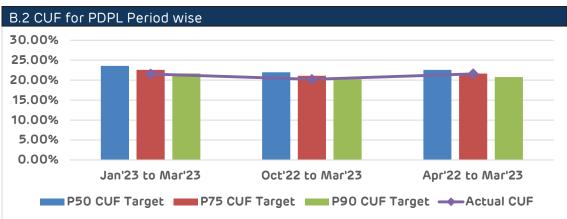
\*CUF targets as per revised EYA

- FY23 performance has been above P90 as compared to projection.
- Plant availability of RG-1 portfolio has been maintained at ~ 99%.

Particulars	Jan'23 to Mar'23	Oct'22 to Mar'23	Apr'22 to Mar'23
P50 Target MU	569	1070	2030
P75 Target MU	545	1025	1944
P90 Target MU	524	984	1867
Actual Generation MU	531	978	1895
Average Operational Capacity (MW)	930	930	930

The Generation in terms of Million Units ("MU") is presented as below:

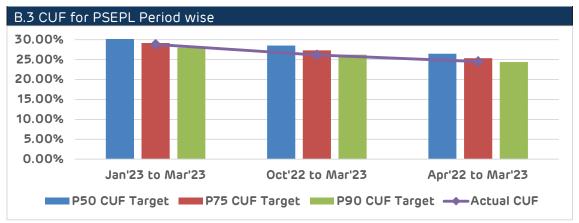




\*CUF targets as per revised EYA

The Generation in terms of Million Units is presented as below:

Particulars	Jan'23 to Mar'23	Oct'22 to Mar'23	Apr'22 to Mar'23
P50 Target MU	112	211	435
P75 Target MU	107	202	417
P90 Target MU	103	194	400
Actual Generation MU	102	194	416
Average Operational			
Capacity (MW)	220	220	220

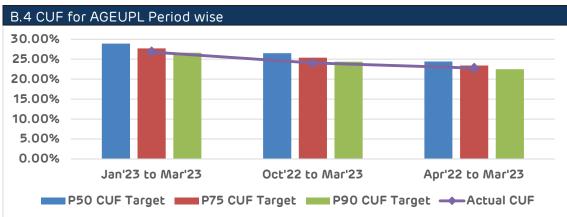


\*CUF targets as per revised EYA

The Generation in terms of Million Units is presented as below:

Particulars	Jan'23 to Mar'23	Oct'22 to Mar'23	Apr'22 to Mar'23
P50 Target MU	276	523	974
P75 Target MU	264	501	933
P90 Target MU	254	481	896
Actual Generation MU	261	480	901
Average Operational Capacity (MW)	420	420	420





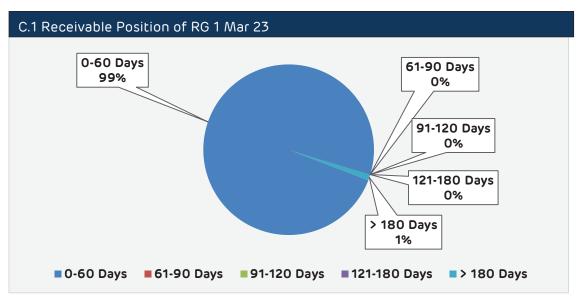
\*CUF targets as per revised EYA

The Generation in terms of Million Units is presented as below:

Particulars	Jan'23 to Mar'23	Oct'22 to Mar'23	Apr'22 to Mar'23
P50 Target MU	181	336	621
P75 Target MU	174	322	595
P90 Target MU	167	309	571
Actual Generation MU	168	305	578
Average Operational Capacity (MW)	290	290	290



# C. PPA Customers undisputed Receivable position 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 (INR 2,396 Mn)



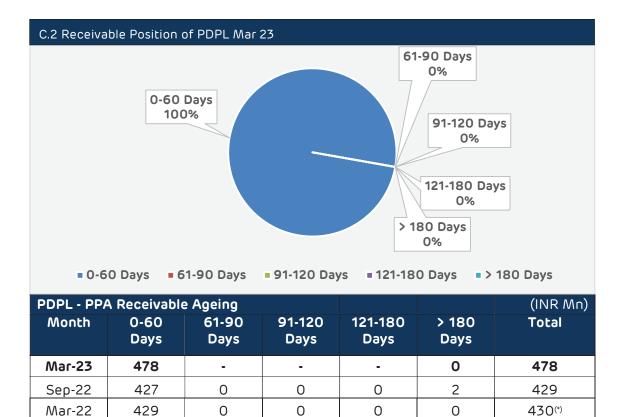
RG 1 - PPA	Receivable	Ageing				(INR Mn)
Month	0-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121-180 Days	> 180 Days	Total
Mar-23	2369	0	0	0	27	2396
Sep-22	1442	35	119	74	308	1977
Mar-22	1974	29	29	59	288	2379(*)

(\*) excluding disputed receivable of INR 267 Mn

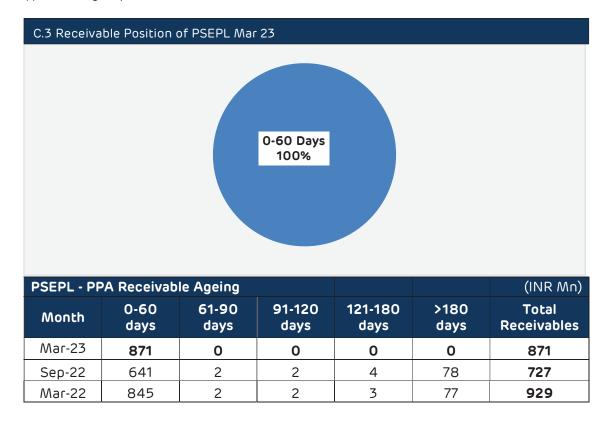
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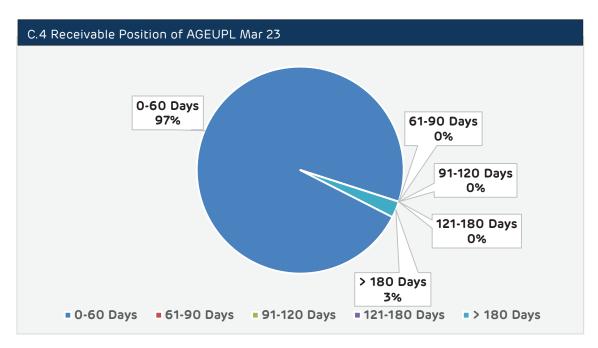




(\*) Excluding disputed receivable of INR 267 Mn







AGEUPL - P	PPA Receiva	ble Ageing				(INR Mn)
Month	0-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	121-180 days	>180 days	Total Receivables
Mar-23	1021	0	0	0	27	1048
Sep-22	373	33	117	70	229	821
Mar-22	699	27	28	56	211	1020

Signed:

For Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

(CIN: U40106GJ2015PLC083925)

RAJIV DHIRAJLAL Digitally signed by RAIV CHIBALAL MEHTA Digitally signed by RAIV CHIBALAL Digitally signed by RAIV CHIBALAL MCHANALE SHAH SHAH Other 2023 05 27 18:823 + 05:97 SHAH

Director / Authorized Signatory

For Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

(CIN: U70101GJ2015PTC083632)

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#### Director / Authorized Signatory

For Prayatna Developers Private Limited

(CIN: U70101GJ2015PTC083634)

Director / Authorized Signatory



Encl:

- 1) Legal Form Compliance Certificate (Appendix 1)
- 2) Covenant Calculations
- 3) Directors Certificate (Appendix 2)
- 4) Restricted Group's Aggregated Accounts for 12 months period ended on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2023.
- 5) Other Security Certificates



Appendix - 1

#### Form of Compliance Certificate

Citicorp International Limited (the "Note Trustee")

39th Floor, Champion Tower Three Garden Road, Central Hong Kong Fax no.: +852 2323 0279 Attention: Agency & Trust

27<sup>th</sup> May, 2023

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen

# PRAYATNA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED, PARAMPUJYA SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED and ADANI GREEN ENERGY (UP) LIMITED (incorporated in the Republic of India with limited liability) U.S.\$500,000,000 6.250 per cent. Senior Secured Notes due 2024

In accordance with Clause 7.6 of the note trust deed dated 10 June 2019 (as amended and/or supplemented from time to time, the "**Note Trust Deed**") made between (1) Prayatna Developers Private Limited, Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited and Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited (the "**Issuers**") and (2) the Note Trustee, we hereby certify and, in the case of paragraphs (h) and (i) below, confirm, on behalf of the Issuers, that:

(a) as at the Calculation Date, the aggregate amount for transfer to the Distribution Account in accordance with the Operating Accounts Waterfall and the Distribution Conditions is U.S.\$;

#### INR 1914 Mn USD 23.3 Mn

(b) in accordance with the workings set out in the attached Annexure 1, the Debt Service Cover Ratio for the Calculation Period ending on the relevant Calculation Date was

#### 1.81x :1

(c) in accordance with the workings set out in the attached Annexure 2, the Fund From Operations to Net Debt Ratio for the Calculation Period ending on the relevant Calculation Date was

#### 12.35%

(d) in accordance with the workings set out in the attached Annexure 3, the Project Life Cover Ratio for the Calculation Period ending on the relevant Calculation Date was;

1.71x :1



(e) as at the Calculation Date, the cash balance in each of the Project Accounts is as follows:

Account Name	Cash balance (INR Mn)
PSEPL	644
PDPL	190
AGEUPL	1,253
Total cash balance	2,088

(f) the amount of Capital Expenditure undertaken or forecast to be undertaken by the Obligor in the six-month period commencing on the relevant Calculation Date is;

Oct 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2023	INR 394 Mn
Apr 1, 2023 to Sept 30, 2023	INR 100 Mn

(g) the Issuers' EBITDA (on an aggregate basis) attributable to Sovereign Counterparties for the Calculation Period ending on the relevant Calculation Date is 0.60 x :1

(h) we are acting prudently and the cash balance can be distributed as permitted under the relevant Transaction Documents;

(i) any maintenance as required under the CUF report has been completed; and

(j) to the best of our knowledge having made due enquiry, no Default subsists.

The details of all Authorised Investments in respect of each Project Account as at date of this Certificate are set in **Annexure 4**.

Terms not defined herein shall have the same meanings as provided in the Note Trust Deed and the Conditions.



### Yours faithfully

Digitally signed by RAJIV DHIRAJLAL MEHTA Date: 2023.05.27 19:00:21 +05'30' RAJIV DHIRAJLAL By: мента 🥖 .....

ANKIT Digitally signed by ANKIT MOHANLAL MOHANLA SHAH Date: 2023.05.27 Di9:08:37 +05'30'

Director / Authorized Signatory Prayatna Developers Private Limited

By:	RAJIV DHIRAJLA L MEHTA	Digitally signed by RAJIV DHIRAJLAL MEHTA Date: 2023.05.27 19:00:48 +05'30'	DIPAK LAKHANL AL GUPTA	Digitally signed by DIPAK LAKHANLAL GUPTA Date: 2023.05.27 19:09:01 +05'30'

Director / Authorized Signatory Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited



Director / Authorized Signatory Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited



Annexure 1
Workings for calculation of Debt Service Cover Ratio
Particulars

Amount in INR Mn Apr 22 – Mar 23 1.81

"**Debt Service Cover Ratio**" means, in relation to a Calculation Period ending on the relevant Calculation Date,

i) "Cashflow Available for Debt Service" means, in respect of any period, the aggregate amount of CFADS Operating Revenue for that period (which, for the avoidance of doubt, includes interest revenue accrued by the Issuers on all Project Accounts (including the Distribution Accounts, to the extent any such interest is transferred to an Operating Account) to the extent not already included in CFADS Operating Revenue), less:

(a) Operating Expenses paid in that period, other than any other
(B77) Operating Expenses (including any Costs or fees payable in connection with the Existing Indebtedness, the Senior Secured Documents or any Additional Senior Debt or Additional Subordinated Debt and any Costs or break fees payable as a consequence of the repayment or prepayment of the Existing Indebtedness or any Hedge Termination Payments in respect of the Existing Indebtedness), in each case, funded by Permitted Finance Debt, equity contributions or shareholder loans or amounts withdrawn from a Project Account in accordance with these Conditions or the Project Accounts Deed;

(b) Taxes paid by the Issuers in that period; and

(c) amounts paid to the Security Trustee, each Representative under the Senior Secured Documents and any third party paying, transfer, or listing agents or registrars in relation to the Senior Debt,

in each case for (b) and (c) of this definition, without double 166 counting. For any Calculation Period commencing on the Closing Date, Cashflow Available for Debt Service will include any excess cash in the Operating Account on the Closing Date.

"CFADS Operating Revenue" means Operating Revenue excluding 11,177 (without double counting):

Total Operating Revenue 11,605

(a) non-recurring significant items (including, but not limited to, profits and losses on disposal of assets outside the ordinary course of business);



(b) extraordinary items (including but not limited to profits or losses on termination of any Secured Hedging Agreement);

(c) net payments received under any Secured Hedging Agreements;

(d) any other non-cash items (including but not limited to property revaluations);

(e) insurance proceeds, other than business interruption insurance proceeds or advance consequential loss of profit insurance proceeds or any proceeds applied towards reimbursement for repairs or reinstatement of an asset where the cost of the relevant repair or reinstatement is an Operating Expense;

(f) proceeds of any Finance Debt or equity; and

(g) any compensation, warranty claim or indemnity payment received under a Material Document, other than any amounts calculated with respect to or provided in lieu of revenue or where the cost, liability or loss being compensated for or the subject of the relevant warranty or indemnity is an Operating Expense.

ii) the sum of scheduled principal repayment (to the extent not refinanced, prepaid or repaid, and/or marked for refinancing) adjusting, if applicable, any opening cash carried forward from the previous Calculation Period in the Operating Account, interest payments to Senior Creditors and payments of any Costs (of recurring nature) to Senior Creditors in relation to Senior Debt due or accrued during that period, without considering any Initial Termination Payment and where such Senior Debt is denominated in a currency other than INR the relevant amounts shall be calculated at the rate at which such Senior Debt is hedged under any Hedging Agreement.

(a) Scheduled principal repayment	700
(b) Finance Cost (less interest towards related party loan charged to P&L)	5,082



# workings for the Fund From Operations to Net Debt Ratio

Fund From Operations to Net Debt Ratio	(Amounts in INR Mn) Apr 22- Mar 23 12.35%
"Funds From Operations" means EBITDA minus cash taxes paid and adjusted for any positive or negative adjustments in working capital minus cash net interest.	
(a) EBIDTA	10,299
(b) Less Tax Paid	0 358
(c) Less Working Capital Negative Movement (d) Cash Interest Paid	5,082
" <b>Net Debt</b> " means the total indebtedness of the Issuer less any amounts held in the Senior Debt Restricted Amortization Account, the Senior Debt Service Reserve Accounts, the Senior Debt Restricted Reserve Accounts, the Subordinated Debt Service Reserve Accounts and the Senior Debt Redemption Accounts.	
(a) Senior Secured Debt	45,461
(b) Cash Balance (In Various Reserve Accounts)	3,230
(c) DSRA Balance	2,900



# (Amounts in INR Mn) As on Mar 31 2023 aggregate 1.71

"**Project Life Cover Ratio**" means the EBITDA forecast (on an aggregate basis) for the life of the PPAs and any residual value of assets (including cash or cash equivalents) at the end of a relevant PPA period at period N present valued at the weighted average lifecycle cost of Senior Debt outstanding on the Relevant Calculation Date divided by the Senior Debt. The EBITDA forecast for the purpose of the Project Life Cover Ratio will be based on P-90 CUF as forecast in the most recent Relevant Independent Consultant Report.

 $\Sigma(1 \text{ to n})$  EBITDA discounted at the estimated lifecycle cost of debt (over 1 to n) divided by Senior Debt outstanding at the Calculation Date.

1 to N being the remaining life of the PPAs in number of years.

For the purposes of this definition, "**Relevant Calculation Date**" means, in respect of a Transaction Date, the immediately preceding Calculation Date and in respect of a Calculation Date, such Calculation Date.

Facility	Amount (INR Mn)	Interest rate
INR Loan 1	3,199	10.50%
INR Loan 2	5,598	7.83%
ECB Notes	34,500	11.09%
Weighted Average Cos	10.62%	

Workings for the Project Life Cover Ratio

Year	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FY	Mar-24	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-27	Mar-28	Mar-29	Mar-30	Mar-31
Residual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Value								
EBIDTA @								
P90 Level	8,343	8,398	7,966	7,930	7,862	7,822	7,769	7,734
EBDITA +								
RV	8,343	8,398	7,966	7,930	7,862	7,822	7,769	7,734
Cost of								
Debt	10.62%	9.93%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%



Year	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
FY	Mar-32	Mar-33	Mar-34	Mar-35	Mar-36	Mar-37	Mar-38	Mar-39
Residual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Value								-
EBIDTA @								
P90 Level	7,729	7,736	7,749	7,774	7,768	7,423	7,282	6,444
EBDITA + RV	7,729	7,736	7,749	7,774	7,768	7,423	7,282	6,444
Cost of Debt	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%

Year	21	22	23	24
FY	Mar-40	Mar-41	Mar-42	Mar-43
Residual				
Value	-	-	-	23,998
EBIDTA @ P90				
Level	6,353	6,215	6,062	5,722
EBDITA + RV				
	6,353	6,215	6,062	29,720
Cost of Debt	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%	9.23%

NPV Factor (life cycle cost of Debt)	9.34%
NPV of EBIDTA	72,813
Senior Debt O/s	45,461
DSRA	2,900
Debt for PLCR	42,561



# Details of Authorized Investments as per Project Account Deed

	Balances as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2023			INR Mn.
S. No.	Name of Project Account	Balances	Investments	Total
1	AGEUPL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE RESERVE ACCOUNT	0	53	53
2	AGEUPL MARGIN FD		12	12
3	AGEUPL OPERATING ACCOUNT	2	1,197	1,199
4	AGEUPL SENIOR DEBT RESTRICTED AMORTISATION ACCOUNT	0	309	309
5	AGEUPL SENIOR DEBT SERVICE RESERVE ACCOUNT	0	929	929
6	AGEUPL CURRENT-OTHER BANK	1		1
7	AGEUPL SENIOR DEBT SERVICE RESERVE ACCOUNT- Hedge Inflow		282	282
8	PDPL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE RESERVE ACCOUNT	0	53	53
9	PDPL MARGIN FD		27	27
10	PDPL OPERATING ACCOUNT	8	129	137
11	PDPL SENIOR DEBT RESTRICTED AMORTISATION ACCOUNT	0	246	246
12	PDPL SENIOR DEBT SERVICE RESERVE ACCOUNT	0	521	521
	PDPL CURRENT-OTHER BANK	0		0
13	PDPL SENIOR DEBT SERVICE RESERVE ACCOUNT - Hedge Inflow		328	328
14	PSEPL MARGIN FD		100	100
15	PSEPL OPERATING ACCOUNT	9	636	644
16	PSEPL SENIOR DEBT RESTRICTED AMORTISATION ACCOUNT	0	449	450
17	PSEPL SENIOR DEBT SERVICE RESERVE ACCOUNT	0	1,450	1,450
18	PSEPL SENIOR DEBT SERVICE RESERVE ACCOUNT - Hedge Inflow		867	867
	Total Fund Balance	20	7,587	7,607



# Working for Pool Protection Event

	(Amount in	•
	Apr 2	2- Mar 23
"Pool Protection Event" occurs if, with respect to the Calculation Date immediately preceding any Transaction Date, (i) the percentage of the Issuers' EBITDA (on an aggregate basis) for the Calculation Period ending on such Calculation Date attributable to PPAs with Sovereign Counterparties is less than 55 per cent. of the Issuers' EBITDA (as set out in the relevant Aggregated Accounts)	6,151	59.72%
or (ii) the amount equal to the Aggregate CFADS attributable to PPAs with Sovereign Counterparties is less than the sum, with respect to the then-outstanding Senior Debt, of:	6,151	1.04
(a) 100% of the amount of interest accrued but unpaid thereon, and	5,082	
(b) 75% of the principal amount thereof, amortized (in the case of principal only) on an equal semi-annual installment basis over the Remaining Life of the PPAs;	852	
<i>provided</i> , that such Senior Debt outstanding shall be calculated on a pro forma basis for the additional Finance Debt so incurred as if such Finance Debt had been incurred on the first day of the immediately preceding Calculation Period.		



# Working Notes (Trailing 12 months ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023)

Particulars (INR Mn.)	Mar-23	FS Notes / Remarks
Total Operating Revenues		
Revenue from Operations	9,040	Schedule 26 of FS
Other Income	1,934	Schedule 27 of FS
Add: VGF / GST Claim Received	725	Actual receipt
Less: VGF / GST Claim amortisation	(94)	Schedule 26 of FS
	11,605	

Particulars (INR Mn.)	Mar-23	FS Notes / Remarks
Operating Expense		
Purchase of traded goods	14	From P&L
Other Expenses	3,243	Schedule 29 of FS
Less: Foreign Exchange Fluctuation and derivative (gain) / loss from Non Financing Activities (Regrouped to Finance Cost)	(2,379)	Schedule 29 of FS
	877	

Particulars (INR Mn.)	Mar-23	FS Notes / Remarks
Non-Recurring Items		
Net gain on sale/ fair valuation of investments through profit and loss (refer note (ii) below)	37	Schedule 27 of FS
Sale of Scrap	1	
Miscellaneous Income	167	
Non Recurring Significant Items	223	Management Working
	428	

Particulars (INR Mn)	Mar-23	FS Notes
Finance Costs (attributable to the senior secured lenders)		
Interest & Other Borrowing Cost <b>(A)</b>	5,922	Schedule 28 of FS
Hedging Cost:		
Loss/ (Gain) on Derivatives Contracts	(1,515)	Schedule 28 of FS
Exchange difference regarded as an adjustment to borrowing cost	851	Schedule 28 of FS
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation and derivative (gain) / loss from Non Financing Activities (Regrouped from Other Expenses)	2,379	Schedule 29 of FS



Particulars (INR Mn)	Mar-23	FS Notes
Total Hedge Cost charged to P&L (B)	1,715	
Total Finance Cost (C = A+B)	7,637	
Less: Interest towards related party and other finance cost not accounted for senior debt. <b>(D)</b>	2,555	Management Working
Net Finance Costs (attributable to the senior secured lenders) (E = C-D)	5,082	

Note: The group has recognized Derivative and Exchange Rate Differences (ERD) cost by following Cash Flow Hedge accounting as per IND AS 109 in which Derivative cost including MTM gain / loss shall adjusts with the ERD Gain / loss and **amount to the extent of hedge cost (premium) is charged to P&L** under different heads.

Particulars (INR Mn.)	Mar-23	FS Notes / Remarks
Gross debt		
Gross Debt	49,882	Actual Debt
Derivative Liabilities / (Assets)	(2,944)	Schedule 7, 15
Less Derivative hedge fund	(1,477)	Management Working
	45,461	

Particulars (INR Mn.)	Mar-23	FS Notes / Remarks
Net Debt		
Gross debt as above (A)	45,461	
Less:		
Balances held as Margin Money	(3,037)	Schedule 7 of FS
Current Investments	(934)	Schedule 11 of FS
Cash and Cash equivalents	(1,099)	Schedule 13 of FS
Bank balance	(2,537)	Schedule 14 of FS
Add: Derivative hedge fund (considered in Gross debt)	1,477	Management working
Total cash and cash equivalent (B)	(6,130)	
Net Debt (C = A+B)	39,331	



#### RG 1 Plant Wise EBIDTA for Apr 22 to Mar 23

INR Mn					
Co. Name	Plant Name	MW	NTPC/SECI /others	Off-taker	EBIDTA
AGEUPL	JHANSI	50	Others	UPPCL	440
AGEUPL	BAYADGI	20	Others	State - HESCOM	303
AGEUPL	CHANNAPATNA	20	Others	State - HESCOM	277
AGEUPL	HOLE NARSIPURA	20	Others	State - BESCOM	174
AGEUPL	TIRUMAKUDAL NARASIPURA	20	Others	State - CESC	201
AGEUPL	JEVARGI	20	Others	State - GESCOM	213
AGEUPL	GUBBI	20	Others	State - BESCOM	213
AGEUPL	KRISHNARAJPET	20	Others	State - BESCOM	217
AGEUPL	TIPTUR	20	Others	State - BESCOM	230
AGEUPL	MALURU	20	Others	State - MESCOM	206
AGEUPL	MAGADI	20	Others	State - CESC	198
AGEUPL	PERIYAPATNA	20	Others	State - GESCOM	235
AGEUPL	RAMANAGARA	20	Others	State - BESCOM	187
PDPL	BATHINDA 1	50	Others	PSPCL	459
PDPL	BATHINDA 2	50	Others	PSPCL	482
PDPL	GANI	50	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	446
PDPL	MAHOBA - BADANPUR	50	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	467
PDPL	RAJASTHAN	20	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	201
PSEPL	PAVAGADA 1	50	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	531
PSEPL	PAVAGADA 2	50	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	612
PSEPL	SHORAPUR	10	Others	State - GESCOM	115
PSEPL	TELNGNA1	50	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	589
PSEPL	TELNGNA 2	50	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	677
PSEPL	KALLUR (PSEPL)	40	NTPC/SECI	SECI	455
PSEPL	KILAJ	20	NTPC/SECI	SECI	265
PSEPL	CHHATTISGARH	50	NTPC/SECI	SECI	674
PSEPL	CHHATTISGARH	50	NTPC/SECI	SECI	666
PSEPL	PAVAGADA 3	50	NTPC/SECI	NTPC	568
	Total	930			10,299*

PDPL- PRAYATNA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED; PSEPL- PARAMPUUYA SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED; AGEUPL- ADANI GREEN ENERGY (UP) LIMITED
 \*Following are the Non Recurring Significant Items not considered will calculating Plant wise EBITDA
 \* PSPCL - Rs 268 Mn [Refer Financial Note 12 (V)], HESCOM - Rs 131 Mn, [Refer Financial Note 12 (VI)], UPPCL - Revenue of Rs 631 Mn has been recognized in books as per revised tariff and late payment surcharge Rs 188 Mn [Refer Financial Note 26] and One time non recurring charge to Revenue - AGEUPL Rs 66.5 Mn, PSEPL Rs 38.1 Mn

#### Summary

Off-taker	% Share	EBIDTA (INR MN)
NTPC/SECI	59.72%	6,151
Others	40.28%	4,148
Total	100.00%	10,299



# Appendix - 2

Form of Certificate of Directors

Citicorp International Limited (the "Note Trustee")

39th Floor, Champion Tower Three Garden Road Central Hongkong Fax no.: +852 2323 0279 Attention: Agency & Trust

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen

PRAYATNA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED, PARAMPUJYA SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED and ADANI GREEN ENERGY (UP) LIMITED (incorporated in the Republic of India with limited liability) U.S.\$500,000,000 6.250 per cent. Senior Secured Notes due 2024

In accordance with Clause 7.5 of the note trust deed dated 10 June 2019 (as amended and/or supplemented from time to time, the "**Note Trust Deed**") made between (1) Prayatna Developers Private Limited, Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited and Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited (the "**Issuers**") and (2) the Note Trustee, we, as Directors of the Issuers, hereby confirm that, having made all reasonable enquiries, to the best of the knowledge, information and belief of the Issuers that as at date not more than five days before the date of this certificate (the "**Certification Date**"):

(a) as at May 27<sup>th</sup>, 2023, no Event of Default or Potential Event of Default had occurred since June 10, 2019.

(b) from and including June 10, 2019 to and including May 27<sup>th</sup>,2023, each Issuer has complied in all respects with its obligations under the Note Trust Deed and the Notes.

Terms not defined herein shall have the same meanings as provided in the Note Trust Deed.

Yours faithfully

By: RAJIV Digitally signed by RAJIV DHIRAJLA DHIRAJLA MEHTA Date: 2023.05.27 19:03:00 +05'30'

Name: Director / Authorised Signatory Prayatna Developers Private Limited

ANKIT Digitally signed by ANKIT MOHANLAL MOHANLA SHAH By: L SHAH Date: 2023.05.27 19:06:25 +05'30'

Name: Director / Authorised Signatory Prayatna Developers Private Limited



By: RAJIV Digitally signed by RAJIV DHIRAJLAL DHIRAJLAL DHIRAJLAL DATE: 2023.05.27 19:03:30 +05'30'

· METTA 19:03:30 +05'30'

#### Name:

Director / Authorised Signatory Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

> DIPAK LAKHANL LAKHANL GUPTA AL GLIPTA Date: 2023.05.27

By: AL GUPTA Date: 2023.05.27 19:06:55 +05'30'

# Name:

By:

Director / Authorised Signatory Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

RAJIV	Digitally signed by RAJIV DHIRAJLAL
DHIRAJLA	мента
L MEHTA	Date: 2023.05.27 19:03:54 +05'30'

.....

Name: Director / Authorised Signatory Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

ANKIT MOHANLAL SHAH Digitally signed by ANKIT MOHANLAL SHAH Date: 2023.05.27 19:05:24 +05'30' By: .....

Name: Director / Authorised Signatory Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited



Citicorp International Limited (the "Note Trustee") 20/F Citi Tower One Bay East 83 Hoi Bun Road Kwun Tong Kowloon Hong Kong Fax no.: +852 2323 0279 Attention: Agency & Trust

#### March 31, 2023

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen

#### PRAYATNA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED, PARAMPUJYA SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED and ADANI GREEN ENERGY (UP) LIMITED (incorporated in the Republic of India with limited liability) U.S.\$500,000,000 6.250 per cent. Senior Secured Notes due 2024

In accordance with Clause 7.22 of the note trust deed dated 10 June 2019 (as amended and/or supplemented from time to time, the "Note Trust Deed") made between (1) Prayatna Developers Private Limited, Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited and Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited (the "Issuers") and (2) the Note Trustee, we hereby certify on behalf of the Issuers, that:

- (a) the details of Security created till the Relevant Calculation Period are as follows:
  - a. 100% Pledge of shares issued by Issuers
  - b. Cross Guarantee by the Issuers
  - c. First Ranking Charge over Initial Proceeds Account under Project Accounts
  - d. Deed of Hypothecation over fixed assets and current assets of PSEPL, PDPL and AGEUPL
  - e. Assignment on Project Documents
  - f. Charge over Immovable Assets of all projects of PDPL
  - g. Charge over Immovable Assets of all projects of PSEPL. However, for Kallur 40 MW project, partial charge over Immovable Asset have been created for 31 MW project.
  - h. Charge over Immovable Assets of Jhansi (50MW-Uttar Pradesh) project, Malluru (20MW-Karnataka) project, Magadi (20MW-Karnataka) project, Jevargi (20MW-Karnataka) project, Periyapattna (20MW-Karnataka) project, Ramanagara (20MW-Karnataka) project of AGEUPL. Moreover, partial charge over Immovable Asset have been created for Bayadgi (17MW-Karnataka) project, Holenarsipura (19MW-Karnataka) project, Gubbi (10MW-Karnataka) project, Channapatna (12MW-Karnataka) project and Tiptur (18MW-Karnataka) project of AGEUPL
- (b) the list of assets (including project documents and insurance contracts, if any) in respect of which Security has yet to be created are as follows:
  - a. Charge over Immovable Assets of Issuers other than what already created

Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited Adani Corporate House, Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S G Highway, Khodiyar Ahmedabad 382 421 Gujarat, India CIN: U40106GJ2015PLC083925 Tel +91 79 2555 5555 Fax +91 79 2555 5500 investor.agel@adani.com www.adani.com

Registered Office: Adani Corporate House, Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S G Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad 382 421, Gujarat, India

# adani

Renewables

- (c) the relevant consent(s) that have yet to be procured which have prevented creation of the relevant Security are as follows:
  - a. For some of the projects of AGEUPL in Karnataka state, NA approval from state government is pending
- (ci) the steps taken by the Issuer on a best efforts basis to obtain such outstanding consent(s) are as follows: and
  - a. Continuously following up with State authorities in order to get NA approval in place
  - b. All documents related to immovable properties of remaining projects has been submitted to the lawyer for the preparation of TSR
  - c. Draft Security Documents have been prepared
  - d. We have created substantial Security of around  $\sim 93\%$ , for marginal balance security of  $\sim 7\%$  where due diligence is going on and shall expected to complete soon.
- (cii) creation of the required Security over all remaining assets of the Issuer is likely to be completed within March 31, 2024.

Terms not defined herein shall have the same meanings as provided in the Note Trust Deed and the Conditions.

Yours faithfully

By : ..... Authorised Signatory

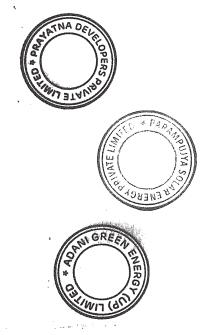
Prayatna Developers Private Limited

By : .....

Authorised Signatory Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

By : .....

Authorised Signatory Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited



Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited Adani Corporate House, Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S G Highway, Khodiyar Ahmedabad 382 421 Gujarat, India CIN: U40106GJ2015PLC083925 Tel +9179 2555 5555 Fax +9179 2555 5500 investor.agel@adani.com www.adani.com

Registered Office: Adani Corporate House, Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S G Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad 382 421, Gujarat, India



DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS [LLPIN: AAW-6517] 303/304, "Milestone" Nr. Drive-in-Cinema, Opp.T.V.Tower, Thaltej, Ahmedabad-380054 **Phone: 91-79-27474466** <u>Email: info@dharmeshparikh.net</u> Website: www.dharmeshparikh.net

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited

#### **Report on the Audit of Combined Financial Statements**

#### Opinion

We have audited the combined financial statements of the Restricted Group which consists of Prayatna Developers Private Limited, Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited and Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited (each, referred to as a "Restricted Entity" and collectively referred to "Restricted Group") which comprises the combined balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, the combined statements of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the combined statements of cash flows and combined statements of changes in net parent investment for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March. 2023 and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together hereinafter referred to as "combined financial statements"). All Restricted Group entities are wholly owned subsidiaries of Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited ("AGETTL").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid combined financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March. 2023 read with Emphasis of matter para given below give a true and fair view in accordance with the basis of preparation as set out in note 2.2 to the combined financial statements.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"). Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Combined Financial Results* section of our report. We are independent of the Restricted Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the applicable provisions. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Emphasis of matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2.2 to the combined financial statements, which describes that the Restricted Group has not formed a separate legal group of entities during the year ended 31 March 2023 and which also describes the basis of preparation, including the approach to and purpose of preparing them. Consequently, the Restricted Group's combined financial statements may not necessarily be indicative of the financial performances and financial position of the Restricted Group that would have occurred if it had operated as a single standalone group of entities during the year presented. The combined financial statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of fulfilling the requirement of the Offering Circular (OC). As a result, the combined financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

We draw attention to Note 43 of the accompanying financial statements, regarding the ongoing investigations of Securities and Exchange Board of India and the committee constituted by Hon'ble Supreme Court in respect of the matters more fully described in aforesaid note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the Board of Directors of Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (Continue)

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Combined Financial Statements

The Management of AGETTL is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these combined financial statements that give a true and fair view of the combined state of affairs, combined Profit and other comprehensive Income, changes in combined net parent investment and combined cash flows in accordance with the basis of preparation as set out in Note 2.2 to these combined financial statements. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding of the assets of each restricted entity and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the combined financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the combined financial statements, the Management of AGETTL is responsible for assessing the ability of each restricted entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the restricted entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors of AGETTL is responsible for overseeing the Restricted Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the combined financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these combined financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of the Restricted Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the Board of Directors of Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (Continue)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of combined financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the combined financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Restricted Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the combined financial statements, including the • disclosures, and whether the combined financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Restricted Group to express an opinion on the combined financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such restricted entities included in the combined financial statements of which we are the independent auditors.

We communicate with those charged with governance of AGETTL and such other restricted entities included in the combined financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the combined financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 112054W/W100725

Gothi	Digitally signed by Gothi Kantilal
Kantilal	Govabhai
Govabhai	Date: 2023.05.20 16:13:07 +05'30'

Kanti Gothi Partner Membership No.: 127664 UDIN: 23127664BGXORD3267

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 20<sup>th</sup> May, 2023

#### Restricted Group - 1 Combined Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023

mbin	ed Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023			Renewable
ticula	ars	Notes	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
SETS				
Nor	n-current Assets			
(a)	Property, Plant and Equipment	4.1	47,218	48,58
(b)	Right-Of-Use Assets	4.2	1,437	1,39
(c)	Capital Work-In-Progress	4.3	105	18
(d)	Intangible Assets	4.4	0	
(e)	Financial Assets			
. ,	(i) Investments	5	2,770	2,77
	(ii) Loans	6	9,271	7,68
	(iii) Trade Receivables	12	200	-
	(iv) Other Financial Assets	7	6,918	4,54
(f)	Income Tax Assets (net)	/	15	-,,- 5
	Deferred Tax Assets (net)	8	1,765	- 1,86
(g)		o 9		
(n)	Other Non-current Assets	9 -	695	82
	Total Non-Current Assets		70,394	67,89
	rent Assets			
• •	Inventories	10	89	-
(b)	Financial Assets			
	(i) Investments	11	934	2
	(ii) Trade Receivables	12	2,181	3,02
	(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	13	1,099	1
	(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	14	2,537	2,20
	(v) Other Financial Assets	15	525	6
(c)	Other Current Assets	16	50	4
. ,	Total Current Assets	-	7,415	6,19
	Total Assets	-	77,809	74,09
	AND LIABILITIES	-		
Equ	-			
	Net Parent Investment	17	9,743	4,52
	Total Equity		9,743	4,52
	BILITIES			
	n-current Liabilities			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	18	61,963	62,32
	(ia) Lease Liabilities	32	1,547	1,43
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	19	-	
(b)	Provisions	20	121	-
(c)	Other Non-current Liabilities	21	2,424	1,91
	Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	66,055	65,75
Cur	rent Liabilities			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	22	693	1,69
	(ia) Lease Liabilities	32	177	12
	(ii) Trade Payables	23		
	- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		8	1
	- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises			
	and small enterprises		131	18
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	24	844	1,68
(h)	Other Current Liabilities	25	158	1,00
(0)	Total Current Liabilities		2,011	3,82
	Total Liabilities	=	68,066	69,57
		=		
	Total Equity and Liabilities		77,809	74,09

The notes referred above are an integral part of the Combined Financial Statements

#### In terms of our report attached

#### For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Gothi Kantilal Digitally signed by Gothi Kantilal Govabhai Date: 2023.05.20 16:10:38 +05'30'

#### Kanti Gothi

Partner Membership No. 127664

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023

# For and on behalf of the board of directors of ADANI GREEN ENERGY TWENTY THREE LIMITED

SAGAR Digitally signed by SAGAR RAJESHBHAI ADANI Date: 2023.05.20 15:44:03 +05'30' Sagar Adani Director DIN: 07626229

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023 VNEET S JAAIN

Digitally signed by VNEET S JAAIN Date: 2023.05.20 15:47:08 +05'30'

Vneet S. Jaain Director DIN: 00053906

Restricted Group - 1	
Combined Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31st March, 2023	

Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Income			
Revenue from Operations	26	9,040	9,143
Other Income	27	1,934	1,340
Total Income	_	10,974	10,483
Expenses			
Cost of Spares sold		14	43
Finance Costs	28	5,258	7,566
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	4.1, 4.2 and 4.4	1,888	1,854
Other Expenses	29	3,243	936
Total Expenses	_	10,403	10,399
Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax	_	571	84
Exceptional Items	39	-	140
Profit / (Loss) before tax	_	571	(56)
Tax Charge / (Credit) :	30		
Current Tax		-	-
Tax adjustments relating to earlier years		-	(3)
Deferred Tax Charge / (Credit)		171	(44)
Total Tax Charge / (Credit)	_	171	(47)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	Total (A)	400	(9)
Other Comprehensive (Loss)	=		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit & loss in subsequent periods:		-	-
Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods:			
Effective portion on (Loss) in a cash flow hedge, net		(256)	(1,048)
Add / Less: Income Tax effect		67	264
Total Other Comprehensive (Loss) (net of tax)	Total (B)	(189)	(784)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year, (net of tax)	Total (A+B)	211	(793)

The notes referred above are an integral part of the Combined Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Gothi Kantila Govabhai Digitally signed by Gothi Kantilal Govabhai Date: 2023.05.20 16:10:58 +05'30'

Kanti Gothi Partner Membership No. 127664

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023

#### For and on behalf of the board of directors of ADANI GREEN ENERGY TWENTY THREE LIMITED

Digitally signed by SAGAR SAGAR RAJESHBHAI RAJESHBHAI ADANI Date: 2023.05.20 ADANI 15:44:19 +05'30' Sagar Adani

Director DIN: 07626229

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023 VNEET S Digitally signed by VNEET S JAAIN Date: 2023.05.20 JAAIN 15:47:22 +05'30'

Vneet S. Jaain Director DIN: 00053906

adani Renewables

Restricted Group - 1	adani
Combined Statement of changes in Net Parent Investment for th	e Year ended 31st March, 2023
	As at 31st March, 2022
	(₹ in Millions)
Opening as at 1st April, 2021	5,253
Add : (Loss) for the year	(9)
Add : Other Comprehensive (Loss), net of tax*	(784)
Less : Deemed Distribution to Holding company	60
Closing as at 31st March, 2022	4,520
	As at
	31st March, 2023
	(₹ in Millions)
Opening as at 1st April, 2022	4,520

Add : Profit for the year Add : Other Comprehensive (Loss), net of tax\* Add : Issue of Unsecured Perpetual Securities (refer note 17 (ii) and (iii)) **Closing as at 31st March, 2023** 

Net Parent Investment represents the aggregate amount of Share Capital, Unsecured Perpetual Securities and Other Equity of Restricted Group of entities as at the end of respective year and does not necessarily represent legal share capital for the purpose of the Restricted Group.

\* Other Comprehensive (Loss) consist of adjustments for changes in cash flow hedge reserve.

The notes referred above are an integral part of the Combined Financial Statements

#### In terms of our report attached For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Gothi Kantilal Govabhai Govabhai

**Kanti Gothi** Partner Membership No. 127664

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023

# For and on behalf of the board of directors of ADANI GREEN ENERGY TWENTY THREE LIMITED

SAGAR Digitally signed by SAGAR RAJESHBHAI RAJESHBHA ADANI I ADANI Date: 2023.05.20 15:44:37 +05'30'

Sagar Adani Director DIN: 07626229

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023 VNEET S JAAIN

Digitally signed by VNEET S JAAIN Date: 2023.05.20 15:47:34 +05'30'

400

(189)

5,012 9,743

Vneet S. Jaain Director DIN: 00053906

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
(A) Cash flow from operating activities	(	
Profit / (Loss) before tax	571	(56)
Adjustment to reconcile the Profit / (Loss) before tax to net cash flows:		
Interest Income	(1,729)	(1,299)
Net gain on sale/ fair valuation of investments through profit and loss	(37)	(15)
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss (net)	2,379	192
Liabilities no Longer Required Written Back	(167)	(19)
Loss on Sale / Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment	80	71
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	1,888	1,854
Exceptional Items	-	140
Finance Cost (including derivatives)	5,258	7,566
Operating Profit before working capital changes	8,243	8,434
Working Capital changes		
(Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets		
Other Non-Current Assets	86	(169)
Trade Receivables	642	(443)
Inventories	(18)	ý ý
Other Current Assets	16	14
Other Non-Current Financial Assets	261	120
Other Current Financial Assets	(297)	(228)
(Decrease) / Increase in Operating Liabilities	(297)	(220)
	(92)	21
Trade Payables	. ,	
Other Current Liabilities	26	19
Other Non- Current Liabilities	448	372
Net Working Capital changes	1,072	(285)
Cash Generated from Operations	9,315	8,149
Less : Income Tax Refund / (Paid) (net)	39	(24)
Net cash Generated from Operating Activities (A)	9,354	8,125
(B) Cash flow from investing activities		
Expenditure on construction and acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets (including capital advances, capital creditors and capital work-in- progress) and Claims Received	(1,086)	(391)
Proceeds from Sale / Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment	44	136
Fixed / Margin Money deposits (placed) / withdrawn (net)	(13)	1.353
Non- Current Loans (given to) Unrestricted Group Entities	(674)	(2,803)
Non-Current Loans recieved back from Unrestricted Group Entities	24	2,706
Investments in units of Mutual funds (net)		
	(854)	(27)
Interest received	1,191	259
Net cash (Used in) / Generated from Investing Activities (B)	(1,368)	1,233
(C) Cash flow from financing activities	(4)	
Proceeds from Non-Current borrowings	(1)	6,127
Repayment of Non-Current borrowings	(702)	(8,430)
Repayment of Lease Liabilities	(141)	(134)
Repayment of Current borrowings (net)	(1,000)	-
Finance Costs Paid (including hedging cost and derivative (gain) / loss on rollover and maturity (net))	(5,194)	(6,850)
Net cash (Used in) Financing Activities (C)	(7,038)	(9,287)
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A)+(B)+(C)	948	71
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	151	80
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 13)	1,099	151
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents : (refer note 13)	1,099	151
	1.099	151

#### **Restricted Group - 1** Combined Statement of Cash Flows for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

Notes:

- 1 Accrued Interest for the period of ₹ 1,719 Millions (For the year ended 31st March, 2022 ₹ 1,756 Millions) and ₹ 939 Millions (For the year ended 31st March, 2022 ₹ 718 Millions) on Inter Corporate Deposit ("ICD") taken and given respectively from / to Unrestricted group entities, have been converted to the ICD balances as on reporting date as per the terms of the Contract.
- 2 During the year, the inter-corporate deposit taken from Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (Immediate Holding Company) of ₹ 4656 Millions and interest accrued there on ₹356 Millions has been agreed to be converted into Unsecured Perpetual Securities vide agreement dated 1st October, 2022.
- 3 Disclosure of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes under Para 44A as set out in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows" under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2017 (as amended) is as under. Movement for the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)

Particulars	Note	As at 1st April, 2022	Net Cash Flows	Others (refer note 1 above)	Unsecured Perpetual Securities (refer note 2 above)	Changes in fair values (Including Exchange Rate Difference and Accruals)	As at 31st March, 2023
Non-Current borrowings (Including Current Maturities)	18 and 22	63,014	(703)	(1,719)	(4,656)	6,720	62,656
Current Borrowings	22	1,000	(1,000)	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	32	1,563	(141)	-	-	302	1,724
Interest Accrued and Fair Value of Derivatives		741	(5,194)	1,719	(356)	944	(2,146)

#### Movement for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Note	As at 1st April, 2021	Net Cash Flows	Others (refer note 1 above)	Unsecured Perpetual Securities (refer note 2 above)	Changes in fair values (Including Exchange Rate Difference and Accruals)	As at 31st March, 2022
Non-Current borrowings (Including Current Maturities)	18 and 22	62,093	(2,303)	1,756	-	1,468	63,014
Current Borrowings	22	1,000	-	-	-	-	1,000
Lease Liabilities	32	1,543	(134)	-	-	154	1,563
Interest Accrued and Fair Value of Derivatives		2,003	(6,850)	(1,756)		7,344	741

4 The Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the "Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 - Statement of Cash Flows" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The notes referred above are an integral part of the Combined Financial Statements In terms of our report attached For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP **Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Gothi Kantilal Digitally signed by Gothi Kantilal Govabhai Govabhai Date: 2023.05.20 16:11:31 +05'30'

Kanti Gothi Partner Membership No. 127664

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors of ADANI GREEN ENERGY TWENTY THREE LIMITED

Digitally signed by SAGAR RAJESHBHAI ADANI Date: 2023.05.20 15:45:15 +05'30' SAGAR RAJESHBHAI ADANI

Sagar Adani Director DIN: 07626229

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023

VNEET S JAAIN

Digitally signed by VNEET S JAAIN Date: 2023.05.20 15:47:53 +05'30'

Vneet S. Jaain Director DIN: 00053906

(₹ in Millions)

#### 1. Corporate Information

Adani Green Energy Limited ('the Ultimate Deemed Holding Company') along with its subsidiaries (herein collectively referred to as the "Group") are companies domiciled in India and primarily involved in Solar power generation.

The Restricted Group entities which are all under the common control of the Ultimate Deemed Holding Company through its subsidiary (Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited) comprise of the following entities (refer note 37):-

Entities forming part of Restricted Group	<u>Principal</u> activity	<u>Country of</u> Incorporation	<u>% Held by Ultimate</u> <u>Com</u>	
<u>Restricted Group</u>	activity	meorporation	<u>31st March, 2023</u>	<u>31st March, 2022</u>
Prayatna Developers Private Limited	Solar Power Generation	India	100	100
Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited (Standalone)	Solar Power Generation	India	100	100
Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited	Solar Power Generation	India	100	100

The entities forming part of Restricted Group currently has multiple power projects located at various locations with a combined installed and commissioned capacity of 930 MW as at 31st March, 2023. The entities forming part of Restricted Group sell renewable power generated from these projects under a long term Power Purchase Agreements ("PPA").

#### 2.1 Purpose of the Combined financial statements

The Combined Financial Statements have been prepared for reporting twelve months financial performance of the Restricted Group as per the requirement of Offering Circular (OC) under clause 4.1. Restricted Group has issued USD denominated Green bonds listed on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (SGX-ST). The Combined Financial Statements presented herein reflect the Restricted Group's results of operations, assets and liabilities and cash flows as at and for the twelve months ended 31st March, 2023. The basis of preparation and significant accounting policies used in preparation of these Combined Financial Statements are set out in note 2.2 and 3 below.

#### 2.2 Basis of Preparation and presentation

The Combined Financial Statements of the Restricted Group have been prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 amended from time to time (except Ind AS - 33 on Earnings Per Share) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and the Guidance Note on Combined and Carve-out Financial Statements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

As these combined financial statements have been prepared on a combined basis, it is not meaningful to show share capital or provide an analysis of reserves. Net parent investment, therefore, represents the difference between the assets and liabilities pertaining to combined businesses. Share capital of Restricted Group is held by the Holding Company. Earnings Per Share have not been presented in these Combined Financial Statements, as Restricted Group did not meet the applicability criteria as specified under Ind AS 33 – Earnings Per Share.

Management has prepared these combined financial statements to depict the historical financial information of the Restricted Group.

The Combined Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention except for Investments in mutual funds and certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values whereas net defined benefit (asset)/ liability is valued at fair value of plan assets less defined benefit obligation at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

As per the Guidance Note on Combined and Carve Out Financial Statements, the procedure for preparing combined financial statements of the combining entities is similar to that of consolidated financial statements as per the applicable Accounting Standards. Accordingly, when combined financial statements are prepared, intra-group transactions and profits or losses are eliminated. All the inter group transactions are undertaken on Arm's Length basis. The information presented in the Combined Financial Statements of the Restricted Group may not be representative of the position which may prevail after the transaction. The resulting financial position may not be that which might have existed if the combining businesses had been stand-alone business.

Net parent investment disclosed in the Combined Financial Statements is not the legal capital and Other equity of the Restricted Group and is the aggregation of the Share Capital, Unsecured Perpetual Debt and Other equity of each of the entities with in the Restricted Group.

Accordingly, the following procedure is followed for the preparation of the Combined Financial Statements:

(a) Combined like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the entities of the Restricted Group.

(b) Eliminated in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Restricted Group.

These are Combined Financial Statements and may not be necessarily indicative of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Restricted Group that would have occurred if it had operated as separate stand-alone entities during the year presented or the Restricted Group's future performance. The Combined Financial Statements include the operation of entities in the Restricted Group, as if they had been managed together for the year presented.

Transactions that have taken place with the Unrestricted Group Entities (i.e. other entities which are a part of the Group or wider Adani Group and not included in the Restricted Group of entities) have been disclosed in accordance of Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures. The preparation of financial information in conformity with Ind AS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Restricted Group's accounting policies.

Income taxes are arrived at by aggregation of the tax expenses actually incurred by the combining businesses, after considering the tax effects of any adjustments which is in accordance with the Guidance Note on Combined and Carve-Out Financial Statements issued by the ICAI.

The financial statements are presented in INR ( $\mathfrak{T}$ ) (Indian Rupees) which is also Holding Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest Millions, except when otherwise indicated. Amounts less than  $\mathfrak{T}$  5,00,000 have been presented as "0".



# 3. Significant accounting policies

# a. Property, plant and equipment

## i. Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost grossed up with the amount of tax / duty benefits availed, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

All costs, including borrowing costs incurred up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use, are capitalised along with the respective asset.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated cost of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which it is located. The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which it is located.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Restricted Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives and they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

## ii. Subsequent measurement

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Restricted Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred. Subsequent costs are depreciated over the residual life of the respective assets.



# iii. Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land) less their residual values over their useful lives, using Straight Line method. The useful life of property, plant and equipment is considered based on life prescribed in part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except in case of the Plant and machinery, wherein the life of the assets has been estimated at 30 years based on technical assessment taking into account the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the assets, the operating condition of the assets, anticipated technical changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support. In case of major components identified, depreciation is provided based on the useful life of each such component based on technical assessment, if materially different from that of the main asset.

#### iv. Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### b. Intangible Assets

#### i. Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets acquired separately are carried at cost net of trade discounts and rebates less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The residual values, useful lives and method of amortisation of Intangible Assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### ii. Amortisation

Amortisation is recognised using Straight Line method over their estimated useful lives. Estimated useful life of the Computer Software is 5 years.

#### iii. Derecognition

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of any intangible asset are measured as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### c. Capital Work in Progress

Expenditure related to and incurred during implementation (net of incidental income) of capital projects to get the assets ready for intended use is included under "Capital Work in Progress (including related inventories)". The same is allocated to the respective items of property plant and equipment on completion of construction / erection of the capital project / property plant and equipment. Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.



#### d. Financial Instruments

#### Recognition and measurement

A Financial Instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A financial asset (except for trade receivable) and financial liability is initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right (not contingent on future events) to off-set the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### e. Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Restricted Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified based on assessment of business model in which they are held. This assessment is done for portfolio of the financial assets. The relevant categories are as below:

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate (EIR) method (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

• the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

• Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of financial assets and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial assets, or where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL).

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through Other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

• the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

• the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets which are not measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI and are held for trading are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in Statement of profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in statement of profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

#### **Business Model Assessment**

The Restricted Group makes an assessment of the objectives of the business model in which a financial asset is held because it best reflects the way business is managed and information is provided to management.

The assessment of business model comprises the stated policies and objectives of the financial assets, management strategy for holding the financial assets, the risk that affects the performance etc. Further management also evaluates whether the contractual cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest considering the contractual terms of the instrument.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Restricted Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Restricted Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of that financial asset.

#### Impairment of Financial assets

The Restricted Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables and other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, including inter corporate deposits.

Expected credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Restricted Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Restricted Group expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Restricted Group estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Restricted Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or a Group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109, 'Financial Instruments' requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Restricted Group recognizes credit loss allowance using the lifetime expected credit loss model. The Restricted Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

The Restricted Group's financial assets comprise of investments, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other bank balances, interest accrued on bank deposits, security deposits, intercorporate deposits, other receivables and derivative financial instruments. These assets are measured subsequently at amortised cost except for derivative assets which are measured at FVTPL.

#### f. Financial liabilities and equity instruments Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Restricted Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Restricted Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### **Unsecured Perpetual securities**

Unsecured perpetual securities ("securities") are the securities with no maturity or redemption and is repayable only at the option of the borrower. The distribution on this debt is cumulative and at the discretion of the borrower, where the borrower has an unconditional right to defer the same. The Restricted Group classifies these instruments as equity under Ind AS 32

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.



The Restricted Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and intercorporate deposits, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

# Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Trade and other payables are recognised at the transaction cost, which is its fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Similarly, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method. Trade credits include Buyer's credits.

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if these are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability.

Fair Values are determined in the manner designed in note "3 (u)".

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Restricted Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Restricted Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Derivative Financial Instruments

#### Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Restricted Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts and principal only swap. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as Foreign Exchange (Gain) / Loss except those relating to borrowings, which are separately classified under Finance Cost as (Gain) / Loss on derivative contracts and those pertaining to the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

#### g. Inventories

Inventories in the nature of stores and spare parts are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses where considered necessary. Net realisable value in respect of stores and spare parts is the estimated current procurement price in the ordinary course of the business. Cost of Inventories comprises all cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, weighted average cost method is used.

Stores and Spares which do not meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are accounted as inventories.

#### h. Current and non-current classification

The Restricted Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ noncurrent classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle or
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading or
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle or
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading or
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after reporting period.

The Restricted Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.



The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Restricted Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

# i. Foreign currency transactions and translation

These Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the Holding Company's functional currency.

# Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Restricted Group at its functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Exchange differences are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction, which are included in the cost of those assets when considered as adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings.

# j. Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Restricted Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Restricted Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Restricted Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets, the cost of assets are presented at gross value and grants thereon are recognised as deferred revenue in the balance sheet and transferred to statement of profit and loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Restricted Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they become receivable.

# k. Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods are transferred or services are rendered to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Restricted Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts and other incentives, if any, and after giving effects of variable consideration and consideration payable to the customer as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes or other amounts collected from customers in its capacity as an agent. If the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the Restricted Group estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.



At the end of each reporting period, the Restricted Group updates the estimated transaction price to represent the circumstances present at the end of the reporting period and the changes in circumstances during the reporting period. The entity accounts for such changes in the transaction price. Consideration payable to a customer includes cash amounts that an entity pays to the customer. The Restricted Group accounts for consideration payable to a customer as a reduction of the transaction price and, therefore, of revenue unless the payment to the customer is in exchange for a distinct good or service that the customer transfers to the entity. The consideration payable to a customer includes a variable amount.

The accounting policies for the specific revenue streams of the Restricted Group are summarized below:

#### i) Revenue from power supply

The Restricted Group's contracts in form of Power Purchase Agreements (PPA) entered with Central and State Distribution Companies (customers) for the sale of electricity generally include one performance obligation. The Restricted Group has concluded that revenue from sale of electricity, net of discounts, incentives / disincentives, if any, should be recognised at the point in time when electricity is transmitted to the customers.

#### ii) Sale of other goods (spares)

The Restricted Group's contracts with customers for the sale of goods (spares) generally include one performance obligation. Revenue from the sale of other goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customers, generally on delivery of the goods.

iii) Interest income is recognised on Effective Interest Rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Restricted Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

iv) Late Payment Surcharge and interest on late payment for power supply are recognized on reasonable certainty to expect ultimate collection or otherwise based on actual collection whichever is earlier.

#### Contract Balances

#### Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Restricted Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.



# Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Restricted Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due and the amount is billable.

#### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Restricted Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Restricted Group performs obligations under the contract.

#### I. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing cost.

#### m. Taxation

Tax on Income comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### Current tax

Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis of estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit or loss is recognised outside statement of profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

#### Restricted Group-1 Notes to Combined financial statements as at and for the year ended on 31st March, 2023



# Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized for the future tax consequences of deductible temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date, using the tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted as on reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences except when the deferred tax liability arises at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused unabsorbed depreciation and any unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to temporary differences arising at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor the taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the Statement of Profit and Loss is recognized outside the Statement of Profit and Loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The Restricted Group offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### n. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Restricted Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. When the Restricted Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a

separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Restricted Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities may arise from litigation, taxation and other claims against the Restricted Group. Where management's assessment that the outcome is uncertain or cannot be reliably quantified, the claims are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the likelihood of an adverse outcome is remote.

Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

# o. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Restricted Group reviews the carrying amounts of nonfinancial assets, assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Restricted Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

The Restricted Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budget and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Restricted Group 's cash-generating unit to which the individual assets are allocated. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budget / forecasts, the Restricted Group estimates cash flow projections based on estimated growth rate.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in statement of profit or loss.

#### p. Leases

At inception of a contract, the Restricted Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Restricted Group as a Lessee:

The Restricted Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the lease payments are expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Right of Use Assets:

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lessor transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Restricted Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

#### Lease Liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be paid over the lease term at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Restricted Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Restricted Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Subsequently, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

For a lease modification that is not a separate lease, at the effective date of the modification, the lessee accounts for the lease modification by remeasuring the lease liability using a discount rate determined at that date and the lessee makes a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

#### q. Hedge Accounting

The Restricted Group designates certain hedging instruments, which include derivatives and nonderivatives in respect of foreign currency risk, as cash flow hedges.

To qualify for hedge accounting, the hedging relationship must meet all of the following requirements :

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged items and the hedging instruments,

- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the entity actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the entity actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship,

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the entity documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Restricted Group documents whether the hedging instrument is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk.

#### Cash flow hedges

The Restricted Group designates derivative contracts or non derivative financial assets / liabilities as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of movement in interest rates and foreign exchange rates for foreign exchange exposure on highly probable future cash flows attributable to a recognised asset or liability or forecast cash transactions.

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative / hedging instruments is recognized in the cash flow hedging reserve being part of other comprehensive income. The Effective portion of cash flow hedges is adjusted to the lower of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument and the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item.

Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized in cash flow hedging reserve till the period the hedge was effective remains in cash flow hedging reserve until the underlying transaction occurs. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in the cash flow hedging reserve is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss upon the occurrence of the underlying transaction.

For any other cash flow hedges, the amount accumulated in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss.

#### r. Investments in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment, if any.



# s. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Statement of Cash Flow comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less.

#### Other Bank deposits

Bank balances in the balance sheet comprise fixed deposit with maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months and balance held as margin money. Margin money comprise of bank deposits restricted as to withdrawal or usage and are used to collateralize certain debt related obligations required under the Trust and Retention Account agreement entered with the various lenders and restricted under other arrangements. Margin money bank deposits are classified as current and non-current based on management expectation of the expiration date of the underlying restrictions. Interest on these bank deposits is presented as investing cash flows.

#### t. Asset retirement obligations

Upon the expiration of the PPA or, if later, the expiration of the lease agreement, the Restricted Group is required to remove the solar power plants located on leasehold land and restore the land to its original condition.

An amount equivalent to the asset retirement obligation is recognised along with the cost of solar power plants and is depreciated over the useful life of plant and equipment. The amount recognised is the present value of the estimated future expenditure determined using existing technology at current prices and escalated using appropriate inflation rate till the expected date of restoration and discounted up to the reporting date using the appropriate risk adjusted interest rate specific to the liability. Any change in the present value of the estimated asset retirement obligation other than the periodic unwinding of discount is adjusted to the asset retirement provision and the carrying value of the corresponding plant and equipment. In case reversal of the provision exceeds the carrying amount of the related asset, the excess amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and is included in 'Other income'. The unwinding of discount on provision is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and is included in 'Finance costs'.

During the current year, the Restricted Group has remeasured the cost of asset retirement obligation which best represents the present value of estimated future expenditure. Accordingly, the same is considered in the carrying value of the corresponding plant and equipment and asset retirement provision. The remaining carrying value of Asset retirement obligation included in plant and equipment will be equally depreciated over the remaining useful file of corresponding plant and equipment.

# u. Fair Value Measurement

The Restricted Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Restricted Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Restricted Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Restricted Group's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value and for non-recurring fair value measurement such as asset under the scheme of business undertaking.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Restricted Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Restricted Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as unquoted financial assets and financial liabilities and derivatives.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Restricted Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.



# 3.1 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Restricted Group's Combined financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures including contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and other factors that management considers to be relevant. Actual results may significantly differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the management of the Restricted Group. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### Key Sources of Estimation uncertainty:

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty and judgements at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Restricted Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### i. Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment

In case of the power plant assets, in whose case the life of the assets has been estimated at 30 years based on technical assessment, taking into account the nature of the assets, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, anticipated technological changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support, except for some major components identified during the year, depreciation on the same is provided based on the useful life of each such component based on technical assessment, if materially different from that of the main asset.

#### ii. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

In estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, the Restricted Group uses market observable data to the extent available. Where such Level 1 inputs are not available, the Restricted Group establishes appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.



### iii. Taxes

Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies and future recoverability of deferred tax assets. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realisable could reduce if the estimates of the future taxable income are reduced. In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the Restricted Group relies on the same forecast assumptions used elsewhere in the financial statements.

#### iv. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted future cash flows model. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted future cash flows model as well as the expected future cash-inflows.

#### v. Impairment of Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for trade receivables are made considering simplified approach based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Restricted Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Restricted Group's past history and other factors at the end of each reporting period. In case of other financial assets, the Restricted Group uses judgement in considering the probability of default upon initial recognition and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

#### vi. Government Grant

Significant management judgment is required to determine the timing and extent of recognition of any grants received from Government. They can only be recognized upon reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attached to the grant.

#### vii. Recognition and measurement of provision and contingencies

The Restricted Group recognises a provision if it is probable that an outflow of cash or other economic resources will be required to settle the provision. If an outflow is not probable, the item is treated as a contingent liability. Risks and uncertainties are taken into account in measuring a provision.

#### viii. Identification of a lease

Management assesses applicability of Ind AS 116 - 'Leases', for PPAs. In assessing the applicability, the management exercises judgement in relation to the underlying rights and risks related to operations of the plant, control over design of the plant etc., in concluding that the PPA do not meet the criteria for recognition as a lease.

#### ix. Recognition of Revenue from Power Supply

In case of pending tariff regulatory matters, the recognition of revenue is a matter of judgement based on facts and circumstances. The Restricted Group evaluates the fact pattern and circumstances, for each such regulatory matters. The revenue is recognised only when there is probability that the Restricted Group is entitled to the collection of consideration, as per the principles enunciated under Ind AS 115.

Restricted Group - 1 Notes to Combined Financial Statements as at and for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

4.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

		(₹ in Millions)		
	Asat	As at		
Particulars	<b>31st March, 2023</b>	31st March, 2022		
Net Carrying amount of:				
Property, Plant and Equipment				
Land - Freehold	1,536	1,527		
Building	861	965		
Furniture and Fixtures	6	7		
Computer Hardware	8	11		
Office Equipments	19	19		
Plant & Equipments	44,779	46,048		
Vehicles	σ	б		
Total	47,218	48,586		
Description of Assets	Land - Freehold	Building	Furniture and Fixtures	
l. Cost				

Description of Assets	Land - Freehold	Building	Furniture and Fixtures	Computer Hardware	Office Equipments	Plant & Equipments	Vehicles	Total
l. Cost								
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	1,505	1,576	00	37	45	55,789	13	58,973
Additions during the year	22	69	2	-	9	1,243	2	1,345
Disposals during the year	(0)	(3)				(359)		(362)
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,527	1,642	10	38	51	56,673	15	59,956
Additions during the year	δ	12	0	0	80	518	2	549
Disposals during the year		(0)	(0)		(0)	(123)		(123)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	1,536	1,654		38		57,068	17	60,382
II. Accumulated deoreciation								
		C L		ĊĊ				
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	•	096	V	77	67	9,040	n	2,000
Depreciation expense for the year		120	-	ß	7	1,666	-	1,800
Disposals during the year	1	(3)				(87)		(06)
Balance as at 31st March, 2022		677	м	27	32	10,625	9	11,370
Depreciation expense for the year		116	-	м	00	1,686	2	1,816
Disposals during the year	1	(0)	(0)		(0)	(22)		(22)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023		793	4	30	40	12,289	œ	13,164

Note:

(i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.
 (ii) During the year, the Restricted Group has assessed Asset Retirement Obligation equivalent of ₹ 113 Millions have been capitalized in Plant and Equipment.

4.2 Right-of-use Assets		(₹ in Millions)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Net Carrying Amount of:		
Lease hold Land	1,437	1,393
Total	1,437	1,393

		(₹ in Millions)
Description of Assets	Lease hold Land	Total
I. Cost		
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	1,557	1,557
Addition during the year	I	
Disposal during the year	1	
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,557	1,557
Addition during the year	1	
Alteration / modification of lease		V 1 1
arrangements		
Disposal during the year	I	
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	1,671	1,671
II. Accumulated Depreciation		
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	111	111
Depreciation expense for the year	53	53
Disposal during the year	I	
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	164	164
Depreciation expense for the year	20	20
Disposal during the year	1	
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	234	234
Note:		

Note: (i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

# adani Renewables

# 4.3 Capital Work in Progress

Particulars	Asat	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
Opening Balance	182	702
Additions during the year	478	803
Capitalised during the year	(541)	(1,323)
Transferred to Inventories	(14)	
Total	105	182

# Notes:

(i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.(ii) CWIP Ageing Schedule:a. Balance as at 31st March, 2023

Canital Work In Droorees		Amount in CWIP for a period of	r a period of		Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	10101
Spares and Equipments	40	60	5	0	105
	40	60	5	0	105

# b. Balance as at 31st March ,2022

1 8		Amount in CWIP fo	or a period of		Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	10001
Spares and Equipments	118	32	14	18	182
	118	32	14	18	182

The Restricted Group does not have any project temporarily suspended or any CWIP which is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

# 4.4 Intangible Assets

		(₹ in Millions)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Net Carrying amount of: Computer software	0	2
Total	0	2

		(₹ in Millions)
Description of Assets	Computer software	Total
I. Cost		
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	0	6
Additions during the year	I	•
Disposals during the year	I	•
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	0	6
Additions during the year	I	1
Disposals during the year	I	1
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	6	6
II. Accumulated amortisation		
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	6	9
Amortisation expense for the year	1-	1
Disposals during the year	1	1
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	2	7
Amortisation expense for the year	2	2
Disposals during the year	I	1
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	0	6
Note:		
(i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.	nd 22.	

As at

As at

5	Non-current Investments	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Investment by Restricted Group Investments measured at Cost Investment in unquoted Equity Shares of Subsidiary Company of Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited (fully paid) 27,70,10,000 Equity Shares (As at 31st March, 2022 27,70,10,000) of ₹ 10 each of Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private	2,770	2,770
	Limited Total	2,770	2,770
	Aggregate value of unquoted Investment (including equity investments in Unrestricted Group entities) Notes: (i) Of the above investments, 27,70,09,994 equity shares (as at 31st March, 2022 27,70,09,994 equity shares) have bee Private Limited as additional security for secured Ioan availed by Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited.	2,770 In pledged by the Para	2,770 ampujya Solar Energy

(ii) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

6	Non-current Loans (Unsecured, considered good)		As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
	Loans to Unrestricted Group Entities (refer notes below)		9,271	7,682
		Total	9,271	7,682

Notes:

(i) Loans to Unrestricted Group Entities is receivable on mutually agreed terms with in a period of five years from the date of agreement and carry an interest rate ranging from 10.05% p.a. to 15.25% p.a.

(ii) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

(iii) Unrealised Interest at year end is added with the principal amount as per the terms of the agreement. Refer foot note 1 of Cashflow Statement (iv) For balances with unrestricted group entities, refer note 37.

#### 7 Other Non-Current Financial Assets

		31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Balances held as Margin Money or Security against Borrowings(refer note (i) below)		3,037	3,357
Security Deposits		535	530
Claims Receivable (refer note (ii) below)		433	630
Fair Value of Derivative (refer note 34)		2,913	23
	Total	6,918	4,540

#### Notes:

(i) Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA) Deposits against Rupee Term Loans and Bonds which is expected to roll over after maturity till tenure of Rupee Term Loans and Bonds.

(ii) Claims receivable includes grants recognised as there are reasonable assurance that the Restricted Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

(iii) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

8	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Deferred Tax Liabilities on			· · · ·
	Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets / Lease liabilities		2,322	1,818
	Mark to Market gain on Mutual Fund		2	0
	Others		(6)	0
	Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities	(a)	2,318	1,818
	Deferred Tax Assets on			
	Unabsorbed Depreciation		3,119	2,847
	Asset Retirement Obligation		32	
	Unamortised variable consideration paid to Customers (DISCOMs)		29	
	Unrealised Forex (43A)		903	840
	Gross Deferred Tax Assets	(b)	4,083	3,687
	Net Deferred Tax Asset	Total (b-a)	1,765	1,869
	Movement in Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities) for the Financial Year 2022-23			

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2022	Recognised in Profit and Loss - Charge	Recognised in OCI - Credit	As at 31st March, 2023
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Liabilities:				
Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets / Lease liabilities	1,818	504	-	2,322
Mark to Market gain on Mutual Fund	0	2	-	2
Others	0	(6)		(6)
Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,818	500	•	2,318
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Assets :				
Unabsorbed Depreciation	2,847	272		3,119
Asset Retirement Obligation	-	32		32
Unamortised variable consideration paid to Customers (DISCOMs)	-	29		29
Unrealised Forex (43A)	840	(4)	67	903
Gross Deferred Tax Assets	3,687	329	67	4,083
Net Deferred Tax Assets	1,869	(171)	67	1,765

#### Movement in Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities) for the Financial Year 2021-22

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2021	Recognised in profit and Loss - Credit	Recognised in OCI - Credit	As at 31st March, 2022
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Liabilities:				
Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment	1,418	400	-	1,818
and Right of Use Assets / Lease liabilities				
Mark to Market gain on Mutual Fund	(0)	0	-	0
Others	1	(1)	-	0
Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities =	1,419	399	-	1,818
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Assets:				
Unabsorbed depreciation	2,152	695	-	2,847
Unrealised Forex (43A)	828	(252)	264	840
Gross Deferred Tax Assets	2,980	443	264	3,687
Net Deferred Tax Assets	1,561	44	264	1,869

The Restricted Group has entered into long term power purchase agreement with central and state distribution companies for period of 25 years, pursuant to this management is reasonably certain that the carried forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation will be utilized. Unabsorbed depreciation can be utilised at anytime without any restriction or time frame. Unused tax losses

			As at	As at
			31st March, 2023	31st March, 202
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
Unused tax losses (revenue in nature)			609	60
		Total	609	60
Out of which unused tax losses will expire as per below	v schedule:			
	(₹ in Millions)			
Assessment year	Amounts			
2025-26 (Pertaining to FY 2016-17)	609			

No deferred tax asset has been recognised on the above unutilised tax losses as there is no probable reasonable certainty at the reporting date that sufficient taxable profit will be available in the future against which they can be utilised by the Restricted Group.

9	Other Non-current Assets		As at	As at
			31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
	Capital advances (refer note (i) below)		142	160
	Balance with Government Authority [paid under protest] (refer note 31)		166	643
	Unamortised variable consideration paid to Customers (DISCOMs) (refer note (iii) below)		387	-
	Security deposits		-	17
	Prepaid Expenses		0	0
		Total	695	820
	Notes:			
	(i) Fas helesees with Hersetsiched Crous activity rafes acts 77			

(i) For balances with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

(ii) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

(iii) During the previous year, the same was considered as liquidated damages paid under protest.

#### 10 Inventories

10	Inventories (At lower of Cost or Net Realisable Value)		As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
	Stores and spares		89	57
		Total	89	57
	Notes:	-		

(i) For charges created refer notes 18 and 22.

(ii) Inventories includes ₹14 Millions (as at 31st March, 2022 :Nil) reclassified from Capital work in progress (refer note 4.3).

#### 11 Current Investments

11 0			31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
(	Measured at FVTPL)		(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
1	nvestment in Mutual Funds (Unquoted and fully paid)			
4	4,996 Units (As at 31st March 2022 :- 33,457 Units) of Axis Overnight Fund Direct Growth Plan		6	38
1	,24,330 Units (As at 31st March, 2022 :- 4,386 Units) of Aditya Birla Overnight Fund Growth Direct Plan		151	5
6	5,52,134 Units (As at 31st March, 2022 :- Nil Units) of Birla Sun Life Cash Plus - Growth-Direct Plan		237	-
1	,42,015 Units (As at 31st March 2022 :- Nil) of SBI Premier Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth		500	
3	3,076 Units (As at 31st March 2022 :- Nil) of DSP Overnight Fund -Direct Plan - Growth		4	
4	459 Units (As at 31st March 2022 :- Nil) of HDFC Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth Option		2	
1	0,271 Units (As at 31st March 2022 :- Nil) of HDFC Overnight Fund- Direct Plan-Growth Option		34	-
		Total	934	43
A	Aggregate amount of Unquoted investment		934	43

As at

As at

Note: For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

Trade Receivables	Non-Current			Current		
(at amortised cost)		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)	
Secured, considered good		-	-		-	
Unsecured, considered good (refer note 40)		200	-	1,311	2,143	
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		-	-		-	
Trade Receivables - Credit impaired		-	-	74	74	
Less: Allowance for impairment		-	-	(74)	(74)	
Unbilled Revenue (refer note 40)		-	-	870	880	
	Total	200		2,181	3,023	

#### Notes :

12

(i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

(ii) For balances with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

#### (iii) Expected Credit Loss (ECL)

Trade receivables of the Restricted Group are majorly from Central and State Electricity Distribution Companies (DISCOMs) which are Government entities with credit period of 30-60 days and from Unrestricted Group Entities. The Restricted Group is regularly receiving its dues from DISCOMs and Unrestricted Group entities. Delayed payments carries interest as per the terms of agreements with Unrestricted Group Entities and DISCOMs. Accordingly, in relation to these dues, the Restricted Group does not foresee any Credit Risk.

(iv) Ageing Schedule: a. Balance as at 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Millions) Outstanding for following periods from due date Sr No Particulars Unbilled Less than 6 6 Months Total Not Due 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 years months 1 year Undisputed Trade 1 receivables - Considered 870 1,192 273 25 16 0 5 2,381 good Undisputed Trade receivables - which have 2 significant increase in credit risk Undisputed Trade 12 15 47 3 receivables - credit 74 impaired Disputed Trade 4 receivables - Considered --good Disputed Trade receivables - which have 5 \_ ---\_ -significant increase in credit risk Disputed Trade 6 receivables - credit \_ ------. impaired Allowance for (12) (15) 7 ---(47) (74) impairment

b. Balar	nce as at 31st March, 2022	1			Outo	tanding for following	agginda from due da	to	(₹ in Millions)
Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 6 months			2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
1	Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	880	890	341	332	173	84	55	2,755
2	Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	27	4	43	74
4	Disputed Trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	268	-	-	-	-	268
5	Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
7	Allowance for impairment	-	-	-	-	(27)	(4)	(43)	(74)

#### Prayatna Developers Private Limited

(v) Punjab State Power Corporation Limited ("PSPCL") vide its letters dated 3rd December, 2021 has raised certain claims on the Company for excess energy injected during the period 18th May, 2018 to 30th September, 2021 from 50MW each solar power plant at Chughekalan and Sardargarh in terms of the power purchase agreement and has withheld ₹268 millions against power supply dues in previous years. The Company denied the contentions of PSPCL and had filed a petition with Punjab State Electricity Regulatory Commission ("PSERC"). PSERC dismissed the Petition and decided in favor to PSPCL. The Company has filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal For Electricity ("APTEL") contending that there is no violation of any PPA conditions.

During the quarter and year ended 31st March, 2023, the Company based on the principles of prudence, have reversed the Revenue of ₹ 268 millions against power supply dues recognised in previous year. However, the management expects favorable outcome in the matter in future and is confident of recoverability of the same.

#### Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

(vi) In a matter relating to tariff dispute with Hubli Electricity Supply Company Limited (DISCOM) on account of delayed commissioning of the project beyond the contractually agreed as per power purchase agreement, the Company received a favorable order from Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission ("KERC") on 11th November, 2020 directing DISCOM to make payment against supply of energy by the Company at contractual tariff rate of ₹ 4.79 / kWh instead of reduced tariff rate of ₹ 4.36 / kWh. Considering such favorable order, the Company had recognised incremental revenue for differential rate during the year ended 31st March, 2022 of ₹ 131 millions. However, the DISCOM along with Karnataka Power Transmission Corporation Limited (KPTCL) has filled an appeal before Appellate Tribunal for Electricity ("APTEL") in 2021, after expiry of appeal period, to set aside the order of KERC and to allow to continue to make payment at reduced tariff rate of ₹ 4.36 / kWh.

Based on such appeal and the principles of prudence, the Company have not recognised revenue for the differential rate for supply of energy for the current financial year from 1st April, 2022 to 31st March, 2023 amounting to ₹ 32 millions and during the quarter have reversed the revenue of ₹ 131 millions pertaining to the periods before 31st March, 2022. However, the management believes that the favorable order as passed by KERC will continue to be upheld at APTEL expecting favorable outcome in future and is confident of recoverability of the differential tariff due.

(vii) In a matter relating to tariff dispute with Uttar Pradesh Power Corporation Limited (DISCOM) on account of delayed commissioning of the project beyond the contractually agreed as per power purchase agreement, the Company has received a favourable order from Appellate Tribunal for Electricity ("APTEL") on 28th November, 2022 directing DISCOM to make payment against supply of energy by the Company at tariff rate of ₹ 7.02/kWh upto October, 2022 instead of reduced tariff rate of ₹ 7.02/kWh upto October, 2022 instead of reduced tariff rate of ₹ 5.07 / kWh against which DISCOM has filled an appeal in Hon'ble Supreme Court. In the current quarter, Hon'ble Supreme Court via order dated 27th February, 2023 directed DISCOM to make payment of rate difference amounting to ₹ 631 millions pertaining to power sale revenue upto October, 2022 and ₹ 188 millions towards Late Payment Surcharge in 4 monthly instalment from February, 2023 to May, 2023. As at 31st March, 2023, the Company has received ₹ 410 millions from DISCOM. For future period, Hon'ble Supreme Court has directed DISCOM to make payments at tariff rate of ₹ 5.07/kWh and make provision representing such rate difference, pending final result of Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Company has ascertained collection of revenue for the differential rate as "probable" for "revenue recognition purpose" in line with 'Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers" to the extent directed by Hon'ble Supreme Court and accordingly recognized incremental revenue of ₹ 631 millions pertaining to earlier years and ₹ 188 millions towards late payment surcharge.

Based on such instruction by Hon'ble Supreme Court to DISCOM for periods after October, 2022, the Company based on principles of prudence have not recognised revenue for the differential rate for supply of energy after October, 2022. However, the management expects favourable outcome in future and is confident of recoverability of the same.

(viii) During the year ended on 31st March,2023, the Company pursuant to the Notification of the Ministry Of Power dated 3rd June,2022 under the LPS Rules, 2022 has received intimation from certain DISCOMs in relation to opting of the EMI scheme by the respective DISCOMs as envisaged by the said notification. Under the said notification, the DISCOM will be eligible to pay the outstanding amount of ₹ 368 millions outstanding on 3rd June,2022 in 34/48 equated instalment along with Late Payment Surcharge of ₹ 133 millions. As on March 31, 2023 the amount outstanding against such EMI is ₹ 332 million (including LPS of ₹ 102 million which has been classified as other receivables under other financial assets).

Aging schedule has been accordingly updated to give effect of such EMI scheme opted by the Discoms. The amounts which would become due as per the EMI scheme after a period of 12 months from the balance sheet date have been accordingly classified as non-current.

As at

As at

#### 13 Cash and Cash equivalents

		31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Balances with banks			
In current accounts		20	151
Fixed Deposits (with Original maturity of less than three months)		1,079	-
	Total	1,099	151
Note:			
For charges created refer note 18 and 22.			
14 Bank balance (other than Cash and Cash equivalents)		As at	As at
		31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
		(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
Balances held as Margin Money (refer note (ii) below)		1,274	1,938
Fixed Deposits (with maturity for more than three months but less than 12 months)		1,263	265
	Total	2,537	2,203
Notes:			

(i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22.

(ii) Margin Money is pledged / lien against Rupee term loan, other credit facilities and Bonds.

15 Other Current Financial Assets		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Interest accrued but not due (refer note (iii) below)		47	517
Security deposit		11	10
Other Receivable (refer note 12 (vii) and (viii))		291	31
Claims Receivable (refer note (iv) below)		145	110
Fair value of Derivatives (refer note 34)		31	6
	Total	525	674
Notes:			

(i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22. (ii) For balances with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

(iii) For conversion of Interest accrued on intercorporate deposit given to Unrestricted Group Entities, refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement.

(iv) Claims receivable includes grants recognised as there are reasonable assurance that the Restricted Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

#### 16 Other Current Assets

6	Other Current Assets		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Advance for supply of goods and services (refer note (ii) below)		6	29
	Prepaid Expenses		12	10
	Unamortised variable consideration paid to Customers (DISCOMs)		20	
	Balance with Government authorities, Goods and Service Tax - Credit balances		12	7
		Total	50	46
	Notes:			

(i) For charges created refer note 18 and 22. (ii) For balances with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

17	Net Parent Investment		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Opening Net Parent Investment		4,520	5,253
	Add : Profit / (Loss) for the year (after tax)		400	(9)
	Add : Other Comprehensive (Loss) for the year (after tax)		(189)	(784)
	Add : Deemed Distribution to Holding company		-	60
	Add : Issue of Unsecured Perpetual Securities		5,012	-
	Closing Net Parent Investment	Total	9,743	4,520

Notes:

(i) Net Parent Investment represents the aggregate amount of share capital and other equity of Restricted Group of entities as at the respective year end and does not necessarily represent legal share capital for the purpose of the Restricted Group.

#### Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

(ii) The Company has issued Unsecured Perpetual Security to Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited. This security is perpetual in nature with no maturity or redemption and is repayable only at the option of the issuer. The distribution on this security is cumulative and at the discretion of the issuer at the rate in range of 10.50% to 15.25% p.a. where the issuer has an unconditional right to defer the same. As this security is perpetual in nature and ranked senior only to the Share Capital of the issuer and the issuer does not have any redemption obligation, this is considered to be in the nature of equity instruments.

(iii) During the year, the inter-corporate deposit taken from Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (Immediate Holding Company) of ₹ 4656 Millions and interest accrued there on ₹356 Millions has been agreed to be converted into Unsecured Perpetual Securities vide agreement dated 1st October, 2022.

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#### 18 Non - Current Borrowings

8	(At amortised cost)		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Secured borrowings			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Term Loans (refer note (i), (iv) and (vii) below)			
	From Financial Institutions		2,913	3,164
	Senior Secured USD Bonds (refer note (ii), (v) and (viii) below)		40,933	37,657
	Non Convertible Debenture (refer note (iii), (vi) and (ix) below)		5,121	5,563
	Unsecured borrowings			
	From Unrestricted Group Entities (refer note (a) below)		12,996	15,936
		Total	61,963	62,320

#### Notes:

The Security and repayment details for the balances as at 31st March, 2023

#### Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

(i) Rupee term loans from Financial Institutions aggregating to ₹ 1,396 millions (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 1,507 millions) are secured / to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets including free hold land, movable assets including plant and machinery and other assets relating to project and current assets including Debt Service Reserve Account, Trust and Retention Account other bank accounts, renewable energy certificate and carbon credit certificate and other reserves of the Company and further secured or to be secured / to be secured by pledge of 100% Equity shares held by the Immediate holding Company and secured by first paripasu charge by way of assigment of book debts, operating cash flow, receivables, commission, revenue both present and future, all bank accounts including trust and retention account and Cross Guarantee by Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited and Prayatna Developers Private Limited. The Rupee term loans carries an interest rate in range of 10.00% p.a. to 11.00% p.a. The rupee term loans are payable in 60 structured quarterly instalments each starting from financial year 2019-20.

(ii) Senior Secured USD Bond aggregating to ₹ 20,625 millions (As at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 19,024 millions) are secured / to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets including free hold land, movable assets including plant and machinery and other assets relating to project and current assets including Debt Service Reserve Account, Trust and Retention Account other bank accounts, renewable energy certificate and carbon credit certificate, charge/assignment of rights under all PPAs and other project documents in respect of each project and other reserves of the Company and also secured / to be secured by pledge of 100% Equity shares held by the Holding Company and Cross Guarantee by Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited and Prayatna Developers Private Limited. The same carries an interest rate of 6.54% p.a. The Bonds are repayable on 10th December, 2024, due-date as per the offering circular.

(iii) Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) aggregating to ₹ 2,739 millions (As at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 2,957 millions) are secured /to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets and movable assets including current assets of the Company on paripassu basis. Further, these are secured by pledge of 100% Equity shares held by Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (the Holding Company) and Cross Guarantee by Prayatna Developers Private Limited and Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited and first ranking pari passu charge on the monies lying to the credit of each of the project account, escrow account and DSRA account of the Issuer. The NCDs are payable in 49 structured quarterly instalments starting from financial year 2021-22.

## Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

(iv) Rupee term loans from Financial Institution aggregating to ₹ 756 millions (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 816 millions) are secured /to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets and movable assets including current assets of the Company and pledge of 100% Equity shares held by the Holding Company and first paripasu charge by way of assignment of book debts, operating cash flow, receivables, commission, revenue both present and future, all bank accounts including trust and retention account, Cross guarantee given by Prayatna Developers Private Limited (PDPL) and Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited (PSEPL). The same carries interest rate of 10.50% p.a. and are payable in 60 structured quarterly instalments starting from financial year 2019-20.

(v) Bonds aggregating to ₹ 11,670 millions (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 10,764 millions) are secured / to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets including free hold land, movable assets including plant and machinery and other assets relating to project and current assets including Debt Service Reserve Account, Trust and Retention Account other bank accounts, renewable energy certificate and carbon credit certificate, charge/assignment of rights under all PPAs and other project documents in respect of each project and other reserves of the Company and pledge of 100% Equity shares held by the Holding Company and Cross Guarantee by Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited and Prayatna Developers Private Limited. The same carries an interest rate 5.44% p.a. The Bonds are repayable on 10th December, 2024, due-date as per the offering circular.

(vi) Non-Convertible Debentures aggregating to ₹ 979 millions (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 1057 millions) are secured /to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets and movable assets including current assets of the Company on paripassu basis and pledge of 100% Equity shares held by Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (the Holding Company) and first ranking pari passu charge on the monies lying to the credit of each of the project account, escrow account and DSRA account of the Issuer and Cross guarantee given by Prayatna Developers Private Limited (PDPL) and Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited (PSEPL). The same carries an interest rate in range of 6.82% to 7.85% p.a. The NCDs are payable in 49 structured quarterly instalments starting from financial year 2021-22.

(vii) During the year Unsecured loans from Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (Immediate Holding Company) have been agreed to be converted into Unsecured Perpetual Securities (refer note 17 (iii)).

# Prayatna Developers Private Limited

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(viii) Rupee term loans from Financial Institutions aggregating to ₹ 1047 millions (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 1131 millions) is secured / to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets and movable assets including current assets of the Company. Further, facilities are secured by pledge of 100% Equity shares held by the Holding Company. The same carries an interest rate 10.50% p.a. and are payable in 60 structured quarterly instalments starting from financial year 2019-20.

(ix) Senior Secured USD Bond from Financial Institution aggregating to ₹ 8,793 millions (As at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 8,111 millions) are secured / to be secured by first charge on all immovable assets and movable assets including current assets of the Company. Further, secured by pledge of 100% Equity shares held by the Holding Company. The same carries an interest rate of 6.62% p.a. The Bonds are repayable on 10th December, 2024, due-date as per the offering circular.

(x) Non-Convertible Debentures aggregating to ₹ 1880 millions (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 2,029 millions) are secured / to be secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets and movable assets including current assets of the Company on pari passu basis. Further, these are secured by pledge of 100% Equity shares held by Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited (the Holding Company). The same carries an interest rate in range of 6.82% to 7.85% p.a. The NCDs are payable in 49 structured quarterly instalments starting from financial year 2021-22. First ranking pari passu charge on the monies lying to the credit of each of the project account, escrow account and DSRA account of the Issuer. Cross guarantee is given by Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited and Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited.

(xi) The amount disclosed in security details is gross amount before adjustments towards unamortised cost.

#### (a) Repayment schedule for the balances as at 31st March, 2023

(i) Loans from Unrestricted group entities are repayable on mutually agreed terms with in a period of five years from the date of the date of agreement and carry an interest rate ranging from 10.05% p.a. to 15.25% p.a.

(ii) Unpaid interest at year end is added with the principal amount as per the terms of the agreement. Refer Note 1 of Cashflow Statement.

19	Other Non - Current Financial Liabilities		As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
	Fair Value of Derivative (refer note 34)		-	18
		Total	-	18
20	Provisions		As at	As at
20	PIOVISIONS		31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
	Asset Retirement Obligation		121	-
		Total	121	•
	Note:			
	Movement in Asset Retirement Obligation		As at	As at
			31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
	Opening Balance		-	-
	Add: Addition During the year		113	-
	Add: Unwinding of Interest		8	-
	Closing Balance		121	•

21	Other Non-current Liabilities		As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
			(₹ in Millions)	(₹ in Millions)
	Government Grant (Deferred Income)		2,424	1,976
		Total	2,424	1,976
22	Current Borrowings		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Secured borrowings (refer note below)		(( 11 10113)	(( 11 10113)
	Term Loans (refer note (i), (ii) and (iii) below)			
	From Banks		-	1,000
	Current maturities of Non-current borrowings (secured) (refer note 18)		693	693
		Total	693	1,693

#### Notes: Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

(i) Short Term Loan from a financial Institution aggregating to Nil (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 400 millions) is secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets, movable assets and current assets of the Company on paripassu basis and pledge over 100% of the equity share of the Company and first ranking paripasu charge over Escrow accounts, projects accounts and amount received by each issuer under respective PPA's from time to time and guaranteed by Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited and Prayatna Developers Private Limited. The same is payable in bullet payment end of date in financial year 2022-23 and carries interest rate in a range of 6.72% p.a. to 7.96% p.a. on Short term Ioan and have been repaid during the year.

#### Prayatna Developers Private Limited

(ii) Short Term Loan from a Bank aggregating to Nil (as at 31st March, 2022 : ₹ 300 millions) is secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets, movable assets and current assets of the Company on pari passu basis. and the Security will be created and perfected in favour of the security trustee for the security parties including the bank except in deal of guarantee which will be entered between each issuer & the bank. Pari passu pledge over 100% of the equity shared of each of the issuers to be created and perfected within 60 Days from the date of first disbursement. & Pledge will not be created on the Equity shares of issuers held by nominee shareholder, further clarified that the number of Shares pledge for each lender will not exceed the maximum cap stipulated under 30% as Stipulated section 19 of banking regulations act 1949. The same is payable in bullet payment (one time) Which is end of Date in financial year 2022-23 and carries interest rate in a range of 6.86% p.a. to 8.79% p.a. on Short-term Ioan. The said Loan facility is repaid during the year.

(iii) Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with Bank are in agreement with the books of accounts.

## Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

(iii) Short Term Loan from a financial Institution aggregating to ₹ Nil (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 300 millions) was secured by first charge on all present and future immovable assets, movable assets and current assets of the Company on paripassu basis and pledge over 100% of the equity share of the Company and first ranking paripasu charge over Escrow accounts, projects accounts and amount received by each issuer under respective PPA's from time to time. The obligation of the Company was guaranteed by Prayatna Developers Private Limited and Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited. The same was payable in bullet payment end of date in financial year 2022-23 and carried interest rate in a range of 6.72% p.a. to 7.96% p.a. on Short term loan. The loan has been repaid during the year. (v) Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with financial institution are in agreement with the books of accounts.

(iv) Security note for Current maturities of non current borrowings are covered in Non current borrowings schedule (refer note18).

(v) The amount disclosed in security details is gross amount before adjustments towards unamortised cost.

5 Trade Payables		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Trade Payables			
<ul> <li>Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>		8	10
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		131	180
	Total	139	190

#### Notes:

23

(i) For balances with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

(ii) Ageing schedule:

a. Balar	nce as at 31st March 2023						(₹ in Millions)
			Outstanding for following periods from due date				
Sr No	Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
1	MSME	8	-	-	-	-	8
2	Others	61	65	1	1	3	131
3	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	69	65	1	1	3	139

b. Balance as at 31st March 2022							(₹ in Millions)
				Outstanding for following periods from due date			
Sr No	Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
1	MSME	10	-	-	-		10
2	Others	110	30	23	13	4	180
3	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-		-
4	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-		-
	Total	120	30	23	13	4	190

For the Year ended For the Year ended

24 Other Current Financial Liabilities		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings (refer note (iii) below)		794	735
Retention money payable		7	9
Capital creditors (refer note (i) and (ii) below)		39	921
Fair value of derivatives (refer note 34)		4	18
Deposit from customer		0	-
Other Payables		0	
	Total	844	1,683
Notes:			

(i) For balances with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

(ii) Capital creditors represents the amounts payable for purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Capital Work In Progress.

(iii) For conversion of unpaid interest on intercorporate deposit taken from Unrestricted Group Entities, refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement.

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25	Other Current Liabilities		As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Statutory liabilities		57	50
	Government Grant (Deferred Income)		100	79
	Advance From Customers		1	3
		Total	158	132
26	Revenue from Operations		For the Year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
	Revenue from Contract with Customers (refer note 40)			
	Revenue from Power Supply (refer note (ii) below and 12 (vi) and (vii))		8,932	8,995
	Sale of Spares (refer note below)		14	76
	Other Operating Revenue			
	Income from Viability in Gap Funding and Change in Law		94	72
		Total	9,040	9,143

#### Notes:

(i) For transactions with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

(ii) In a matter relating to tariff dispute with Gulbarga Electricity Supply Company Limited (DISCOM) on account of delayed commissioning of the project beyond the contractually agreed as per power purchase agreement, the Company received a favorable order from Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission ("KERC") on 10th July, 2020 directing DISCOM to make payment against supply of energy by the Company at contractual tariff rate of ₹ 5.35 / kWh instead of reduced tariff rate of ₹ 4.36 / kWh. Considering such favorable order, the Company had recognised incremental revenue for differential rate during the year ended 31st March, 2022 of ₹ 92 millions. However, the DISCOM along with Karnataka Power Transmission Corporation Limited (KPTCL) has filled an appeal before Appellate Tribunal for Electricity ("APTEL") in 2021, after expiry of appeal period, to set aside the order of KERC and to allow to continue to make payment at reduced tariff rate of ₹ 4.36 / kWh.

Based on such appeal and the principles of prudence, the Company have not recognised revenue for the differential rate for supply of energy for the current financial year from 1st April, 2022 to 31st March, 2023 amounting to ₹21 millions and have reversed the revenue ₹92 millions pertaining to the periods before 31st March, 2022. However, the management believes that the favorable order as passed by KERC will continue to be upheld at APTEL expecting favorable outcome in future and is confident of recoverability of the differential tariff dues.

## 27 Other Income

' Other Income		For the Year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Interest Income (refer note (i) below)		1,729	1,299
Gain on sale/ fair valuation of investments through profit and loss (net) (refer note (ii) below)		37	15
Sale of Scrap		1	7
Liabilities No Longer required written back		167	19
Miscellaneous Income		0	0
	Total	1,934	1,340

Notes:

(i) Interest income includes ₹ 940 millions (For the year ended 31st March, 2022:- ₹ 825 millions ) from inter corporate deposits and ₹ 387 millions (For the year ended 31st March, 2022:-₹397 millions) from Bank deposits and and ₹328 millions towards Late Payment Surcharge for power supply (For the year ended 31st March, 2022 : Nil) and 5 millions (For the year ended 31st March, 2022:- Nil) on Income Tax Refund. (ii) Includes fair value gain ₹ 5 millions (gain for the year ended 31st March, 2022 ₹ 1 millions).

(iii) For transactions with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

#### Finance costs 28

Note:

8 (at amortised cost)		31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
(a) Interest Expenses on financial liabilities:		· · ·	
Interest on Loans, Bond and debentures (refer note below)		5,707	5,818
Interest on Lease Liabilities		187	154
Interest Others		8	-
	(a)	5,902	5,972
(b) Other borrowing costs:			
(Gain) / Loss on Derivatives Contracts (net)		(1,515)	425
Bank Charges and Other Borrowing Costs		20	41
	(b)	(1,495)	466
(c) Exchange difference regarded as an adjustment to borrowing cost:		851	1,128
	(c)	851	1,128
	Total (a+b+c)	5,258	7,566

For transactions with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.

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(12) (30) **(47)** 

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(7) **171** 

29 Other Expenses		For the Year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Transmission expense		9	8
Stores and spare parts consumed		34	21
Repairs, Operations and Maintenance			
Plant and Equipment (refer note below)		476	400
Others		0	2
Expense related to short term leases (refer note 32)		2	2
Legal and Professional Expenses (refer note below)		81	86
Directors' Sitting Fees		1	0
Payment to Auditors			
Statutory Audit Fees		3	3
Tax Audit Fees		0	0
Others		1	-
Communication Expenses		6	5
Travelling and Conveyance Expenses		48	40
Insurance Expenses		49	53
Office Expenses			19
Loss on Sale / Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)		80	71
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss (net)		2,379	192
Electricity Expenses		40	0
Rates and Taxes		0	18
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses (refer note below)		26	9
Miscellaneous Expenses		8	7
	Total	3,243	936
<b>Note:</b> For transactions with Unrestricted Group entities refer note 37.			
30 Income Tax The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense :	rch, 2022 are:	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	rch, 2022 are:	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar	rch, 2022 are:	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense :	rch, 2022 are:	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section:	rch, 2022 are:	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax:	rch, 2022 are:	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit	rch, 2022 are: (a)	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit		31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax:		31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions) - (3 (3
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods	(a)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions)	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences		31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - -	31st March, 2022
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section:	(a)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - 171 171	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	(a) (b)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section:	(a)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - 171 171	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section:	(a) (b)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section: Deferred Tax	(ə) (b) (c)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section:	(ə) (b) (c)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st Mar Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section: Deferred Tax The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:	(ə) (b) (c)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) 	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions) (3 (3) (44) (264) (264) (264) (311) For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st March Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section: Deferred Tax The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows: Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Combined Statement of Profit and Loss Income tax using the Restricted Group's domestic tax rate 29.12% (as at 31st March, 2022 @ 2	(a) (b) (c) Total (a+b+c)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st March Income Tax Expense :  Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section: Deferred Tax The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows: Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Combined Statement of Profit and Loss Income tax using the Restricted Group's domestic tax rate 29.12% (as at 31st March, 2022 @ 2 Tax Effect of :	(a) (b) (c) Total (a+b+c)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions) (3 (3 (44 (44 (44 (264 (264 (264 (264 (311 For the Year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions) (56 (16
The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st March Income Tax Expense : Profit and Loss Section: Current Tax: Current Tax Credit Tax relating to earlier periods Deferred Tax: In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences OCI Section: Deferred Tax The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows: Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Combined Statement of Profit and Loss Income tax using the Restricted Group's domestic tax rate 29.12% (as at 31st March, 2022 @ 2	(a) (b) (c) Total (a+b+c)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Millions) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions) (3 (3) (44) (44) (264) (264) (264) (311) For the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Tax impact on permanent differences Income charged as per special provision of Income Tax Act, 1961

Non-deductible expenses Change in Tax Rate Others

Income tax recognised in Combined Statement of Profit and Loss at effective rate

Notes to Combined Financial Statements as at and for the Year ended 31st March, 2023 31 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for) :		Renewables
Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited & Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹in Millions)
The Restricted Group has received demand for liquidation damages from DISCOMS for projects completed beyond the contractually agreed dates. The Restricted Group has filed petitions with appelant authorities. The management believes the reasons for delay were not attributable to the Restricted Group. The Restricted Group expects favorable outcome in the matter.	154	643

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#### Pravatna Developers Private Limited

The Department is of the view of levying entry tax on goods procured from outside state which are used to set up solar power generation plant. The Department has raised demand amounting to ₹ 10 millions. The Company has filed Writ petition before Andhra Pradesh High Court alongwith stay application. On 19.03.2021, Stay Order has been granted by the High Court subject to payment of 25% of Entry Tax demanded in the Assessing Officer's Order. Accordingly, the payment of 25% of Entry Tax demanded has been paid to the Department on 1st April 2021.

Commitments :	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹in Millions)	As at 31st March, 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Capital Commitment (estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and		
not provided for)		
Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited	5	15
Prayatna Developers Private Limited	8	2
Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited	10	38
Total	23	55

#### 32 Leases

Restricted Group - 1

The Restricted Group has elected exemption available under Ind AS 116 for short term leases and leases of low value. The lease payments associated are recognized as expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

The Restricted Group has lease contracts for land used in its operations, with lease term of 25 to 30 years. The Restricted Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the lease.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 10.50% p.a.	
The following is the movement in Lease liabilities:	
Particulars	(₹in Millions)
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	1,543
Finance costs incurred during the year	154
Payments of Lease Liabilities	(134)
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,563
Finance costs incurred during the period	187
Alteration / modification in lease contract during the year	115
Payments of Lease Liabilities	(141)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	1.724

#### Classification of Lease Liabilities:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Current lease liabilities	177	125
Non-current lease liabilities	1,547	1,438

### Disclosure of expenses related to Leases:

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022
Interest on lease liabilities	187	154
Depreciation expense on Right-of-use assets	70	53
Expense related to low value assets and short term leases	2	2

For maturity profile of lease liabilities, refer note 33 of maturity profile of financial liabilities.

#### 33 Financial Instruments and Risk Review :

The Restricted Group's risk management activities are subject to the management direction and control under the framework of Risk Management Policy as approved by the Board of Directors of entities forming part of Restricted Group. The Management ensures appropriate risk governance framework for the Restricted Group through appropriate policies and processes and that risks are identified and measured properly.

The Restricted Group's financial liabilities (other than fair value of derivatives) comprise mainly of borrowings & interest accrued on the same, trade and other payables. The Restricted Group's financial assets (other than fair value of derivative) comprise mainly of investments, cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, loans, trade receivables, security deposit and other receivables.

The Restricted Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

Market risk;

- Credit risk; and

- Liquidity risk

#### Restricted Group - 1

Notes to Combined Financial Statements as at and for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and price risk.

#### i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Restricted Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Restricted Group's Non-current debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Restricted Group manages its interest rate risk by having a mixed portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. The Restricted Group borrowings from banks and financial institutions are at fixed and floating rate of interest, non convertible debentures and bonds at fixed rate of interest and borrowings from related parties are at fixed rate of interest.

The sensitivity analysis have been carried out based on the exposure to interest rates for instruments not hedged against interest rate fluctuations at the end of the reporting period. The said analysis has been carried on the amount of floating rate Non-current liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period. A 50 basis point increase or decrease represents the management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

In case of fluctuation in interest rates by 50 basis points and all other variable held constant, the Restricted Group's loss for the year would increase or decrease as follows:

	For the Year ended	For the year ended
	31st March, 2023	31st March 2022
	(₹in Millions)	(₹in Millions)
Total Exposure of the Restricted Group to variable rate of borrowing	3,199	4,445
Impact on Profit / Loss for the year	16	22

The year end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the year.

The Restricted Group intends to hold investment in mutual fund for relatively shorter period of time and hence the interest rate risk is not material to that extent.

#### ii) Foreign Currency risk

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Restricted Group is exposed to the effects of fluctuation in the prevailing foreign currency exchange rates on its financial position and cash flows. Exposure arises primarily due to exchange rate fluctuations between the functional currency and other currencies from the Restricted Group's operating and financing activities. The Restricted Group has hedged 100% of its foreign currency borrowings to that extent, the Restricted Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Every 1% depreciation / appreciation in the exchange rate between the Indian rupee and U.S.dollar and other currencies on the exposure relating to foreign currency creditors and acceptances of \$ 0 million and EURO 0 million as on 31st March, 2023 and \$ 2 million & EURO 0 millions as on 31st March, 2022, would have decreased/increased the Restricted Group's loss for the period / year as follows :

	For the Year ended	For the year ended	
	31st March, 2023	31st March 2022	
	(₹in Millions)	(₹in Millions)	
pact on Profit / Loss for the year	0	2	2

#### iii) Price risk

Imp

The Restricted Group does not have any price risk.

# Credit risk

#### Trade Receivable:

Major receivables of the Restricted Group are from State and Central distribution Companies (DISCOM) which are Government Entities and Unrestricted Group Entities & others. The Restricted Group is regularly receiving its dues from DISCOM. Delayed payments, if any, carries interest as per the terms of agreements with DISCOM. Trade receivables are generally due for lesser than one year, accordingly in relation to these dues, the Restricted Group does not foresee any Credit Risk.

#### Other Financial Assets:

This comprises mainly of deposits with banks, fair value of derivatives, loans, investments in mutual funds and other intercompany deposits. Credit risk arising from these financial assets is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are Unrestricted Group Entities, banks and recognised financial institutions. Banks and recognised financial institutions have high credit ratings assigned by the credit rating agencies. Intercompany deposits are placed with Unrestricted group entities.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Restricted Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Restricted Group monitors its risk of shortage of funds using cash flow forecasting models and matching profiles of financial assets and liabilities. These models consider the maturity of its financial investments, committed funding and projected cash flows from Restricted Group's operations. The Restricted Group's objective is to provide financial resources to meet its business objectives in a timely, cost effective and reliable manner and to manage its capital structure. Having regard to the nature of the business wherein the Company is able to generate fixed cash flows over a period of time, any surplus cash generated, over and above the amount required for working capital management and other operational requirements, is retained as cash and cash equivalents (to the extent required) and any excess is invested in highly marketable debt mutual funds with appropriate maturities to optimise the cash returns on investments while ensuring sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities or lent to Unrestricted group entities at market determined interest rate.

The Restricted Group expects to generate positive cash flows from operations in order to meet its external financial liabilities as they fall due. The Restricted Group has unconditional financial support from the Ultimate deemed holding company including extension of repayment terms of borrowings, as and when needed.

#### Maturity profile of financial liabilities:

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

					(₹in Millions)
As at 31st March, 2023	Notes	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings*	18 and 22	700	62,494	4,597	67,791
Lease Liabilities#	32	181	607	4,107	4,895
Trade Payables	23	139	-	-	139
Fair Value of Derivatives	24	4	-	-	4
Other Financial Liabilities	24	840	-	-	840
					(₹in Millions)
As at 31st March, 2022	Notes	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings*	18 and 22	1,700	56,805	5,822	64,327
Lease Liabilities#	32	128	513	4,090	4,731
Trade Payables	23	190	-	-	190
Fair Value of Derivatives	19 and 24	18	18	-	36
Other Financial Liabilities	24	1,665	-	-	1,665

# Carrying value of Lease liabilities as at 31st March, 2023 is ₹ 1,724 millions (as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 1,563 millions)

\* Gross of unamortised transaction costs

#### **Restricted Group - 1**

Notes to Combined Financial Statements as at and for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

#### Capital Management

The Restricted Group's objectives for managing capital is to safeguard continuity and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to shareholders through continuing growth. The Restricted Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year.

The Restricted Group sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments. The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation, debt securities and other Non-current/current borrowings. The

The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation, debt securities and other Non-current/current borrowings. The Restricted Group monitors capital on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio (Capital Gearing Ratio).

The Restricted Group believes that it will able to meet all its current liabilities and interest obligations in timely manner, Since most of the current liabilities is from Unrestricted Group entities.

The Restricted Group's capital management ensures that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowings in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital.

Particulars	Note	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹in Millions)	For the year ended 31st March 2022 (₹ in Millions)
Debt	18 and 22	62,656	64,014
Cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits (including DSRA, margin money and Current Investments)	7,11,13 and 14	7,607	5,754
Net Debt (A)		55,049	58,260
Total Net Parent Investment (B)	17	9,743	4,520
Total Net Parent Investment and net Debt (C)=(A+B)		64,793	62,780
Capital Gearing Ratio (A/C)		85%	93%

## Prayatna Developers Private Limited

"Except as disclosed below, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

During the year, the loan amount of ₹ 150 millions was advanced by the Company on 28th December, 2022 to Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited, a restricted group entity, which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, an unrestricted group entity, which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited, an ultimate holding company of the Company. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of ₹ 34 Millions was advanced by the Company on 10th January, 2023 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, an unrestricted group entity, which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited, an ultimate holding company of the Company. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business."

#### Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

"Except as disclosed below, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

During the year, the loan amount of ₹ 150 Million was borrowed by the Company from Prayatna Developers Private Limited, a restricted group entity, on 28th December, 2022 and advanced the same to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, an unrestricted group entity, on same date which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited, an ultimate holding company of the Company. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of ₹ 332 Million was advanced by the Company on 28th December, 2022 and 5th January, 2023 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, an unrestricted group entity, which has been further advanced by this entity on same dates to Adani Green Energy Limited, an ultimate holding company of the Company. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business."

#### Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

"Except as disclosed below, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

During the year, the loan amount of ₹ 45 Millions was advanced by the Company on 6th February, 2023 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, an unrestricted group entity, which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited, an ultimate holding company of the Company. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business."

#### 34 Derivatives and Hedging

### (i) Classification of derivatives

Derivatives are only used for economic hedging purposes and not as speculative investments. However, where derivatives do not meet the hedge accounting criteria, they are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss. Information about the derivatives used by the Restricted Group and outstanding as at the end of the financial year is provided below:

	Financial Assets		Financial Liabilities	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
	513C March, 2025	5130 1001011, 2022	5132 Moren, 2025	5 ISC March, 2022
Derivatives not designated as Hedging Instruments:	-	-	-	-
Derivatives designated as Hedging Instruments:	2,944	28	4	36
Forward contracts and Principal Only Swap	2,944	28	4	36

# (ii) Hedging activities

## Foreign Currency Risk

The Restricted Group is exposed to various foreign currency risks as explained in note 33 above. The Restricted Group has hedged 100% of its foreign currency borrowings to that extent, The Restricted Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

All these hedges are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

# Interest Rate Risk

The Restricted Group is exposed to interest rate risks on floating rate borrowings as explained in note 33 above.

# (iii) Hedge Effectiveness

There is an economic relationship between the hedged items and the hedging instruments as the terms of the hedge contracts match the terms of hedge items. The Restricted Group has established a hedge ratio of 1:1 for the hedging relationships as the underlying risk of the foreign exchange and interest rate are identical to the hedged risk components. To test the hedge effectiveness, the Restricted Group compares the changes in the fair value of the hedged items attributable to the hedged risks.

#### (iv) Source of Hedge ineffectiveness

In case of foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, the main source of hedge ineffectiveness is the effect of the counterparty and the Restricted Group's own credit risk on the fair value of hedge contracts, which is not reflected in the fair value of the hedged items. The effect of this is not expected to be material.

## (v) Disclosures of effects of Cash Flow Hedge

#### Hedging instruments

The Restricted Group has taken derivatives to hedge its borrowings and Interest accrued thereon.

Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	More than 5 Years	Total
2,568	41,085	-	43,653
2,369	37,896	-	40,265
	2,568	2,568 41,085	2,568 41,085 -

## (vi) The effect of the cash flow hedge in the Statement of Profit and Loss is as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Cash flow Hedge Reserve at the beginning of the year	(741)	31
Total hedging (loss) recognised in OCI	(256)	(1,048)
Income tax on above	67	276
Ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	-	-
Cash flow Hedge Reserve at the end of the year	(930)	(741)

The Restricted Group does not have any ineffective portion of hedge.

## (vii) The outstanding position of derivative instruments is as under:

Nature	Purpose	As at 31st March, 2023		As at 31st Ma	rch, 2022
		Nominal Value (₹ in Millions)	Foreign Currency (USD in Millions)	(Nominal Value) (₹ in Millions)	Foreign Currency (USD in Millions)
	Hedging of Bonds and				
Forward contracts	Interest accrued but not due Hedging of Foreign	2,568	31	2,369	31
Principle only Swap	Currency Bonds Principal	41,085	500	37,896	500
	Total	43,653	531	40,265	531
The details of foreign currer	ncy exposures not hedged by a	derivative instruments are <b>As at 31st Ma</b> r		As at 31st Ma	rch. 2022
	Currency	(₹ in Millions)	Foreign Currency (in Million)	(₹ in Millions)	Foreign Currency (in Million)
1. Creditors and Acceptances	S USD	3	0	181	2
2. Creditors and Acceptance	s EUR	0	0	0	0
	Total	3	0	181	2

(Closing rate as at 31st March, 2023 : INR/USD-82.17, INR/EUR- 89.44 and as at 31st March, 2022 : INR/USD-75.79, INR/EUR- 84.22)

35 Fair Value Measurement :

a) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2023 is as follows :

				(₹ in Millions)
Particulars	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,099	1,099
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,537	2,537
Investments	-	934	-	934
Trade Receivables	-	-	2,381	2,381
Loans	-		9,271	9,271
Fair Value of Derivatives	2,944	-	-	2,944
Other Financial assets	-	-	4,499	4,499
Total	2,944	934	19,787	23,665
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	-		62,656	62,656
Lease Liabilities	-	-	1,724	1,724
Trade Payables	-		139	139
Fair Value of Derivatives	4	-	-	4
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	840	840
Total	4		65,359	65,363

b) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2022 is as follows :

				(₹ in Millions)
Particulars	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	151	151
Bank balances other than cash and cash			2,203	2,203
equivalents	-	-	2,205	2,205
Investments	-	43	-	43
Trade Receivables	-	-	3,023	3,023
Loans	-	-	7,682	7,682
Fair Value of Derivatives	29	-	-	29
Other Financial assets	-	-	5,185	5,185
Total	29	43	18,244	18,316
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	64,014	64,014
Lease Liabilities	-	-	1,563	1,563
Trade Payables	-	-	190	190
Fair Value of Derivatives	36	-	-	36
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	1,647	1,647
Total	36	•	67,414	67,450

#### Notes:

(i) Investments in Unrestricted Group Entities classified as equity investments have been accounted at historical cost, not in scope of Ind AS 109 hence not disclosed above.

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost is not materially different from its carrying value. Further, impact of time value of money is not significant for the financial instruments classified as current accordingly the fair vaule has not been disclosed separately.

(iii) Trade Receivables, Cash and Cash Equivalents, Other Bank Balances, Other Financial Assets, Current Borrowings, Trade Payables and Other Current Financial Liabilities: Fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.

### 36 Fair Value hierarchy :

		(₹ in Millions)
	As at 31st March	, 2023
	Level 2	Total
	2,944	2,944
	934	934
Total	3,878	3,878
	4	4
Total	4	4
		(₹ in Millions)
	Level 2	Total
	43	43
	29	29
Total	72	72
	36	36
Total	36	36
	Total	2,944       935       936

(i) The fair values of investments in mutual fund units is based on the net asset value ('NAV').

(ii) The fair values of the derivative financial instruments has been determined using valuation techniques with market observable inputs as at reporting date. The models incorporate various inputs including the credit quality of counter-parties and foreign exchange rates.

## 37 Related Parties

The Restricted Group entities have certain transactions with entities which are not covered under Restricted Group (Unrestricted Group entities).

Entities with control or significant influence over the Ultimate Deemed Holding Company	:	S. B. Adani Family Trust (SBAFT) Adani Trading Services LLP Adani Properties Private Limited
Ultimate Deemed Holding Company	:	Adani Green Energy Limited
Immediate Holding Company	:	Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited
Entity with significant influence over, the Immediate Holding Company	:	Total Solar Singapore Pte Ltd
Subsidiary Company of PSEPL	:	Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited
Unrestricted Group Entities (Including Fellow Subsidiaries and Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excerise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly) (with whom transactions are done)		Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) Adani Green Energy (Tamii Nadu) Limited Adani Solar Energy (Tamii Nadu) Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy One Limited) Adani Solar Energy Kutho Doe Limited (Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited) Kodangal Solar Parks Private Limited (Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited) Kodangal Solar Parks Private Limited (Formerly known as SB Energy Solar Private Limited) Adani Solar Energy AP Seven Private Limited (Formerly known as SB Energy Solar Private Limited) Adani Solar Energy AP Seven Private Limited (Formerly known as SB Cleantech Projectco Private Limited) Adani Solar Energy AP Six Private Limited (Formerly known as Roseptel Solar Energy Private Limited) Mundra Solar V Limited Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer One Limited (Formerly known as Roseptel Solar Energy Private Limited) Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer One Limited (Formerly known as Roseptel Solar Energy Eighteen Limited) Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Five Private Limited) Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Five Private Limited) Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited Adani Solar Energy Ka Nine Private Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Five Private Limited) Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited Adani Solar Energy Five Limited Adani Solar Energy Jour Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projecto Five Private Limited) Adani Renewable Resources Private Limited Adani Solar Energy John Prive Private Limited (Formerly known as SB Energy Four Private Limited) Adani Transmission (India) Limited Spinel Energy & Infrastructure Limited Spinel Energy Johnpur Five Private Limited (Formerly known as SB Energy Four Private Limited) PN Clean Energy Limited Vento Energy Infrastructure Limited (Formerly known as SB Energy Private Limited) Adani Foundation Adani Renewable Energy Holding Four Limited (Formerl

#### Key Management Personnel

Dhaval Shah, Managing Director Rajiv Mehta, Director Dipak Gupta, Director Sushma Oza, Independent Director Chitra Bhatnagar, Director Ankit Shah, Chief Financial Officer Vishal Kotecha, Company Secretary

Parampujya Solar Energy Private Limited

#### Prayatna Developers Private Limited

Rajiv Mehta, Director (w.e.f. 25th October, 2021) Dhaval Shah, Managing Director Jay Shah, Independent Director Ankit Shah, Director Chitra Bhatnagar, Independent Director Surbhi Jain, CS (w.e.f. 4th January, 2022)

# Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

Raj Kumar Jain, Director Ankit Shah, Director Kirti Joshi, Director (upto 25th October, 2021) Ravi Kapoor, Independent Director Rajiv Mehta, Director Nayna Gadhvi, Independent Director Jatin Amareliya, Company Secretary

#### Terms and conditions of transactions with Unrestricted Group entities

Outstanding balances of Unrestricted Group entities at the year-end are unsecured. Transaction entered into with Unrestricted group entities are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

The names of the Unrestricted Group Entities and nature of the relationships where control exists are disclosed irrespective of whether or not there have been transactions between the related parties. For others, the names and the nature of relationships is disclosed only when the transactions are entered into by the Restricted Group with the Unrestricted Group Entities during the existence of the related party relationship. Transactions in excess of 10% of the total related party transactions for each type has been disclosed in note below.

adani Renewables

		For the Year e	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023			For the Year	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022	
Particulars	Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	Key Management Personnel	Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Imm ediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	key Management Personnel
Conversion of Borrowings (Loan Taken) to Perpetual Securities	5,012	•	•				•	
Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited	5,012							1
Loan Given	•	1,614	•			3,520	N	•
Adani Green Energy Six Limited		892				1,272		
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)	ı	370		ı		1,943	·	
Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited		352		1				I
Loan Received Back	•	•	24	•	•	2,706		•
Adani Green Energy Six Limited						1,096		
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)						1,610		
Mundra Solar PV Limited			24					
Interest Income on Loan		940	-	•		823	N	
Adani Green Energy Six Limited		218	1			185		
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)	1	370		I	ı	333		1
Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited		352		1		305		
						c		
Loan laken	61/'I	•	•	•	0c/'l	7	•	
Adani Green Energy Twency Three Limited	וי/ות				00/1			•
Loan Repaid Back		2			1,805			
Adani Green Energy Six Limited		2	1					
Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited					1,805			
						(		
Interest Expense on Loan	2,0/5	D			C/2/2	D		
Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited	2,0/6			'	91212			

adani Renewables

		For the Year (	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023			For the Year	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022	
Particulars	Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	Key Management Personnel	Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	Key Management Personnel
Other Balances Transfer from (including advances / reimbursement)	σ	0			0	0	•	
Adani Green Energy (Tamil Nadu) Limited						0		
Adani Green Energy Limited	6			-	0			
Adani Solar Energy Kutchh One Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy One Limited)						0		ı
Other Balances Transfer To (including advances reimbursement)	5	0	0	•	0	•		•
Adani Green Energy Limited	5		1		0		1	
Purchase of Asset	•	12	•	•	•	0		•
Adani Green Energy (Tamil Nadu) Limited		1		1	1		1	
Adani Solar Energy AP Six Private Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Private Limited)	I	3		ı	1	ı		ı
Essel Urja Private Limited		-	1				1	
Kodangal Solar Parks Private Limited						0		
TN Urja Private Limited		-						
Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited		3		'	1	1		
			106		c		250	
Adami Jafrantructure Management Continue		-				-		
Audin minasu uccure Managemenu services Limited			305				256	
Purchase of Goods	9	93	12		352	27	0	
Adani Green Energy Limited			-		352		-	
Adani Renewable Energy Holding Ten Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy Ten Limited)	ı	61			'	ı		ı
Mundra Solar PV Limited			12	-	'			

adani Renewables

37b. Transactions with Related Parties		For the Year e	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023			For the Year	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022	(₹ in Millions)
Particulars	Ultimate Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	Key Management Personnel	Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	Key Management Personnel
Sale of Assets		2	o	•	0	34	•	
Adani Solar Energy AP Six Private Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Private Limited)	ı	-	ı	I	I	ı		I
Dinkar Technologies Private Limited			1			27		
Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited		-	I				1	
Sale of Goods		14	•	•	7	44	25	
Adani Renewable Energy (MH) Limited			1			8	1	
Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited (Formerly known as Roseptel Solar Energy Private Limited)	,	σ		1	ı	1		1
Adani Transmission (India) Limited	•			•		•	25	
Essel Urja Private Limited			T			14	1	
Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited		2				10		
Director Sitting Fees				-		•		0
Jay Himmatlal Shah	•	•	•	0	-		-	
Ravi Kapoor					-			0
Chitra Bhatnagar			1	L		-	•	1
Nayana Gadhavi				0				0
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses, Contribution	٠	•	25				10	
Adani Foundation			25				10	
Reversal of Interest			156					
Adani Global DMCC		•	156	·	ı			

	lst March, 2023
	Year ended 31st Marc
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<b>Restricted Grou</b>	Notes to Combir

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37c. Balances With Related Parties								(₹ in Millions)
		As at 31st	st March, 2023			As at 31	As at 31st March, 2022	
Particulars	Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	key Management Personnel	Ultimate Deemed Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company	Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to excercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly)	key Management Personnel
Borrowings (Loan)	12,996				15,934	0		
Adani Green Energy Twenty Three Limited	12,996				15,934			
Borrowings (Perpecual Securicies)	8,404 0 4 1 4	•	•	•	<b>5,44C</b>	•		
	0,404				2,442			
Loans & Advances Given		9,311		•		7,698	24	
Adani Green Eneray Six Limited		2,792				1,899		
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)		3,862		,	'	3,492		
Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited	-	2,658		-	-	2,306		-
Accounts Payable (Inclusive of Capital Creditors)	0	м	28	~	355	356	185	•
Adani Global DMCC							144	
Adani Green Energy Limited					355			
Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited			28		I		1	ı
Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited (Formerly known as Roseptel Solar Energy Private Limited)					ı	214	· ·	
Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited						135		
Accounts Receivable	0	17	0		21	300	50	
Adani Renewable Energy (MH) Limited		σ			-			
Adani Renewable Energy Holding Ten Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy Ten Limited)				ı	I	223	1	,
Dinkar Technologies Private Limited		5						

Note: Refer foot note 1 of cash flow statement for conversion of unpaid / unrealised interest on ICD taken and given respectively from / to Unrestricted Group Entities in to the ICD balances as on reporting date as per the terms of contract.

- 38 The Restricted Group's activities during the period revolve around renewable power generation. Considering the nature of The Restricted Group's business, as well as based on reviews by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resource allocation and performance measurement, there is only one reportable segment in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments", prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. As the Restricted Group's entire revenues are from domestic sales, no separate geographical segment is disclosed.
- 39 During the previous year, the Restricted Group has refinanced certain borrowings through issuance of listed Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs). On account of such refinancing activities, the Restricted Group incurred onetime expenses of ₹ 140 Millions (i.e. charge of unamortised costs and prepayment costs) which is shown as exceptional item.

#### 40 Contract Balances

(a) The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from the contracts with customers.

		(₹ in Millions)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Trade receivables (refer note 12)	1,511	2,143
Unbilled Revenue (refer note 12)	870	880
The unbilled revenue primarily relate to the Restricted Group's right to consideration for power supply b	out not billed as at the reporting	date.
(b) Reconciliation the amount of revenue recognised in the Unaudited Combined statement of profit an	d loss with the contracted price:	
		(₹ in Millions)
Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
rai li cuidi s	74-1 44-1-1 0007	74-1 44 0000

Factorials	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Revenue as per contracted price (refer note 12 (vi) and (vii))	9,109	9,132
Adjustments		
Discount on Prompt Payments	58	61
Unamortised variable consideration paid to Customers (DISCOMs)	105	-
Revenue from contract with customers	8,946	9,071
The Restricted Group does not have any remaining performance obligation for sale of goods		

The Restricted Group does not have any remaining performance obligation for sale of goods.

#### 41 Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On 31st March, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 by issuing the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, applicable from 1st April, 2023, as below:

#### Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments require companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information, together with other information, is material when it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users of general purpose financial statements. The Company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

#### Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

The amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments narrowed the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of Ind AS 12 (recognition exemption) so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The Company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

# Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The amendments will help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The definition of a change in accounting estimates has been replaced with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The Company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

## 42 The Company do not have any transaction to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amendment to Schedule III:

- 1. Title deeds of immovable property not in the name of the Company
- 2. Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
- 3. Benami Property held under Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)
- 4. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies
- 5. Transaction with Struck off Companies
- 6. Related to Borrowing of Funds:
  - i. Borrowing obtained on the basis of Security of Current Assets
  - ii. Willful defaulter
  - iii. Utilization of borrowed fund and share premium
  - iv. Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings
- 43 During the year, a short seller report was published in which allegations were made involving Adani Group Companies. A public writ petition was filed in the matter with the Hon'ble Supreme Court ("SC"), and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") has represented to the SC that it is investigating the allegations made in the short seller report for any violations of the SEBI Regulations. The SC in terms of its order dated 2nd March, 2023 has also constituted expert committee to investigate and advice into the various aspect of existing laws and regulations and also directed to the SEBI to consider certain additional aspects in its scope. The above-mentioned investigations are in progress as of date.

To uphold the principles of good governance, the Adani Group has undertaken review of transactions referred in the short seller's report (including those pertaining to the Company, if any) through an independent law firm and the report confirms that the Ultimate Deemed Holding Company, Adani Green Energy Limited, and its subsidiaries are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Based on the foregoing, the management of the Restricted Group is of the view that there is not likely to have any impact on the financial statements in this regard arising from the above matters.

Entities forming part of the Restricted Group does not have any employees. The operational management and administrative functions of the entities forming part of the Restricted Group are being managed by the Ultimate Holding Company.

## 45 Events occurring after the Balance sheet Date

The Restricted Group evaluates events and transactions that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to approval of the unaudited combined financial statements to determine the necessity for recognition and/or reporting of any of these events and transactions in the unaudited combined financial statements. There are no subsequent events to be recognized or reported that are not already disclosed.

#### 46 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 20th May, 2023.

The notes referred above are an integral part of the Combined Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Gothi Kantilal Digitally signed by Gothi Kantilal Govabhai Govabhai Date: 2023.05.20 16:12:24+05'30'

Kanti Gothi Partner Membership No. 127664

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023 For and on behalf of the board of directors of ADANI GREEN ENERGY TWENTY THREE LIMITED

SAGAR Digitally signed by RAJESHBHAI DANN ADANI DISHEAL DANN ADANI DISHEAL DANN DANN DISHEAL DANN DANN DISHEAL DANN DANN DISHEAL DANN DISHEAL DISHEAL DANN DISHEAL DISHEAL DANN DISHEAL DISHEA

Director DIN: 07626229

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 20th May, 2023 VNEET S Digitally signed by VNEET S JAAIN JAAIN Date: 2023.05.20 15:46:35 +05'30'

Vneet S. Jaain Director DIN: 00053906