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Adani Green Energy Limited Analyst Presentation



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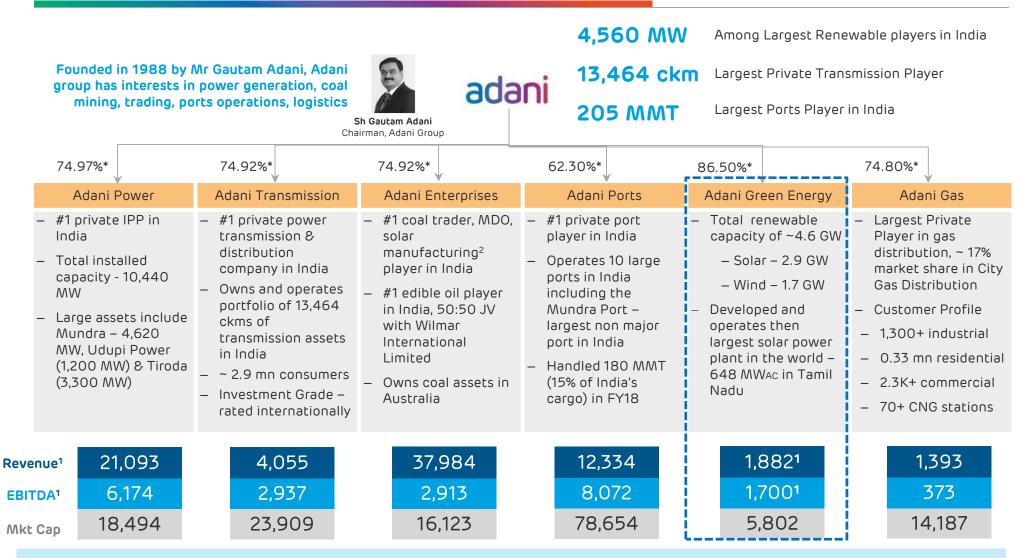
A Appendix

1. Adani Group

1. Adani Group

A. About Adani Group

Leading Infrastructure Conglomerate in India



Combined mkt cap > INR 157,000 cr, infrastructure conglomerate with 2 IG rated companies

*Shareholding as on 29th March 2019, Balance held by public;

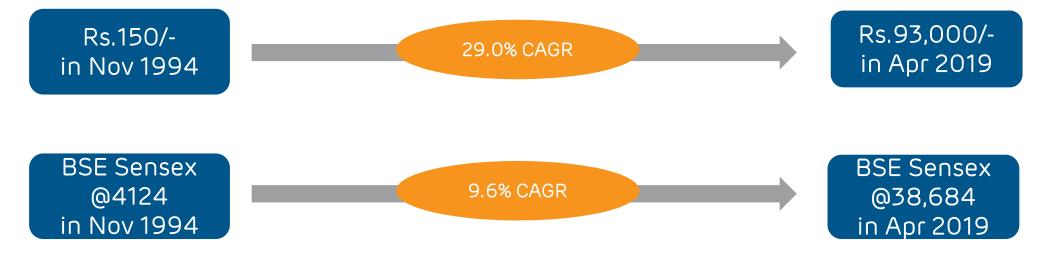
Market Cap data as on 29th Mar 2019; All nos in INR Cr

5 1. FY18 performance for group cos; AGEL 9M nos annualized, 2. AEL holds the cell and module manufacturing facility located in Mundra

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Case Study : AEL Value Creation ~ 30% CAGR over 25 Yrs

| IPO in Nov 1994 | In 10 yrs from IPO | In 20 yrs from IPO | After 2015 group restructuring | As on Date |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Adani Enterprises – 1 share worth Rs.150/- | Adani Enterprises – 40 shares (supported by Bonus & Splits) | Adani Enterprises – 80 shares (supported by Bonus & Splits) | Adani Enterprises – 80 shares APSEZ – 113 shares APL – 149 shares ATL – 80 shares | Adani Enterprises – 80 shares APSEZ – 113 shares APL – 149 shares ATL – 80 shares AGEL – 61 shares AGL – 80 shares |



Adani Enterprises Limited (the first listed group company) has delivered exceptional returns over the years unlocking great value and returns for its shareholders

The above analysis has excluded all annual dividend pay-outs by AEL and APSEZ



1. Adani Group

B. Project Execution

Track Record of Delivering World Class Assets

Leveraging Core Strengths



Mega project developed, constructed

- Mega project developed, constructe and commissioned in 9 months
- Location: Kamuthi, Tamilnadu
- Solar Irradiation: 1,900 kWh / m² / year
- Capacity: 1.25 BU / year

Largest commercial port of India

- Location: Gulf of Kutch with access to northern and western parts of India
- Capacity: 100 MMT cargo / year
- Fastest implementation ever by any power developer in India - record completion of inception to synchronization within 36 months
- Location: Mundra, Gujarat
- Capacity: 4,620 MW

Only HDVC line in India to be executed by a private player

- Location: Mundra-Mohindergarh
- Capacity: 1,980 Ckt Kms

Our execution capabilities are exemplified by the world class infrastructure assets constructed by the group

Delivering World Class Assets



Mastered skill of executing complex infrastructure projects

- Adani Group's "Execution Engine" available to all Adani Group Companies
- Group has executed projects across multiple infrastructure sub-segments on a pan India level with strong presence in energy sector

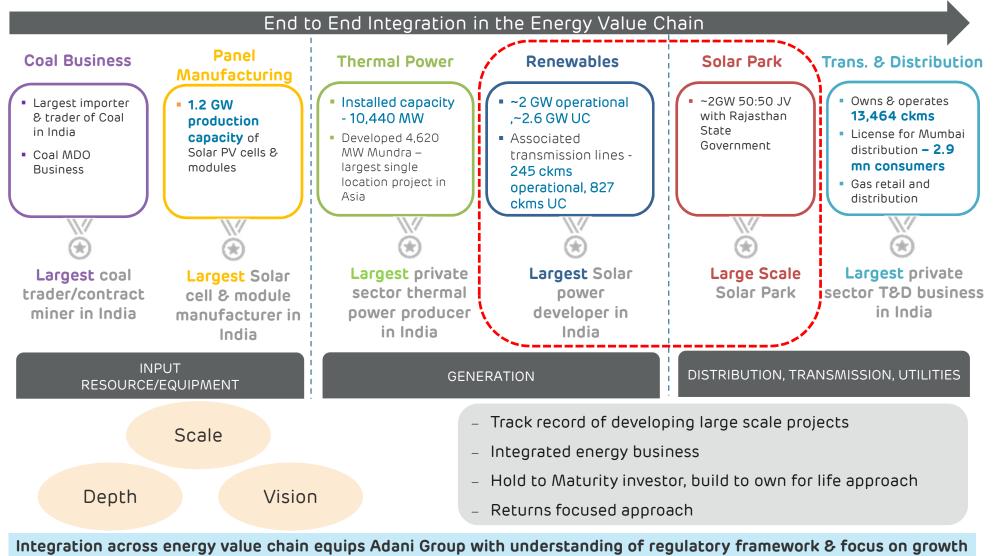


All group companies enjoy the benefits of strong sponsor support and execution capabilities

1. Adani Group

C. Adani Group Energy Presence

Largest Integrated Energy Player in India



UC - Under Construction, PV - Photo Voltaic, MDO - Mine Development cum Operator, ckm - Circuit Kilometers, T&D - Transmission and Distribution, JV - Joint Venture

Key Stakeholder touchpoints across energy landscape in India

| Ministry | Ministry of (conventional) Power (MoP) / Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (MNRE) | Î | /(一一〇 | * | |
|--|--|-----|---------------|----------|-------------|
| Advisory | Central Electricity Authority of India (CEA) Advisory arm of MoP on matters relating to the National Electricity Policy and formulating plans for the development of the sector | Î. | <u>。</u> 一 | | |
| | Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) | | ¢_/ @) | | ☆ -& |
| Regulatory | State Electricity Regulatory Commission (SERC) | 444 | ЩŅ | | <u>_</u> |
| | National Load Dispatch Center (NLDC) / Regional Load Dispatch Center (RLDC) | Îm | ې_ې ۱ | | * -~ |
| Statutory | State Load Dispatch Center (SLDC) | | | | <u>X 8</u> |
| | Cooked Teaconicsion Utility (CTU) / State Teaconicsion Utility (STU) | | | | |
| Transmission & Distribution utilities | Central Transmission Utility (CTU) / State Transmission Utility (STU) | Î. | | | 茶 :金 |
| Distribution utilities | State DISCOMs, We also own Mumbai Distribution Business | | | ~ | <u> </u> |
| | | | ~ / | | |
| Dispute Resolution | Appellate Tribunal for Electricity (APTEL) | 144 | | | 餐 餐 |

Group has relationships / touchpoints across all regulatory bodies, policy making arms, dispute resolution and government entities in the energy sector value chain through its generation business, transmission business and distribution business

DISCOMs - Distribution Companies

2. Adani Green Energy

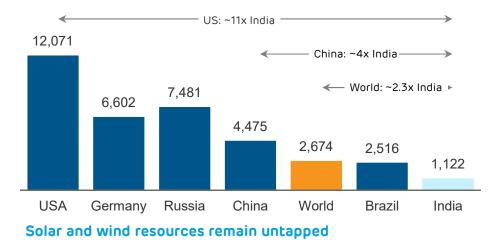
2. Adani Green Energy

A. Industry Overview & Growth Drivers

Industry Overview (1/2)

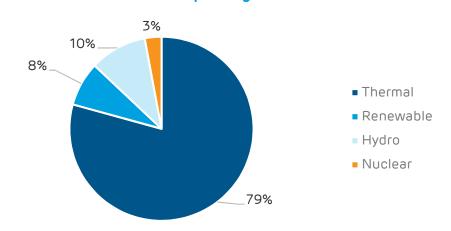
India has significant headroom for power consumption growth

Per capita power consumption 2016 (KWh)



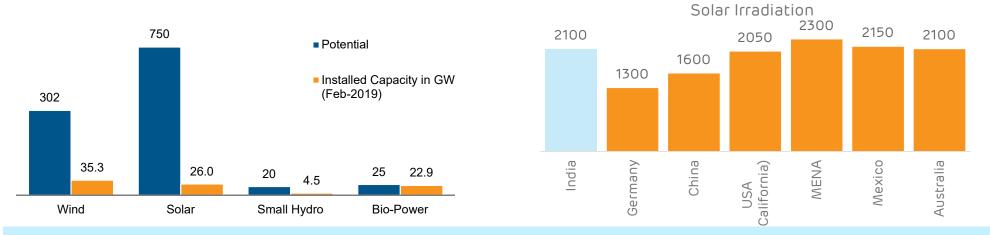
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Renewables' overall share in power generation remains low



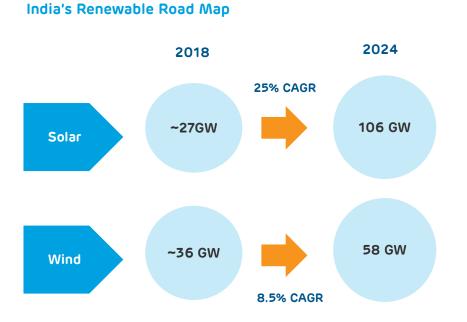
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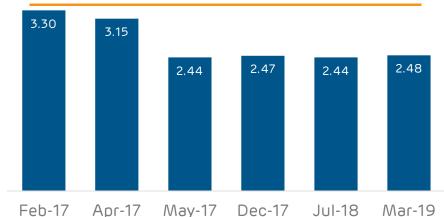
Lower share of renewable energy and higher potential provide opportunities for growth in the renewable sector

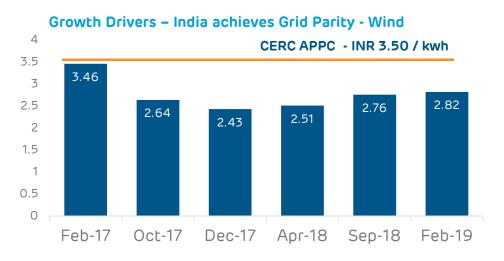
Industry Overview (2/2)



To achieve the target as mentioned above, it is estimated that ~USD 100 billion would be invested in the renewable sector

Growth Drivers – India achieves Grid Parity - Solar CERC APPC - INR 3.50 / kwh





With tariffs in renewable sector below CERC APPC, incentives for discoms to purchase renewable power increases

APPC: Average Power Purchase Cost

Solar Sector – Paradigm Shift and Our Response

| Project Setup / Technology - biligation Higher p in evolve Project Size / Investors - Project s Project Size / Investors | enetration was only driven by RPO ons plant setup costs, O&M costs, technology ement stage sizes used to be small development done by small players , no | Technology and efficiency improvement, decrease in module prices by ~ 60% Improvement in plant design leading to increase in utilization reducing tariff Decreasing costs promoted states to invite |
|--|---|---|
| Project Size / Investors - Project | | Decreasing costs promoted states to invite |
| | frastructure players involved | larger size bids (~ 100 MW). Strategic players entered the sector leading to economies of scale for capex and opex |
| Project Locations supporte – These St | s were being set up only in States which ed purchase of higher power cost tates were not necessarily best locations r resources | Bids based on ISTS substations led to discovery of good resource areas Development of solar parks with ready land and evacuation made sector attractive for foreign players (lower cost of capital) |
| Power Purchase Cost resulted | Capital Cost led to higher tariffs and d in lower purchase by DISCOMs as se of solar power increased APPC | Tariffs lower than APPC due to technological improvement incentivizing DISCOMs to buy more solar power Non inflationary nature of tariff will provide incremental benefit over PPA life |

- Our Response
- Complete value chain capture In house design and engineering, procurement through strategic partners, project management, land acquisition as well as O&M through cutting edge technology

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- Sites identified based on parameters like resource, land cost, policy, evacuation and potential upcoming bids

RPO: Renewable Purchase Obligation

Wind Sector – Paradigm Shift and Our Response

| | Past Dynamics of the sector | What has changed today |
|---------------------|--|---|
| FIT Tariff Basis | FIT was largely based on CUFs and existing WTG models being supplied by OEMs So, no incentives with OEMs to introduce new and better machines | In 2017, majority bids were invited based on ISTS substations and tariff started coming down The lower tariff pushed the OEMs to introduce new and more efficient WTGs, sites |
| Type of Investors | Due to the small size of projects, majority of them were sold as financial investments Hence, no major focus on performance parameters like CUF, O&M costs, etc. | Due to increase in size of bid, new energy players entered sector as strategic investors leading to more focus on performance parameters |
| Project Locations | Initially, projects were in areas where Grid Infrastructure was present, so some projects were not at best places resource wise No inclination to discover new and better sites | Unexplored Good wind resource areas having ISTS network are being tapped into ISTS looking to develop more transmission infrastructure to tap "New Wind Zones" |
| Power Purchase Cost | No opportunity to purchase lower cost wind power from ISTS due to lack of framework Higher PPC led to power purchase in small capacities | Instead of buying wind power from project located within the same State (mostly costlier power), power is bought from best wind States through the ISTS network (cheaper power) |
| Margins | OEMs were doing shadow price based on returns to financial investor and their WTG costs and margins were fully opaque | |
| – De | veloping sites by identifying resource rich areas through wir | nd campaigns run with ~50 Wind Masts, more in pipeline |

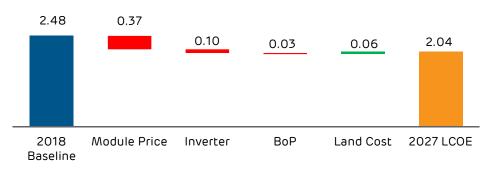
| | | Developing sites by identifying resource rich areas through wind campaigns run with ~50 Wind Masts, more in pipeline |
|--|--------------|--|
| | Our Response | - Sites identified based on parameters like resource, land cost, policy, evacuation and potential upcoming bids |
| | Our Response | Developed in house O&M capability |
| | | - Developed capabilities for in-house EPC of Wind projects and only source WTGs from OEM, leading to optimized LCOE |
| | | |

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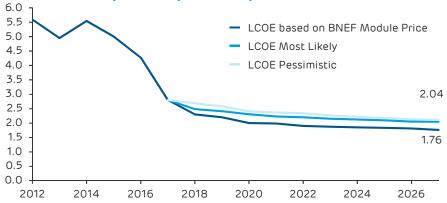
ISTS: Inter-State Transmission System

Competitive delivered cost of renewable power

Solar LCOE Drivers



- Current LCOE for Solar is INR 2.48 / unit
- Including the transmission charges of INR 1.0 / unit, the total landed cost for Solar is ~ INR 3.48 / unit
- LCOE of Solar is expected to fall in line with decline in module price



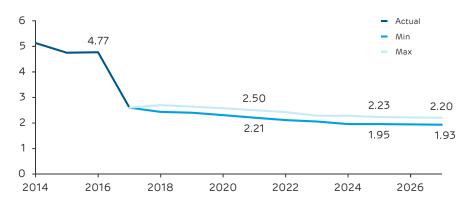
Solar LCOE Projections (INR / kwh)

Wind LCOE Drivers



- Current LCOE for Wind is INR 2.60 / unit
- Including the transmission charges of INR 1.0 / unit, the total landed cost for Solar is ~ INR 3.60 / unit
- Technological improvement in Wind turbine will reduce LCOE of wind

India Wind Power tariff trend (INR / kwh)



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Hybrid technology driving RTC Solution



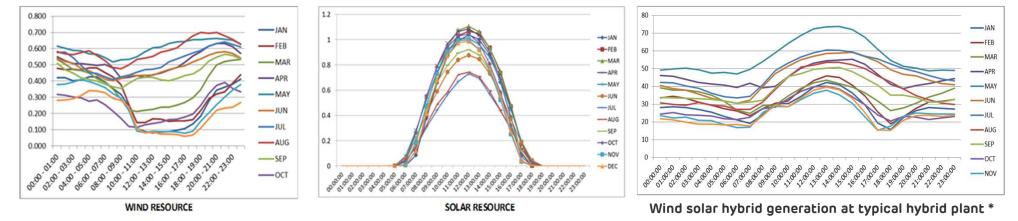
- In Dec 2018, SECI conducted the first successful wind solar hybrid auction for 1,200 MW in the country
- AGEL and Softbank backed SB Energy were the only 2 bidders in the auction and won 840 MW of the 1,200 MW

AGEL won 390 MW at INR 2.69 / unit in auction
 Pattern of Solar and Wind Resource across day

Key Considerations for Hybrid

- Solar and Wind Power Plants characteristically generate power at different intervals and during complementary seasons
 - This helps to ensure that the level of energy being fed into the grid is steadier than that of Wind or Solar PV power plants alone
 - The probability of Peak Solar and Wind resource occurring simultaneously at a particular location is very small, thus reducing the possibility of undesirable power peaks
- Key Advantages include
 - Better utilization of grid and infrastructure
 - Lower generation variability due to hybridization
 - Better utilization of land
- Certain sites like Kutch (Gujarat) are endowed with both solar and wind resources making them suitable for hybrid projects

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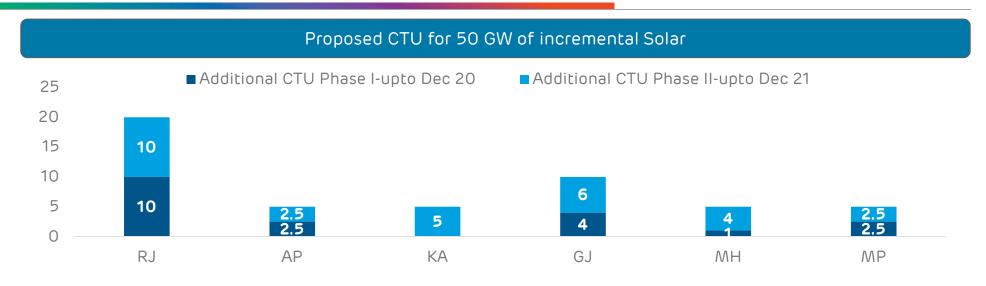
Due to characteristic nature of the solar and wind energy, hybrid technology ensure round the clock availability

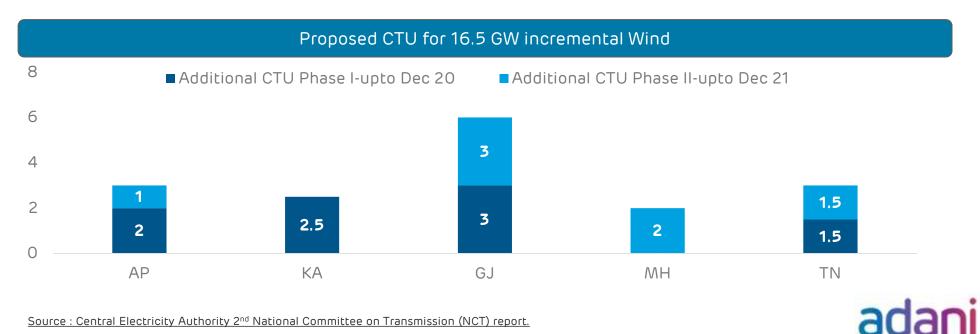
^{*} AGEL internal simulation based on 1.6:1 solar wind ratio

2. Adani Green Energy

B. India's Grid Infrastructure will be able to Integrate the Targeted 175GW of Renewable Capacity

Proposed grid addition to absorb upcoming renewable capacity





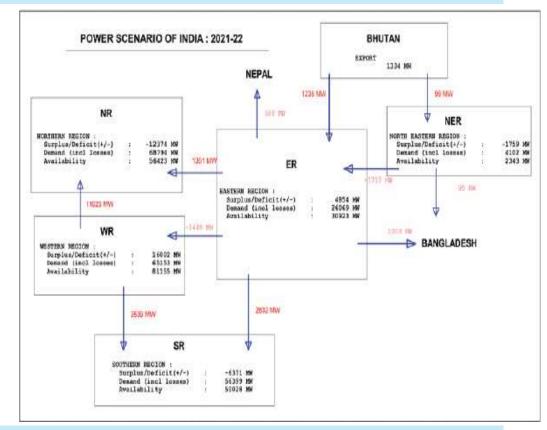
Source : Central Electricity Authority 2nd National Committee on Transmission (NCT) report.

Scenario with Integration of 175 GW Renewable power (by FY 2021-22)

Central Electricity Authority (CEA) recently conducted a study, and demonstrated that it is feasible to integrate the new renewable capacity, with various options

Inter-Regional power flow during Peak demand (FY 2022)

- WR and ER will have surplus of ~16 GW and ~5 GW resp.
- NR and SR will have a deficit of ~12.5 GW and ~6.5 GW, resp.
- ~11 GW power will flow from WR to NR against available capacity of ~36.5 GW
- ~3.5 GW and 3 GW will flow from WR and ER to SR, resp. against available capacity of ~24 GW and 7 GW resp.



Load flow studies for peak as well as off-peak conditions with RE integration shows that there is no congestion in the 400 kV and above system of the National grid

Source : CEA report on Flexible Operation of thermal power plant for integration of renewable generation – Jan'19 NR: Northern Region; ER: Eastern Region; WR: Western Region; SR: Southern Region; NER: North Eastern Region

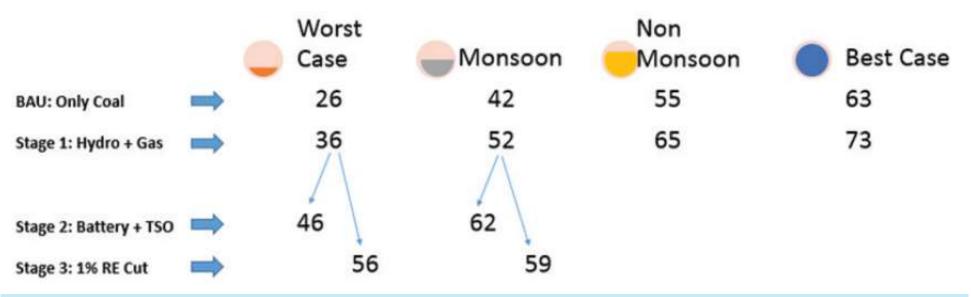


Integration of 175 GW Renewable power - Without any burden on exchequer (Option 1)

Grid balancing with Flexible Operation

- Step 1 Reallocation of Hydro and Gas plant generation to peak hours
- Step 2 Flexible power from Battery Storage
- Step 3 Curtailment of Renewable Energy Source

Minimum Thermal Load (MTL) under various season/case



With 1% curtailment of RE power, Thermal power plant can operate at Technical Minimum load of 55% without any commercial burden on the System operator/DISCOM.

Alternatively mandatory establishment of battery storage of 2.5% of daily energy generation at solar or wind plants will avoid the curtailment of RE power.

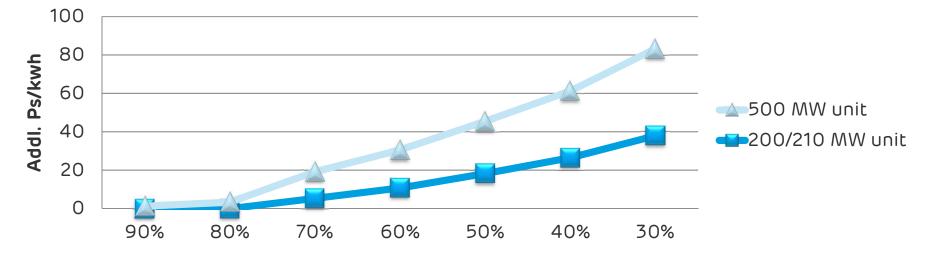
Source : CEA report on Flexible Operation of thermal power plant for integration of renewable generation – Jan'19 BAU: Business as Usual; TSO: Two Shift Operation



Grid balancing with Flexible Operation of Thermal Power plant without RE curtailment

Flexible operation of Thermal power plant below technical minimum will lead to following:

- 1. Increase in Net Heat Rate
- 2. Life Consumption leading to increased O&M cost
- 3. Increased Oil consumption due to frequent Start/Stop.



Summary of Additional Operational cost to Thermal power plant

With additional cost upto 50 Paise/kwh to Thermal power plants, large scale integration of RE power is possible without any curtailment.

25 Source : CEA report on Flexible Operation of thermal power plant for integration of renewable generation – Jan'19

2. Adani Green Energy

C. Current Solar PV Technology allows plant life well beyond the PPA life of 25 years

Solar PV modules have a life well beyond the PPA life of 25 years

What is Module Degradation?

- Light Induced Degradation (LID), permanently degrades modules starting from the first ray of solar radiation and extends further up to six months
- Annual Degradation Efficiency of solar modules reduces 60 gradually during the module life due to environmental conditions 50

AGEL's Experience

- Degradation depends on quality of the cells used, manufacturing process and O&M practices
- We procure our modules from Tier-1 manufacturers
- Better O&M practices aided by string level analytics ²⁰ capability of the string inverters in most of our plants has ¹⁰ made us achieve degradation lower than that mentioned by the manufacturer
- Generally, at the end of 25 years (design module life), module manufacturers guarantee 80% of nameplate efficiency

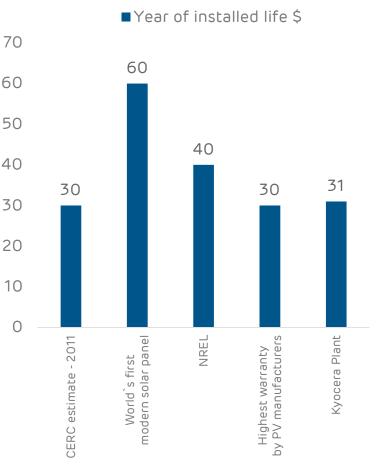
Global Experience

Compendium of photovoltaic degradation rates by Jordan et al:

"At the time of writing this report, more than 30 studies of systems older than 20 years have been reported, with some 30 years and one even approaching 40 years"[1].

Solar PV modules have a life well beyond the PPA life of 25 years

[1] Jordan, D, Kurtz, S, VanSant, K and Newmiller, J 2016, *Compendium of photovoltaic degradation rates*, Progress in Photovoltaics 27 \$ NREL, CERC, <u>https://energyinformative.org/lifespan-solar-panels/</u><u>https://www.kyocerasolar.com/about/</u>



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2. Adani Green Energy

D. Management & Project Execution Capabilities

Strong sponsor & professional management with strong execution track-record

CFO

Professional Management Team

Jayant Parimal CFO



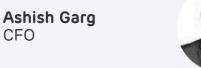
- Mr. Jayant Parimal has been associated with the group since 2015
- Prior to this, he was with Reliance Industries as President (Special Projects) in Mumbai
- An IAS officer (1989 batch), has done B.E. in electrical engineering in 1988 from MNIT, Allahabad, CFA in 2002 from ICFAI, Hyderabad; Masters of International Law & Economics in 2004 from World Trade Institute, Bern and L.L.B. in 2007 from Gujarat University
- Worked in various capacities with Government of Gujarat and Government of India till 2006

Raj Kumar Jain

Head, Business Development



- Mr. Raj has rich experience in business _ development, M&A, corporate strategy, financing, risk management, PPA management and revenue realization
- Prior to this, he has worked with Vedanta group



- Mr. Ashish Garg has been with AGEL since June 2017
- He is a Chartered Accountant with ~ 20 years of experience in renewables, metals & mining and oil & gas
- He has exposure in areas of fund raising, bond markets, budgeting, commercial negotiations and private equity
- Prior to this, he has worked with Essar Oil, Vedanta Resources, and Skeiron Renewables



Rajesh Shrivatsava COO - Projects



- Mr. Rajesh recently joined the group in Jan 2019
- Mr. Raiesh has rich experience in Project management, engineering, planning and resource management in thermal, solar and gas based
- M. tech from IIT Bombay, he started his career with NTPC, then Toshiba, Lanco



- Mr. Rakesh has ~ 27 years of experience in regulatory affairs and policy advocacy,
- Prior experience includes Sun Edison





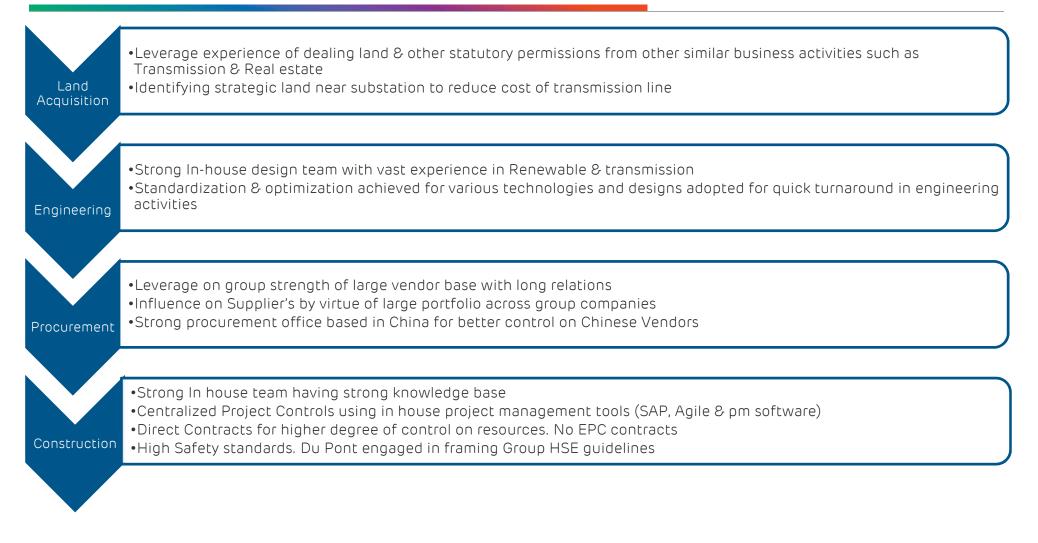
- Mr. Sunil has ~ 25 years of experience in tech innovation, engineering
- Prior experience includes Essar Power, Regen Power

AGEL's Management team comprises of industry experts with rich experience in business, finance, regulatory domains

B.E. – Bachelor of Engineering, CFA – Chartered Financial Analyst, ICFAI - Institute of Chartered Financial Analysts of India, LLB - Bachelor of Legislative Law, MNIT - Malaviya National Institute of Technology, NTPC - National Thermal Power Corporation, PPA - Power Purchase Agreement, IIT - Indian Institute of Technology, M&A - Mergers and Acquisitions



Project Execution – Key Strengths



Backed by strong sponsor support, AGEL has expertise at all steps of project execution, from origination to commissioning



Critical Success Factors for renewable project execution



Ability to identify site pre bidding helps in smooth project execution

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EPC - Engineering, Procurement and Construction, COD - Commercial Operations Date

Development Pipeline- Key Differentiating Factor for AGEL

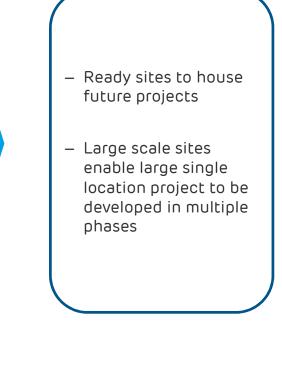
20 GW Development Pipeline in Resource Rich areas

Expected Wind growth is supported by

- ~5 GW of wind sites under self development
- Land applied for 75% of identified area.
- ^{*} Transmission Connectivity available for 1.8 GW
- 41 wind masts installed across multiple sites in India
- Use of leading turbine technologies to drive down the LCOE

Expected Solar growth is supported by

- H
- ~9 GW of solar sites under self development
- Land applied for 95% of the identified area
- Transmission connectivity approval available for ~ 2.4 GW



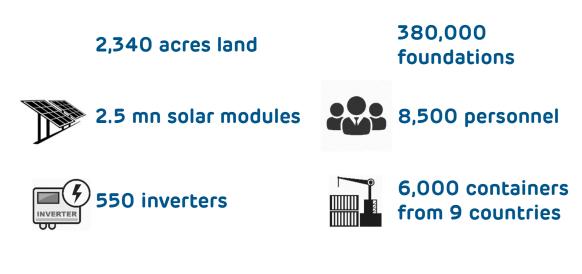


- Ideally positioned to win a significant portion of live and future bids

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Case Study 1 : Kamuthi Solar Project Testament to our execution capabilities

- Adani Group has developed the 648 MW_{AC} (778 MW_{DC}), world's largest solar power plant at a single location spread over <u>2,340 acres</u> situated in Kamuthi, Tamil Nadu
- It was a mammoth execution <u>undertaken in less than 9 months</u>, of which <u>2 months featured the worst floods</u> in recent history of Tamil Nadu as against the next largest solar project in the world in 550 MW_{AC} California, took over 3.25 years to execute
- Due to the exceptional execution, the project was featured on
 <u>National Geographic special Megastructures India's Solar Power</u> <u>House</u>





Adani group's execution capabilities and coordination are exemplified by the megastructure - Kamuthi Solar Power Plant



Case Study 2: Executed 33 projects amidst regulatory changes

Number of UC projects during GST and demonetization



Demonetization Nov – Dec 2016



Status of Projects during demonetization / GST

- **33 projects** were under construction during demonetization, GST
- These projects were spread across the country and involved interaction with multiple stakeholders

Issues due to paradigm shift

- Demonetization
 - Land acquisitions pertaining to the projects were on standstill because of uncertainty amongst sellers regarding cash transactions
- GST
 - Uncertainty in GST implementation led to delay in dispatch of equipment by our vendors (issuance of GST compliant bills)

Mitigations

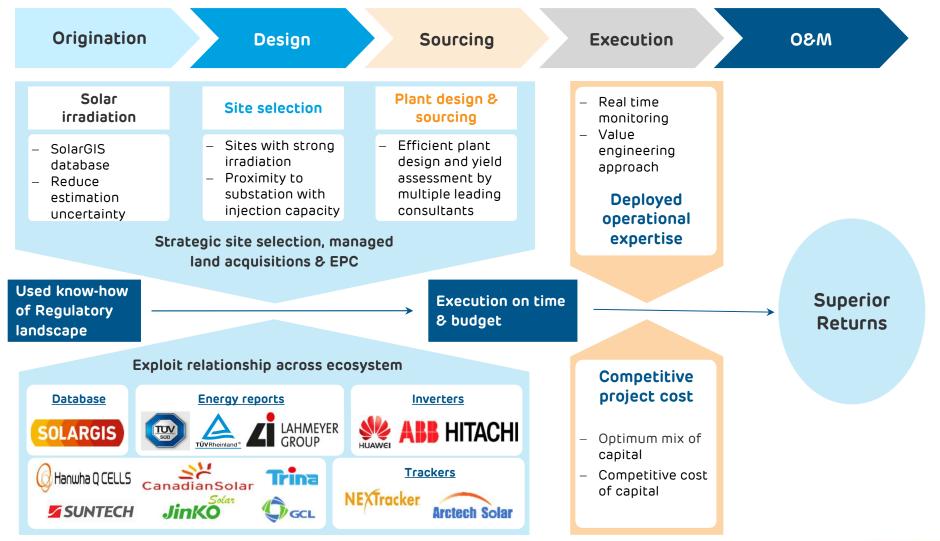
- Backed by strong organizational structure and sponsor support, we worked relentlessly with the vendors and land acquisition dealers to help them overcome the issues
- This allowed for faster recovery of business with no major hindrances

Even in the midst of two of the greatest policy shifts in the recent history of India like demonetization and GST, AGEL delivered 33 high quality projects all across the country



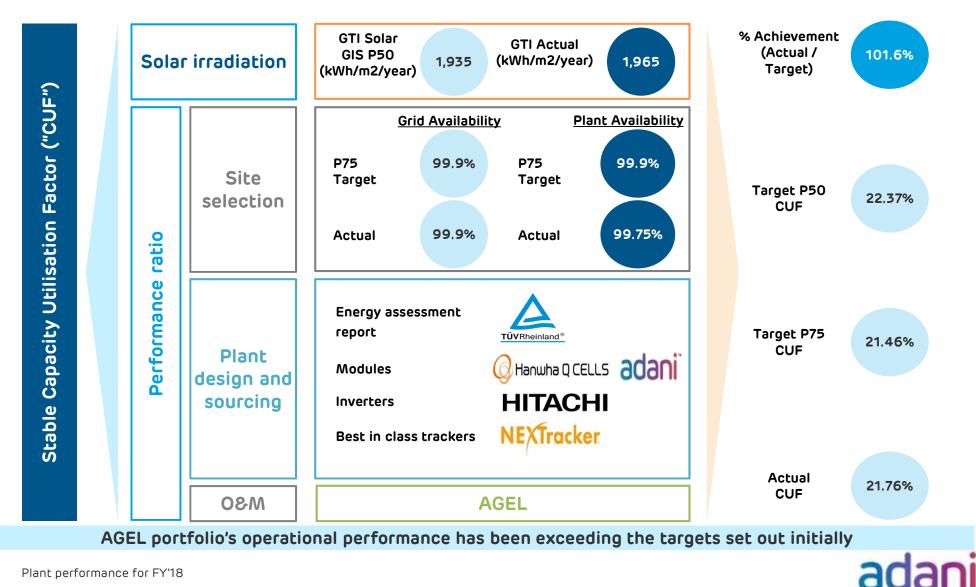
Case Study 3a: AGEL - Punjab 100 MW Project Execution

AGEL Punjab – Project Development



Case Study 3b: Punjab 100 MW Project Operations

AGEL Punjab – Project Development



Source highest quality equipment from reputed OEMs

Solar Modules

- Best Vendors : Resilient and reliable supply from Tier-1 vendors, strategic relationship with 6 Super League
- No Technology Risk : Procured Solar PV modules from all the available technologies i.e. C-Si, Thin Film (A-Si, CdTe, CIGS), Bifacial, RG Group - CSi and CdTe
- Stringent quality inspection criteria, fully automatic line selected at manufacturer's plant, online inspection performed by our engineers and renowned third party lab
- Performance Warranty for 25 year and Product Warranty for 10/12 years



Inverters and Trackers

Inverters

- Based on technological advancement and economic viability used both central and string inverters in the projects (1.2 GW capacity with string inverters)
- In recent projects utilised string Inverters were preferred primarily because of easier and quicker installation, localisation of problems and thus affecting minimum generation and ease in maintenance.
- Best in class Huawei String Inverters and ABB/Hitachi Central Inverters are being used at various locations, with 5-6 year product warranty

Trackers

- Based on resource estimation, Tariff and incremental capex, single axis trackers have been installed in some projects
- We have used the market leaders i.e. NEXTracker, USA and Artech, China for our solar projects
- Warranty for 20 Years for structural components and 5 years for motor and gears

AGEL's relationships with majority of vendors assures best in class equipment procured on favorable terms

C- Si – Crystalline Silicon, A - Si – Amorphous Silicon, CdTe – Cadmium Telluride, CIGS – Copper, Indium Gallium Selenide Solar Cell, ABB – ASEA Brown Boveri, USA – United States of America, RG – Restricted Group



Our O&M Philosophy

| Operational Strategy | Cluster based operating model to ensure adequate support and governance at each site Optimized module cleaning cycle by comparing revenue loss due to soiling against the cost of module cleaning Maintenance and Operational Excellence based on real time data analytics Thermal imaging of evacuation system at all sites post commissioning and at an interval of every 6/12 months |
|--------------------------------|--|
| New Technology & Innovation | Remote Operations and Nerve Center (RONC) for central monitoring of the plant performance Dust Detection System (DDS) for measuring the soiling loss and optimizing the module cleaning cycle String monitoring for operational efficiency improvement Thermal imaging for monitoring module health Use of Google Glass and Module Level Power Electronics |
| Maintenance Strategy | All equipment classified on the basis of criticality and maintenance strategy linked clearly to classification Comprehensive contract management framework for Inverters and Module Comprehensive AMC of the Switchyard equipment and associated transmission lines |
| Spares Management | Inventory classification based on Vital, Essential and Desired depending on criticality Level set in stringent manner ensuring optimum inventory Spares development and indigenization and introduced the concept of Spares Pooling Adopting Annual Rate Contract for consumable items |

Technological advances in O&M practices ensure AGEL is at par with global standards of operations

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RONC – World Class Monitoring and Analytics

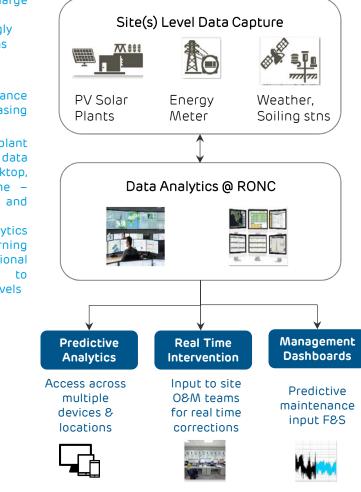
RONC (Remote Operations Nerve Center)

- Centralization of overall management of all Adani sites from a single location
- Data Analytics driven decision making
- Drive world class operational performance as sustainable competitive advantage
- Create potential for new business providing operations as a service to other power companies



RONC Benefits Ability to manage large number of sites Centralized Support increasingly Management complex operations Minimal manual intervention Fully Automated Reduce maintenance Operation cost – increasing margins Access plant data performance Real Time Data anywhere (desktop, Availability mobile) & anytime both real time and historical data Leveraging analytics and Machine Learning **Business** to improve operational Intelligence performance to industry leading levels

RONC Operational Flow

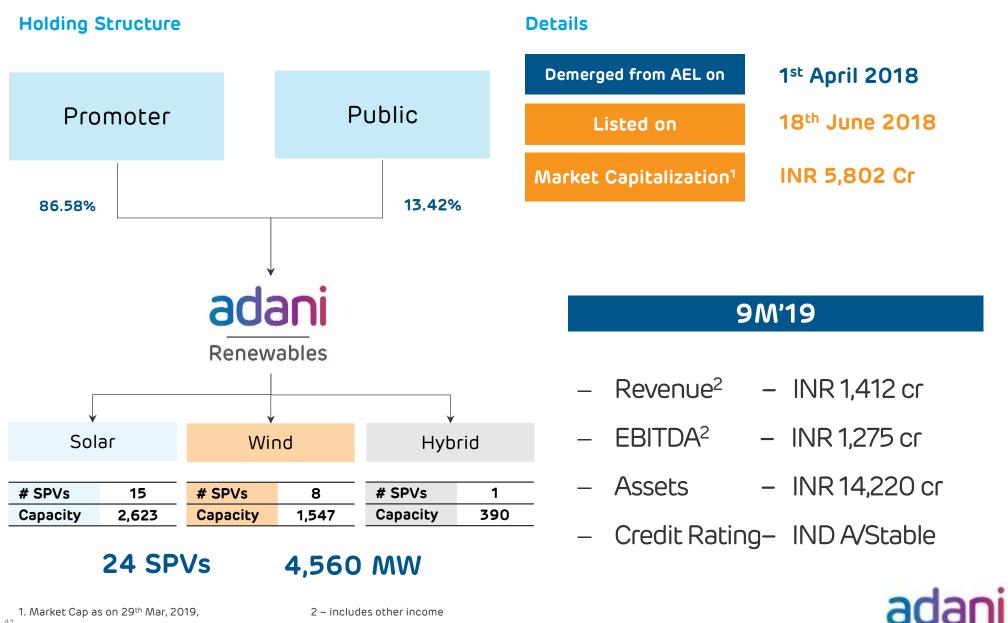


RONC will allow centralisation of all operations and help in delivering world class O&M practices

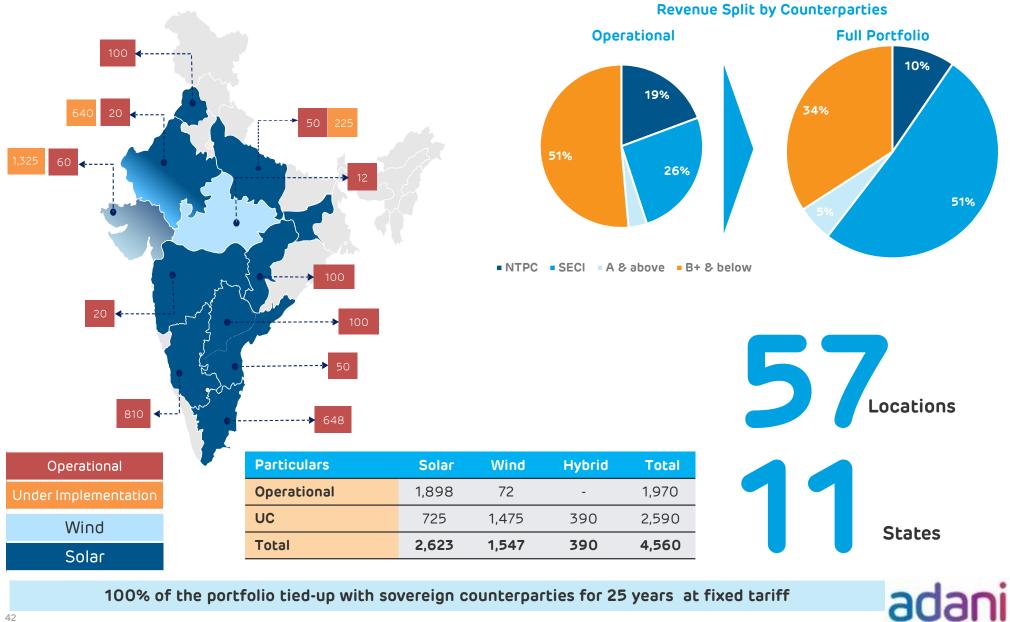
2. Adani Green Energy

E. Portfolio and Operational Details

Adani Green – Holding Structure

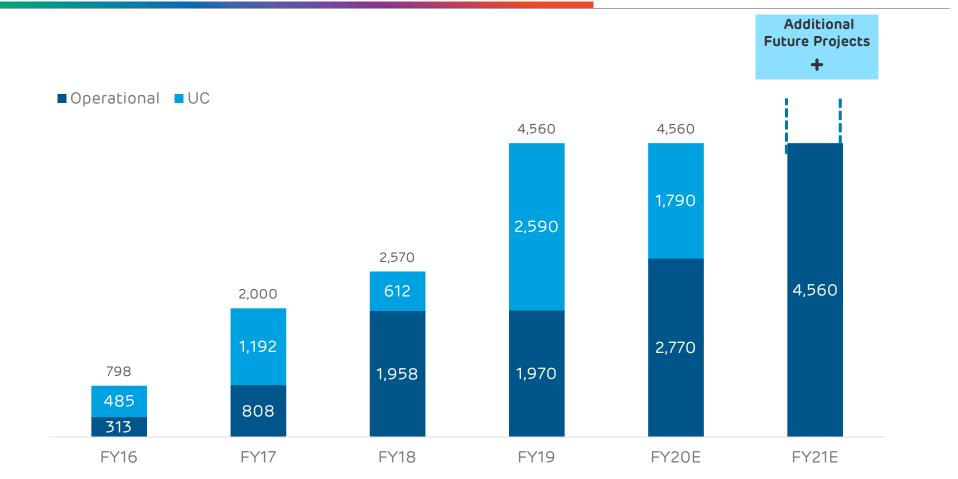


Pan India Portfolio



100% of the portfolio tied-up with sovereign counterparties for 25 years at fixed tariff

Development Risk Profile improving



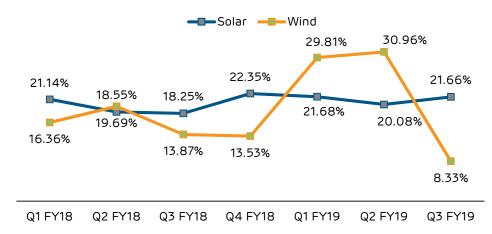
In the forecast period given, AGEL is planning investments in international markets, primarily in the US, with approx. INR 100 Cr equity investment per year

Over the years, the development risk of the portfolio is decreasing due to faster execution of projects and more projects getting commissioned in near future

Actual Operational Performance

1,898 1,898 ■Solar ■Win¢⊿⊿ 858 648 648 668 72 60 60 60 60 60 60 Q1 FY19 Q2 & Q3 FY19 Q4 FY19 Q1 FY18 Q2 FY18 Q3 FY18 Q4 FY18

PLF % (AC)

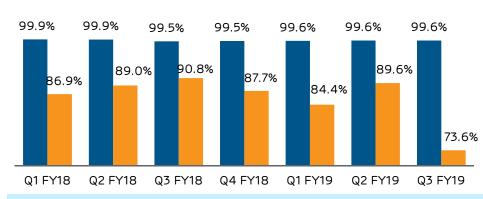


Plant Availability

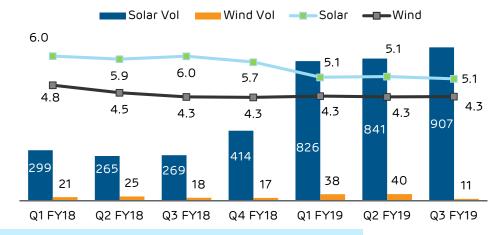
44

Capacity (MW AC)

Solar Wind



Volume (MUs) & Average Realization (Rs/kwh)

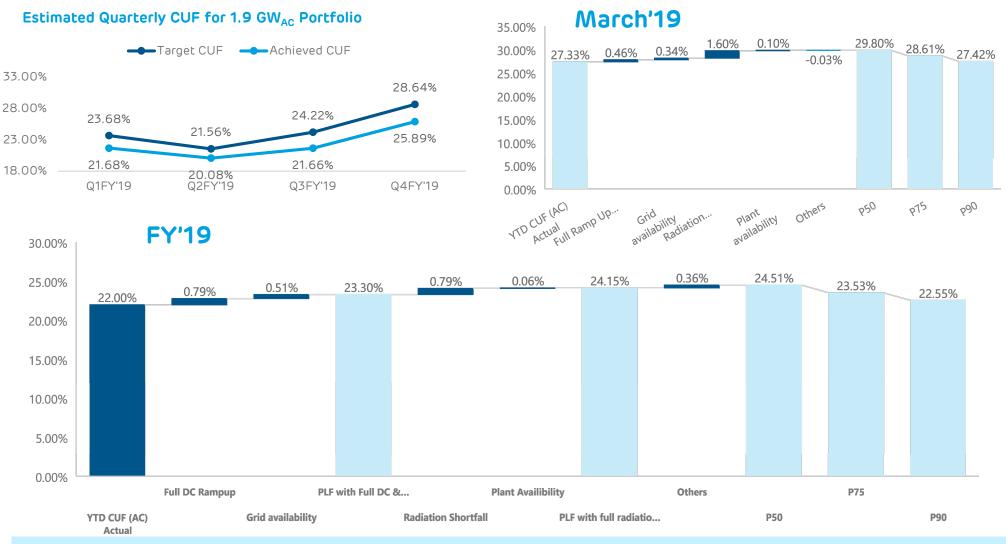


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Target Solar generation for 4,130 Mu' @CUF of ~25% (annualized) with Avg. Realization per unit of INR 5.20 for 1,898 MW_{AC} capacity

Target Wind generation for 135 Mu' @CUF of ~25% (annualized) with Avg. Realization per unit of INR 4.20 for 60 MW_{AC} capacity

1.9 GW Solar Portfolio Operational Bridge Actual to Technical Estimates*



AGEL has almost achieved its PLF P75 targets ensuring optimum plant utilization and steadily marching towards P50

Annual Target CUF for Solar capacity of 1898 MW is ~25%

 $_{45}^{*}$ - Generation target for Kamuthi Solar plant has been adjusted to P75 level, whereas all other plants are at P50

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Financial Summary – Income Statement

| Particulars (INR Cr) | FY17 | FY18 | 9M19 |
|--|-------|-------|--------------|
| Revenue from Power Sale only | 496 | 939 | 1,377 |
| Other income | 80 | 46 | 35 |
| Total Revenue | 577 | 986 | 1,412 |
| M3O | 50 | 75 | 74 |
| Other Expenses | 48 | 51 | 63 |
| Total Expenses | 98 | 126 | 137 |
| EBITDA | 479 | 860² | 1,275 |
| EBITDA % | 83.0% | 87.2% | 90.3% |
| Depreciation | 333 | 543 | 769 4 |
| Finance Costs | 334 | 490 | 1,011 |
| Cash Profit⁵ | 144 | 523 | 263 |
| Cash Available for equity shareholders after debt service ⁶ | 144 | 432 | 77 |
| Cash available / per share | 1.29 | 2.76 | 0.49 |

Net External Debt¹ / EBITDA as of December 18 stands at appx. 5.2x³

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Net External debt = Total LT debt – Related Party debt + Capex Creditor - Cash and Cash Equivalent – Receivables – Debt towards CWIP,

2. Majority of the projects in FY18 were commissioned in the month of March 2018 and hence EBITDA realization for the full year was not achieved

3. EBITDA annualized for full year

4. Depreciation, if changed to SLM would have been 283 Cr for 9M'19 and charge to P&L on account of depreciation would have been lower by 486Cr

5. Cash Profit = EBITDA + Other Income - Interest & Bank Charges - Income Tax Expenses

6. Cash available for equity shareholders = PAT + Depreciation - Deferred Tax - Normal Repayments; Debt service does not include pre-payments

Financial Summary – Balance Sheet

| Particulars (INR cr) | FY17 | FY18 | 6M FY19 |
|---------------------------------|-------|--------|---------|
| Assets | | | |
| Non Current Assets | | | |
| PPE | 4,340 | 7,983 | 10,271 |
| CWIP | 267 | 1,659 | 737 |
| Intangible | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Financial Assets | 114 | 215 | 465 |
| Deferred Tax Assets | 138 | 215 | 349 |
| Other Non Current Assets | 96 | 416 | 490 |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Inventories | 0 | 15 | 138 |
| Trade Receivables | 336 | 584 | 369 |
| Cash and Cash Equiv. | 187 | 422 | 307 |
| Other Financial Assets | 655 | 469 | 568 |
| Other Current Assets | 26 | 84 | 325 |
| Total Assets | 6,160 | 12,063 | 14,020 |
| Equity and Liabilities | | | |
| Total Equity | 1,203 | 1,241 | 1,079 |
| Quasi Equity (ICD) ¹ | 1,598 | 1,577 | 1544 |
| Non Current Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 2,685 | 6,293 | 9,149 |
| Other | 4 | 13 | 9 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 15 | 299 | 38 |
| Payables | 8 | 53 | 136 |
| Other financial liabilities | 647 | 2,587 | 2,065 |
| Total Equity + Liabilities | 6,160 | 12,063 | 14,020 |

1. Promoter Debt of perpetual nature in form of ICD has been re-categorized as Quasi Equity



Profitable growth leading to superior returns

| | Capacity (in MW) | Average Tariff (in Rs/kWh) | Completed / Expected Project Cost [#] (in Rs Cr) | Revenue^ (in Rs Cr) | EBITDA ^{\$} (in Rs Cr) | Capex / EBITDA |
|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Operational | | | | | | |
| Solar | 1,898 | 5.07 | 12,540 | 2,135 | 2,044 | 6.13 |
| Wind | 72 | 4.06 | 455 | 79 | 72.56 | 6.27 |
| Total | 1,970 | 5.04 | 12,995 | 2,213 | 2,117 | 6.14 |
| Under Constructi | ion | | | | | |
| Solar | 725 | 2.88 | 3,014 | 508 | 474 | 6.36 |
| Wind | 1,475 | 2.73 | 8,626 | 1,399 | 1,324 | 6.52 |
| Hybrid | 390 | 2.69 | 2,086 | 351 | 329 | 6.34 |
| Total | 2,590 | 2.77 | 13,726 | 2,258 | 2,126 | 6.45 |
| Portfolio Total | 4,560 | 3.75 | 26,721 | 4,471 | 4,243 | 6.30 |

- Completed Project Cost net of GST refunds to further reduce by ~300Cr, further reducing Capex/EBITDA number

^ - Solar plants Revenue @ P50 & Wind plants Revenue @ P75

\$ - Estimated operational EBITDA at plant level; Does not include AGEL HO overheads

2. Adani Green Energy

F. Financing Philosophy

Capital Structure as enabler for growth

| Debt Philosophy | Efficient refinancing to unlock cash flow for growth | ows | |
|---|--|---|---------------|
| 100% Project debt self-amortizing before end of contracted life +95% | Pool with diversified SECI - 160 MW (40%) SECI - 160 MW (17%) State DISCOMs with A rated or more - 160 MW (17%) Mix Other State DISCOMs - 240 MW (26%) | - SECI – 160 MW (17%) - State DISCOMs with A MW (17%) | 50 |
| of FX and interest rate fixed or hedged 1 year | Stable & Predictable Cash Flows - 100% contracted business with Long term PPA's (~25 years) - Over 60% (on fully completed basis) with Sovereign equivalent counterparties | PPA's (~25 years) Iictable – Over 60% (on fully com | \ |
| "Tail periods" in all SPV level debt Strong Sponsor | Project Each pool is ring fenced Debt size and covenant linked to credit | | $\overline{}$ |
| Leadership in infrastructure sector | Finance - Debt size and covenant linked to credit protections - Generation mix is assured for life of pool | quality | |
| Strong Sponsor with 2 IG-rated infrastructure companies in India, viz. APSEZ & ATL | Robust Operational & Financial Performance High margins (~90% EBITDA margin), sustained growth and strong credit (conservative with all debt retired within PPA term) Comprehensive information and compliance package | sustained growth and st (conservative with all de term) - Comprehensive informal |) |

Vision to make AGEL IG rated by focusing on cost of capital & accretive returns



2. Adani Green Energy

G. Compelling Investment Opportunity

AGEL: A Compelling Investment Opportunity

| 1. Infrastructure lineage | | Adani group is a leader in infrastructure –ports, T&D, thermal power and renewables Proven track record of excellence in development & construction |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2. Significant Growth Opportunity | | India plans to grow renewables from 75GW to 175GW in next few years Economics of renewable power superior to that of thermal AGEL has large land bank, rich in solar and wind resources, located next to green corridor |
| 3. Disciplined Capital Allocation | | Disciplined approach towards new project bidding, strong focus on returns Optimal capital management to drive cash available to equity holders |
| 4. World-class O&M practice | | Proven track-record operating ~2GW solar & wind Remote Operating Nerve Centre centralises all operations and in delivering world class O&M practices |
| 5. Stable & predictable cash-flows | e | – 100% contracted business with long term PPA's (~25 years) – Over 60% offtake by NTPC & SECI (on fully completed basis) |
| 52 | | adani |

Thank You



Asset Level Details - Operational

| Winc | l Proj | ects |
|------|--------|------|
| | | |

Solar

Hybrid

| SPV | Project Name / Location | Туре | Capacity (AC) | Tariff | COD | | Counterparty | |
|---------------|--------------------------|-------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|------|
| | | | | | | Name | Credit Rating | Term |
| | AGETNL | Solar | 216 | 7.01 | Mar-16 | TANGEDCO | ICRA (B) | 25 |
| | RSPL | Solar | 72 | 7.01 | Feb-16 | TANGEDCO | ICRA (B) | 25 |
| AGETNL | KREL | Solar | 72 | 5.76 ^{1&2} | Mar-16 | TANGEDCO | ICRA (B) | 25 |
| | KSPL | Solar | 216 | 5.10 ¹ | Sept-16 | TANGEDCO | ICRA (B) | 25 |
| | RREL | Solar | 72 | 5.10 ¹ | Sept-16 | TANGEDCO | ICRA (B) | 25 |
| AGEUPL | Karnataka | Solar | 240 | 4.574 | Sept-17-Mar- 18 | Karnataka ESCOMS | ICRA (B+ to A) | 25 |
| KSPPL | Karnataka | Solar | 20 | 4.364 | Jan-18 | BESCOM | ICRA (A) | 25 |
| | Punjab 100 | Solar | 100 | 5.88 | Jan-17 | PSPCL | ICRA (B+) | 25 |
| PDPL | UP - II | Solar | 50 | 4.78 | Jul-17 | NTPC | Baa2/BBB- | 25 |
| | AP - Ghani | Solar | 50 | 5.13 | Oct-17 | NTPC | Baa2/BBB- | 25 |
| | Rajasthan - 20 | Solar | 20 | 4.36 | Nov-17 | NTPC | Baa2/BBB- | 25 |
| | Tgana (open) | Solar | 50 | 4.67 | Dec-17 | NTPC | Baa2/BBB- | 25 |
| | Tgana DCR | Solar | 50 | 5.19 | Dec-17 | NTPC | Baa2/BBB- | 25 |
| | Karnataka - 100 | Solar | 100 | 4.79 | Jan-18 | NTPC | Baa2/BBB- | 25 |
| PSEPL | Chattisgarh | Solar | 100 | 4.425 ³ | Mar-18 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| FJLFL | Karnataka Pavagada - DCR | Solar | 50 | 4.86 | Feb-18 | NTPC | Baa2/BBB- | 25 |
| | Karnataka - DCR | Solar | 40 | 4.43 | May-18 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| | Karnataka - 10 | Solar | 10 | 5.35 | Oct-17 | GESCOM | ICRA (B) | 25 |
| | Maharashtra | Solar | 20 | 4.16 ⁶ | Mar-18 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| Wardha Solar | Karnataka | Solar | 350 | 4.43 | Feb-May18 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| AGEL – Lahori | MP | Wind | 12 | 5.92 | Mar-16 | MPPMCL | ICRA (C+ & B+) | 25 |
| AWEGPL | Gujarat | Wind | 48 | 3.92 | Mar-17 | GUVNL | ICRA (A+) | 25 |
| Mundra Wind | Gujarat | Wind | 12 | 3.46 | Feb-19 | MUPL | ICRA AA+ | 25 |
| Total | | | 1,970 | | | | | |

Payment Security for all projects - 1 month invoice revolving LC. Additionally, for SECI projects, corpus fund covering 3 months is provided

1. Appeal has also been filed by NSEFI before APTEL for extension of control period and restoration of tariff.

2. KREL's 72 MW plant is split for Tariff purpose by TANGEDCO into 25 MW and 47 MW at Tariff of 7.01 Rs./kWh and 5.10 Rs./kWh respectively. The said order has been challenged before the Tamil Nadu High Court.

3. The Company has filed Force Majeure claim on account of stay order issued by the Hon'ble High Court of Chhattisgarh. SECI has not accepted our claim. Petition is being filed before CERC challenging the said reduction in tariff from Rs. 4.43/kwh to Rs.

4.425/kwh and LD deduction.
 The Company has filled petition with KERC for extension of original PPA tariff instead of regulated tariff (Rs. 4.36/kwh) due to force majeure reasons.

As per UPERC order, tariff has been relixed from Rs. 8.44 to Rs. 5.07. Order has been appealed before APTEL, where currently pleadings are being done.

55 6. For Kilaj a petition is being filed before CERC.



Asset Level Details – Under Construction

Wind Projects

Solar

Hybrid

| SPV | Project Name / Location | Туре | Capacity (AC) | Tariff | COD | | Counterparty | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--------|---------------|-------------------|---------|--------|---------------|------|
| | | | | | | Name | Credit Rating | Term |
| ARERJL | Rajasthan | Solar | 200 | 2.71 | Aug-19 | MSEDCL | ICRA (B+) | 25 |
| AGEUPL | Jhansi | Solar | 50 | 5.07 ⁵ | Apr-19 | UPPCL | ICRA (C) | 25 |
| AGEONEL | Gujarat | Solar | 150 | 2.67 | Nov-20 | GUVNL | ICRA (A+) | 25 |
| GSBPL | Gujarat | Solar | 100 | 2.44 | Aug-20 | GUVNL | ICRA (A+) | 25 |
| Kilaj SMPL – SECI | Rajasthan | Solar | 50 | 2.54 | July-20 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| Kilaj SMPL – UPNEDA | UP | Solar | 100 | 3.21 | Sept-20 | UPPCL | ICRA (C) | 25 |
| UPPCL | UP | Solar | 75 | 3.08 | Nov-20 | UPPCL | ICRA (C) | 25 |
| AGEMPL – SECI 1 | Gujarat | Wind | 50 | 3.46 | July-19 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| AGEMPL - SECI 2 | Gujarat | Wind | 50 | 2.65 | July-19 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| AGEMPL - SECI 3 | Gujarat | Wind | 250 | 2.45 | Nov-19 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| AREGJL | Gujarat | Wind | 75 | 2.85 | Jan-20 | MSEDCL | ICRA (B+) | 25 |
| ARETNL – SECI 4 | Gujarat | Wind | 300 | 2.51 | Feb-20 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| AWEGJL – SECI 5 | Gujarat | Wind | 300 | 2.76 | Jul-20 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| INOX 1@ | Gujarat | Wind | 50 | 3.46 | Apr-19 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| INOX 2 @ | Gujarat | Wind | 50 | 3.46 | May-19 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| INOX 3 @ | Gujarat | Wind | 100 | 2.65 | July-19 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| AGETHREEL | Gujarat | Wind | 250 | 2.82 | Dec-20 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| Hybrid | Rajasthan | Hybrid | 390 | 2.69 | Sept-20 | SECI | ICRA (AA+) | 25 |
| Total | | | 2,590 | | | | | |

Payment Security for all projects - 1 month invoice revolving LC. Additionally, for SECI projects, corpus fund covering 3 months is provided

[®] AGEL has acquired / is in the process of acquiring beneficial interest in the project, subject to the terms of the PPA

3. The Company has filed Force Majeure claim on account of stay order issued by the Hon'ble High Court of Chhattisgarh. SECI has not accepted our claim. Petition is being filed before CERC challenging the said reduction in tariff from Rs. 4.43/kwh to Rs.

4.425/kwh and LD deduction.
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^{2.} KREL's 72 MW plant is split for Tariff purpose by TANGEDCO into 25 MW and 47 MW at Tariff of 7.01 Rs./kWh and 5.10 Rs./kWh respectively. The said order has been challenged before the Tamil Nadu High Court.

AGEL: International Opportunity

| Project Name | MIDLAND | HARTSEL | HUNTER | SIGURD | US Total | Vietnam Solar | Vietnam Wind |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------|------------|------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Project Capacity (MWac) | 72.1 | 72 | 100 | 80 | 324.1 | 38.1 MWac | 27.2 MW |
| Location | South Carolina | Colorado | Utah | Utah | | Ninh Thua | n Province |
| Expected Project CoD | Jul-20 | Dec-22 | Dec-20 | Dec-20 | | Dec-20 | Dec-20 |
| Offtaker | South Carolina Electric & Gas Co | Xcel Energy | PacifiCorp | PacifiCorp | | Electricity of Vietnam ("EVN") | Electricity of Vietnam ("EVN") |
| PPA Tariff (\$/MWh) | \$33.65 | \$26.84 | \$31.28 | \$28.82 | | \$93.5 | \$85 |
| Total Project Cost (USD Mn) | | 516 | 5.3 | | 516.3 | 113 | 3.5, |
| AGEL's Interest | | 51 | % | 51% | 10 | 0% | |
| AGEL's Expected Equity (USD Mn) | | | | 43 | | | |

